FOR BOYS, MISSES and CHILDREN.
TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT SAVED IN MAKING YOUR PURCHASES FROM
SHOE DEPARTMENT OF "FAMOUS."

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1880. NO. 89.

THEY are made of pure unadulterated **Virginia Natural Leaf Tobacco,** and are entirely harmless.

The **Richmond Gem Cigarettes** are more largely sold in **London** than any other brand. They have been adopted by the **French Government** and placed on sale in **Paris.** They are now sold in every country in the world, and the **Islands of the Sea.**

The verdict of Cigarette Smokers of every country is that the

RICHMOND GEM
Cigarettes and Tobaccos

are unquestionably superior to all others.

ALLEN & GINTER,
Manufacturers,
RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

We do not PRINT the name of the Brand on each Cigarette, INK or BRONZE being POISONOUS when smoked or inhaled. See that each package is sealed.

GLENN'S

SULPHUR SOAP

THE LEADING EXTERNAL SPECIFIC FOR
SKIN DISEASES
A Beautifier of the Complexion.

It renders the Cuticle Healthful, Clear, and Smooth, and is the best possible substitute for expensive Sulphur Baths. It will heal Ulcers and Sores.

Persons employing it have no need to resort to Sulphur Springs for bathing purposes.

It is a desirable DISINFECTANT of CLOTHING or BED LINEN, and a capital remedy and preventive of Obnoxious or Contagious Diseases. It is also valuable as an injection.

As an adjunct of the TOILET, it is far more desirable than any cosmetics.

TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES yield to its influence; and it is the very best soap to shave with, leaving the skin smooth. It also **ERADICATES DANDRUFF.** The article is endorsed by the Medical fraternity.

PRICES:
25 cts. a Cake
A BOX WITH
3 Cakes 75 c.

Sent by Mail Prepaid.

All respectable Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers and Grocers keep on hand GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP; and will on demand for it supply the genuine.

CAUTION!—See that you get the above bearing both the name and design on the packet which encloses each cake, as this famous remedy has been counterfeited.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop., N.Y.

FAMOUS REMEDIES.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, for Coughs and all Lung Diseases.
HAIR REVIVUM, for Restoring Gray Hair to Original Color (Unequaled), 50 Cents.
PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS, which Cure in One Minute, 25 Cents.
HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE (Instantaneous), 50 Cents.
JAPANESE CORN FILE, for Removing Corns, Bunions, &c., 35 Cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

COTTON FLANNELS!

The Popular and Well-Known Brand

"OUR OWN!"

BROWN, BLEACHED, COLORED,

Now Open for the Inspection of the Trade.

Sam'l C. Davis & Co.

SEERSUCKER SUITS!

THIN COATS and WHITE VESTS and DUSTERS in Endless Profusion, at Reduced Prices.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

NORTHEAST COR. FIFTH AND PINE.

The Christian Conclave.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MOBERLY, MO., Sept. 2.—The second day's meeting of the Christian Conclave at this place was largely attended and full of interest. There were present nearly three hundred regularly appointed delegates, embracing some of the most able divines of the Christian Church. Besides these, the city was thronged with lesser lights and members of the society. The prime object of the meeting is to foster missions at home and abroad, and especially to encourage the sending of the Bible to far-away and benighted inhabitants of the globe. The report of the treasurer was encouraging and the "great good work" has received a valuable impetus by the present meeting. Two State meetings are held annually on the same basis of operations. This society of Christians, often called Campbellites, acknowledge no creed, and take the Bible, and that alone, as a rule of action. During the process of the second day's proceedings Mrs. O. A. Carr read an able paper on Woman's Work. Mrs. Carr has the theory reduced to a fair and legitimate basis, and if acted upon by the ladies of America it cannot fail of doing a vast amount of good. Those attending the meeting express themselves highly pleased with the way in which they are being entertained by the hospitable people of Moberly.

The President's Jaunt.

CHICAGO, September 2.—The President's party, composed of President Hayes, Mrs. Hayes, their son Rutherford, General Sherman and daughter, General Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Harron, Mrs. Hunt and Mrs. Audenreid, arrived in this city this morning a 10 o'clock, en-route to California. They were driven to the Grand Pacific and breakfasted privately with Mr. and Mrs. Drake. The party left shortly after eleven by special car over the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. The first stop will be made at Omaha, where Secretary Ramsay will join the party. From Omaha they go to Ogden, down to Salt Lake, back to Ogden, thence to Sacramento, from which place different points of interest on the coast will be visited.

A Fight Amongst the Brewers.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—The tariff on foreign malt, the rock on which the brewers split, and which, it is said, is the cause of the battle between the brewers who are malsters and those who are not malsters, is being waged by the leading brewers in New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey, who protest against increasing the duty upon Canadian malt. The members of the Brewers Association says of the proposed advance: It is a put up job on the part of some of the large brewers to scare the small fry who do not raise their own malt. A meeting is to be held of the indignant brewers.

Pennsylvania Y. M. C. A.

FITISBURG, PA., September 2.—The State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have issued a call for the thirteenth annual convention, to meet at Wilkesbarre, Penn., September 23 to 26. Representatives from 180 Christian associations will be in attendance.

The Utes Sign the Agreement.

SOUTHERN UTE AGENCY, COL., August 27.—The Southern Utes signed the agreement to-day, and the question is practically settled. When fully consummated the commission will proceed to an enumeration of the Indians, the payment of money and the location of lands.

Repairs Necessary.

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—A crack in the main shaft of the steamer City of Mexico, ready for sailing for Vera Cruz, makes necessary the unloading and docking of the ship for repairs.

Last Edition.

GAMBETTA'S ORGAN

Loudly Calls for the Execution of the Religious Decrees.

Unveiling of the Statue of Germania at Dresden.

A "Fourth Party" Organizing in England.

Cotton Trade in England—The Cologne Cathedral to be Consecrated October 15—News from All Over the World.

England.

LONDON, September 2.—The Oldham Limited Companies, representing 2,000,000 spindles, have decided that the state of the cotton trade renders it advisable to lessen the production of yarns by restricting to short time.

THE FLORENCES.

LONDON, September 2.—The papers speak favorably of Mr. Florence's performance in "The Mighty Dollar" at the Gaiety Theater.

THE RETURNING RIFLE TEAM.

Mr. Wm. H. Jackson, of the American rifle team, is among the passengers by the steamer City of Brussels, which sailed from Queenstown yesterday for New York. Messrs. Brown, Gerrish and Scott are on board the steamer City of Chester.

AN INTERNATIONAL REGATTA.

Relative to the American offer of $5,000 for prizes in the International regatta on the Thames, the Sportsman says: "We believe Trickett, the Australian champion sculler, will recommend that the regatta be fixed for the 22d of November and then both he and Laycock will enter for the prize."

THE MINERS STRIKE COLLAPSING.

There are signs of the strike of the Scotch miners collapsing. Those in the Kilwinning District have resumed work at the old rate.

The masters of Hamilton are approaching the miners respecting arbitration, but the masters have declined. Many of the men in other districts would resume if their brethren would a low them.

GOLD FOR AMERICA.

The shipment of gold to America yesterday was £150,000.

BULLION.

Bullion in the Bank of England decreased £366,000 the past week. Proportion of reserve to liability, 49 13-16 per cent.

WANT CANDAHAR.

LONDON, September 2.—Marquis Hartington, the Secretary for India, will to-morrow receive a deputation to present a memorial in favor of the permanent occupation of Candahar.

THE "FOURTH PARTY."

as are called the Conservative members of the House who are sitting below the gangway, have opposed the Government independently of the regular party. The leaders intend to celebrate their proceedings by a banquet to which they have invited Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Home Secretary; Henry Labouchere (Liberal), and Sir Henry James (Liberal).

A DEMONSTRATION.

Thomas Power O'Connor will preside at the Irish demonstration against the House of Lords in Hyde Park on Sunday next. A number of Irish members of the House of Commons have promised to participate in the proceedings. The Board of Works has refused permission for the erection of a platform in the Park.

THE TIMES

says it is much to be regretted the House of Lords should have rejected the bill for the registration of voters in Ireland. It was a waste of their power when struggles can be foreseen on matters of great moment. It is imprudent to provide ill-feeling over trifles. The bill provided facilities for the registration of voters in Ireland which were identical in the main with those existing in England, and the House of Lords might wisely have assented to it as dealing with a matter peculiarly within the province of the Lower House.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A train on the Midland Railway, going from Liverpool to London, ran off the track just outside of the Central Station at Manchester. Two carriages were smashed and a number of passengers injured. Six wounded have been taken to the hospital.

FOUNDERED.

The steamer Hardwick, from Odessa for Bristol, with barley, shifted its cargo and foundered. All on board were lost except one fireman.

GOING FOR THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, September 2.—The resolution of Thomas P. O'Connor, Home Rule member for Galway, that it is no longer just or expedient that all measures for the improvement of the condition of the people of England, Ireland and Scotland should be at the the mercy of a body consisting of legislators hereditary and irresponsible, was moved in the House of Commons in the small hours of Wednesday morning after the passage of the Burials bill, and was seconded by Labouchere (Liberal), member for Northampton. The Marquis of Hartington humorously deprecated the raising of this great coonstitutional question at half-past three in the morning. He said he hoped the House would proceed with as little delay as possible to the more serious business on paper. The House then divided on the questions. The numbers were thirteen yeas to seventy-one nays, and the minority consisted of five Irish members and Bradlaugh, Briggs, Broadhurst, Ashton W. Dilke, Sir Wilfred, Lawson, Labouchere, Charles McLaren and Whalley. The majority included four Irish members. Parnell declined to have anything to do with the resolution.

RUMORED SUSPENSIONS.

Private dispatches mention the difficulties of two well-known houses in the silk trade at Lyons. They have not actually suspended, but it is feared they must do so.

TO BE PROROGUED.

Parliament is to be prorogued next Tuesday.

France.

PARIS, September 2.—The Republique Francaise says: "We decline to believe the Ministry can have anything to do with the letter of the religious congregations. The Ministry must know the Chamber of Deputies would never pardon them for not giving this impudent declaration the answer it deserves, namely, prompt and energetic execution of the decrees." The Republique Francaise expresses the conviction that M. Constans, the Minister of Public Worship, will act up to this expectation. It is remarked that M. Constans has been much with Gambetta, as has also M. Le Pere, whose dissent from the views of Premier De Freycinet is noticed.

Germany.

BERLIN, September 2.—A Cabinet order appoints the 15th of October as the date for the ceremonies of the consecration and opening of the recently completed Cologne Cathedral. The Emperor William and his family and other royal personages will be present.

CRITICISING THE ENGLISH ARMY.

The defective organization of the English scouting system and the mismanagement of the English campaign in Afghanistan are severely criticised by German military officers.

THE SAXON'S ARMY'S MEMORIAL.

DRESDEN, September 2.—The statue of "Germania" was unveiled here yesterday. It was erected as a memorial of the share taken by the Saxon army in the war of 1870. King Albert, Queen Carolina, Count Herbert Von Bismarck, Prince Milan of Servia and the French and American diplomatic representatives were present.

The Eastern Question.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 2.—It is asserted that the powers only agreed to a naval demonstration as a method of moral persuasion, and that they do not intend to land troops or employ any other form of coercion. It is said England and Russia have instructed their commander to endeavor to treat with the Albanian chiefs. Austria, however, objects to this course. The Porte has vainly endeavored to gain Austria's good offices on the Greek question.

Italy.

LONDON, September 2.—A dispatch from Naples contains the official intelligence that the port of Fusan, in Corea, has been opened to Italian commerce.

Switzerland.

LONDON, September 2.—A diligence was capsized on Monday near Schulz, in Engadine. An American was killed, and four other tourists were badly hurt.

RYAN AND DWYER.

They Two Pugilists Anxious to Meet in the Ring, and a Fight Said to be Arranged.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—A dispatch from Troy says Paddy Ryan, the champion pugilist, has been in the city since Saturday for the purpose of settling his difficulty with the West Virginia authorities. Recently two friends of Ryan, while in New York, were met by "Chuck" Dunleavy, the intimate friend of John Dwyer, the Brooklyn fighter. Dunleavy said he wanted to bet $500 for Brooklyn parties that Ryan would not fight, and offered to place $500 as forfeit for a match for $2,500 a side. At that time Ryan was in Canada and his friends did not know he would engage in another fight until his present conflict with the authorities was over. Last night the facts in the case were stated to Ryan and he told his friends to accept Dunleavy's offer and put up a forfeit. He is

ANXIOUS TO FIGHT DWYER

and says he will get into the ring with him at any time and at any place in this country or Canada. Ryan says he was never in better health than at the present time; he will fight Dwyer and win, then retire from the ring. It is reported that Dwyer is anxious to fight, and he recently remarked that if Ryan would not fight he (Dwyer) would knock Paddy down the first time he met him. Dwyer is clerk in the Police Court of Brooklyn. Talmage was one of his backers for the place, Dwyer promising to abandon prize-fighting if appointed.

The Tide of Immigration.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—In addition to the flow of gold to this country the tide of immigration at this port continues in steady volume, almost every nationality in Europe contributing thereto. The arrivals during August were 25,300, about 4,000 in excess of any month during the last twenty years. At Philadelphia there has also been a large increase. The steamship companies anticipate a continuance of the movement until late in the autumn. It is estimated at least seventy per cent of the August arrivals have gone West.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 2.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, stationary or higher barometer and temperature, southwesterly, veering to south or west winds, partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain. For the Lower Lake Region, lower barometer and stationary or higher temperature, southerly winds, partly cloudy weather and occasional rain. For the Upper Lake Region, stationary or rising, preceded in eastern portion by falling barometer, stationary or higher temperature, winds mostly southerly, partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain. For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, stationary or higher barometer and temperature, westerly winds in former, and north to west winds in latter district, partly cloudy weather and local rains.

A VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

The Democratic Fight in Nebraska Cheering.

A Powerful Arraignment of the Republican State Administration.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEB., September 2.—The campaign in Nebraska is progressing favorably. The State Committee is in correspondence with ferty-one counties which have organized Democratic committees and Hancock and English clubs. The canvass in Nebraska will be conducted by the Democratic party as plaintiff and the Republican party as defendant. The charges against the defendant are squandering of the public school funds, distribution of the public lands among political favorites, the levy and collection of an enormous annual tax, which Republican records themselves show has been extravagantly and ruthlessly distributed among political favorites. At Lincoln and other portions of the State the enormous indebtedness of various counties, precincts and school districts in Nebraska makes a fearful annual drain on the pockets of the tax-payers for interest. It is

AGAINST THE SYSTEM

of subsidizing railroads by county bonds, of loaning public moneys to private bankers and the absolute rule of monopoly in the Republican party that the people are called upon by the Democrats to protest. In Otoe county, one of the largest and most prosperous in the State, the Democratic party will make a determined fight against the further levy and collection of taxes for the payment of either of the interest or principal of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of county bonds issued illegally to the Midland Pacific Railway Company. Good counsel has been taken in this regard, and in the judgment of good lawyers the bonds are void, having been issued without the authority of the people, in fact having never been submitted to them at all. There is no doubt but what the county will escape from

THIS UNJUST BURDEN.

It is further proposed to refuse absolutely to levy and collect taxes for any obligation of Otoe county, however legal it may be, which draws more than six per cent interest. Upon these propositions in this county and upon similar ones in other counties the Democratic party, aided by many prominent property-holders and tax-payers of other parties, will make a vigorous campaign.

NOLAN DEMOCRATIC BARBECUE.

Letters Received From Hancock and English.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 2.—At the Democratic barbecue here yesterday the following letters were read:

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, NEW YORK HARBOR.

To F. M. Daucher, Chairman, etc., etc., State street, Albany, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR—I am compelled by my engagements to deny myself the pleasure of accepting your invitation to the political barbecue of the Nolan Association in Albany on the 1st of September. I regret my inability to be present as the occasion will, I am sure, be of great importance and will furnish an illustration of the deep active interest which people feel in the cause we have at heart. Thanking you for your letter of the 28th, I am yours truly.

[Signed] WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 12, 1880.

To F. M. Daucher, Albany, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR—It would afford me pleasure to accept your kind invitation to attend the political barbecue to be given by the Nolan Campaign Association September 1, but circumstances would hardly admit of my leaving this post of danger at that time, and so I am reluctantly compelled to decline your invitation. We are counting confidently upon the vote of the great Empire State for Hancock and English and will see that the vote is cast for the same ticket. Very respectfully, WM. H. ENGLISH.

Congressional Nominations.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, September 2.—John H. Reagan was nominated by the Democrats of the First Congressional District.

MACON, GA., September 2.—Gen. Philip Cook was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Third District.

DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

A Man Assaulted and Robbed at Noon To-Day in New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Soon after midday, as James Mooney, mechanic, was about turning from Sixth avenue into Twenty-fourth street, two men suddenly came behind him, one of whom knocked him down, and as he fell to the pavement, kicked him about the head and body. Mooney attempted to rise and grapple with his assailant, but was again laid out on the walk, while the other fellow stooped over him and, deliberately ransacking his pockets, took therefrom $1 65 in change. The assault attracted a crowd of spectators. The man rifling Mooney's pockets sprang up and with his companion

DREW A REVOLVER,

with which they threatened to shoot any one who interfered with them. The crowd then scattered in every direction and the highwaymen walked away. The police have since secured them and a long term of imprisonment now awaits them.

Logan with the President.

CHICAGO, September 2.—A number of ladies and gentleman, including Hon. C. B. Farwell, District Attorney Leape, Collector Harvey, and U. S. Marshal Stilwell, called to pay their respects. Among the floral gifts to Mrs. Hayes was a beautiful basket of flowers from Mrs. John V. Farwell of Lake Forest.

At Naperville Gen. John A. Logan, who had left on an earlier train was taken on board and will continue with the party during the day. Some time will be given at Burlington and Omaha, and it is the expectation to visit Salt Lake, California, and Virginia City, to go by overland route to Oregon and Washington Territory and return by ocean steamer to San Francisco, the whole distance to consume sixty days.

Commodore Nutt Robbed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Commodore Nutt, the famous dwarf, last night opened a drinking saloon on Sixth avenue. Among those who visited the place were two young men. They sat down at one of the tables and called for drinks. A few moments later when Commodore Nutt passed through the saloon one called him to the table at which he was sitting, saying, "I want to speak to you." Nutt went to the table, when the visitor put his arms around his neck and held his face close to his visitor's body for several moments. Immediately afterward the man and his friend left the saloon. Commodore Nutt then discovered his gold watch, valued at $100, which had been presented to him by P. T. Barnum, was gone.

A SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Joseph O'Brien Seriously Wounded by Sylvester Fitzwater.

The Affair Arises Out of the Theft of a Keg of Beer and Till-Tapping.

A difficulty which resulted in a shooting affair, and will most probably eventuate in a murder, occurred at 3:30 o'clock this morning. The parties to the affair were Joseph O'Brien, twenty-one years of age, and Sylvester Fitzwater. O'Brien was very badly wounded, and, it is thought, will die. Officers Ferguson and Paul, who were informed of the shooting, arrested him at the Green cider factory, corner of Twentieth and Pine streets, and, finding him to be wounded, sent for an ambulance to the Dispensary. The ambulance was sent up and the wounded man placed in it, and the driver started off, not thinking it necessary to be accompanied by a policeman, as the patient was considered too dangerously wounded to escape. The sequel proved, however, that there was considerable vitality in O'Brien, and on reaching the alley near Thirteenth and Pine streets, the driver discovered his charge in the alley, running for dear life. By the time he had turned his horses and galloped a short distance, O'Brien was nowhere visible. The discomfited driver proceeded to the Dispensary and reported his ill luck, which was in due time communicated to the police. Nothing more was heard of the escaped prisoner until 7:30 o'clock, when word reached the Dispensary that O'Brien was

LYING VERY LOW

in his room at 1834 Lucy street. An ambulance was again dispatched for the wounded man, and on arriving at the place the driver again experienced a sample of O'Brien's liveliness, augmented by no small degree of viciousness. When he walked into the room and informed the wounded man that he had come to take him to the Dispensary to be examined O'Brien jumped up and swore that no one would touch him. Being an old hand and somewhat accustomed to refractory patients, the driver paid no attention to the violent demonstrations of O'Brien and prepared to seize him and conduct him by force to the ambulance. He soon changed his mind, however, when O'Brien flourished his arm, and the driver saw the

GLEAM OF A RAZOR.

Not anxious to be made mince-meat of, he rushed out and summoned a policeman, with whose assistance the prisoner was placed in the ambulance and taken to the Dispensary. He was examined by Dr. Carson, who discovered a pistol shot wound in the small of the back. The wound was probed, but as the ball could not be found, it is supposed it penetrated the cavity, and is consequently dangerous. He was then sent to the hospital. The man had previously been examined, when just arrested, by Dr. Bryson, who pronounced his hurt very serious. According to the statements of Officers Ferguson, Paul and Fitzwater, the

CAUSE OF THE SHOOTING

is as follows:

Sylvester Fitzwater keeps a lemonade stand at the corner of Nineteenth and Pine streets, where he serves out the cooling beverage to circus-goers, and, if needed, something stronger can be had, as Fitz keeps beer on hand. Early this morning a keg of beer was stolen from the stand while the proprietor was asleep, and Fitzwater had good reason to believe the theft had been committed by O'Brien. His description was given to the police, who skirmished about the neighborhood in search of O'Brien. About a half-hour after the police had gone Fitzwater discovered O'Brien attempting to tap his till. The two men clinched, and a desperate struggle was had for a few moments, and, finding that he could not secure O'Brien, Fitzwater seized a pistol near at hand and fired. After receiving the shot, O'Brien ran, and was captured as above stated. Some time after O'Brien had been disposed of, Fitzwater was arrested and locked up at the Four Courts.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

The rain here yesterday afternoon was the hardest of the season and many cellars are full of water.

The excitement at the primaries here yesterday was at times very high, but there were no disturbances calling for any arrests.

The strike at Plum street yesterday among the freight men did not extend to this part of the city and the strikers at Plum street were all paid off.

Elizabeth Ouhl, eight years of age, living at the corner of Sixth and Market streets, fell from a swing yesterday and broke her left leg.

Three cases for keeping dogs without license were before the Police Court this morning. John Fett was discharged but John Tierest and Herman Hornly were each fined $5 and costs.

A Narrow Escape.

The late passenger train on the Cairo Short Line came very near meeting with a serious accident about seven miles from East St. Louis last night. While crossing a small bridge the wooden supports sunk, throwing one of the coaches off of the track and almost ditching it. The other coach "jumped" the track, but regained it within a distance of a few yards. Under the superintendence of the conductor, who was equal to the requirements of the moment, the train was put on the track again and reached the Union Depot with very little damage done.

First District Police Court.

Edward Williams, a colored boy ten years of age, was fined $20 for driving away with Dr. Phelan's buggy from the corner of Pine and Twenty-first streets day before yesterday. Ellen Bellows was assessed $5 for having disturbed the peace. Fourteen comprised the total number of cases on the docket. Besides the two aforementioned there was none of moment.

THE TIME TO PART.

'Tis our love's noon of glory,
You say with smiling face;
Not yet the wondrous story
For us grows commonplace.
Then, dear lips, reach and kiss me,
And, fond arms, hold me—so;
For now, when you will miss me,
Is the time for me to go.

Nay, nay, I am not cruel—
Speak not to chide or blame;
But now, when lips are fuel,
And now, when kiss is flame,
Before dreams lose their splendor,
Or ennui finds the heart
That is so fond and tender,
Is the time for us to part.

'Tis better to feel sorrow,
And part with tears this morn,
Than to wait until to-morrow
And part with hate and scorn.
'Tis better to go grieving
With many a fond regret,
Than to defer the leaving
Till the sun of love has set.

'Tis better to remember
Our love-year in its bloom
Than to wait until November,
Dull-skied and full of gloom.
'Tis better to go freighted
With our passion full of grace
Than to wait till we are sated
And our love grows commonplace.
Then, dear lips, reach and kiss me,
And, fond arms, clasp me—so;
For now, when you will miss me,
Is the time for me to go.

ELLA WHEELER.

FREE LOVE DOINGS.

An Immoral Camp Meeting in Massachusetts.

Lake Pleasant (Mass.) Cor. Chicago Times.

This is perhaps the most remarkable conglomeration of summer resorts, Sunday school picnics, retreats, spiritualists' camp, free thinkers' abode and general devil's stamping ground in New England, if not in the country. From a modest country pond, lily-decked and grove-fringed, to which local excursionists frequently resorted for a Fourth of July celebration or church picnic, it has grown within a few years to its present large proportions. The Fitchburg Railroad, recognizing its advantages as a resort, gained possession of the land about the "lake" and began to improve nature. The little stand where rural couples formerly joined merrily in the mazes of "Money Musk" and the "Virginia Reel" was replaced by a larger and much more pretentious structure, where the modern waltzes are now daily danced by the beaux and belles of fashion. The cow-paths and walks worn by the steps of country swains and their sweethearts were widened and straightened by landscape gardeners; Bucksters' stands dotted the woods; streets were laid out for cottages and tents, and a couple of screeching little steamboats on the lake knocked peaceful solitude into a cocked hat and drove the long-legged waterfowl from the lonely everglades. A large hotel has been built on the bluff above the lake, and among the 125 buildings about the grounds, which have sprung up in seven years with almost the rapidity of mushroom growth, are several costly cottages.

A good many nice people spend portions of the summer here, and think they get as much recreation as if they went to the seashore or the mountains. It has also been the chosen picnic ground for Sabbath schools for miles around, on the line of the Fitchburg and New London Northern Railroads, while other organizations, religious, social, military and secret, have found it a pleasant place for their reunions and excursions. Of late, however, since the spiritualistic element has become so marked here, religious people have felt inclined to frown on Lake Pleasant. There seems to be a good reason for this, too, for, if all the stories one hears about the daily goings-on are true, the annual spiritualistic gatherings must possess most of the bad characteristics of large camp-meetings, with none of the good.

One of these meetings is just drawing to a close, after continuing several weeks, and being, as an enthusiastic ghost interviewer said, the "largest of the kind ever held in the world." From 200 to 250 tents have been put up and used, and the lake village population has ranged from 2,000 to 3,000, while daily visitors have at times swelled the number to 7,000 or 8,000. In this crowd people of all classes are found. There are typical, musical, magnetic and electrical mediums, astrologers, seers of the past, present and future, inspirational poetical mediums who recite "original poetry" at so much a yard, and slate-writers. Among the more noted exponents and exemplifiers of the spiritual gospel are the Eddys, of "Spiritvale," Chittenden, Vt., notoriety; J. William Fletcher, a well-known test trance medium; Watkins, the slate-writer; Dr. James Mack, who claims to have in London, England, a great reputation as a healer by laying on of hands; Sig. Rondi, Annadiello, Spiritisimo, of Turin, Italy; Mrs. Susan G. Thorn, author of "Strange Visitors;" David Jones, editor of the Olive Branch; Col. Bundy, of the Religio-Philosophical Journal, and others of less fame. Keeler and Rothermel, of Brooklyn, N. Y., new mediums, have given some very clever performances. Their mode of operating has been to place their musical instruments and bells on a table in a corner of a room, draw a black curtain before the table, and then allow themselves to be held or tied in front of the curtain. With the room darkened, the manifestations would begin, with the usual jingling of bells, thrumming of guitars, and knocking behind the curtain, and the appearance of spirit hands over the top. Sometimes the materialized hands have allowed themselves to be shaken, always ending the grasp of any one trying to detain them. Skeptics, of course, pronounce the medium a fraud, and accuse them of having concealed assistants, but no one has been sharp enough to detect them. There are also other mediums and other seances, where sightly the shades of defunct Indians, prominent men and women of America and Europe, and occasionally a Chinese philosopher of the fifteenth or some younger century, are trotted out and paraded before the awe-struck audiences. Since the exposition of the Eddy, Huntoon and other prominent spiritualist impositors, these exhibitions have rather lost their interest, except to the faithful.

Besides these particular "attractions," there are many side shows. In one tent hangs a mirror covered with hieroglyphics, apparently of the same formation as the fancy soap works often seen on store windows, which the medium asserts have taken a spirit many days to write. Another tent displays the placard: "Medicines, perfumes, cologne, cosmetics and tooth-wash prepared under spirit influence." Mary Tillotson has been here in Dr. Mary Walker regimentals, trying to institute a radical dress reform movement. The "Cosmopolitans," citizens of the world, a comparatively new spiritualistic society, are here in large numbers, readily distinguished by their red and blue badges.

In all the things mentioned there is nothing really bad but their humbuggery; but there is a dark side to Lake Pleasant life. The guardians of the grounds carefully preserve the peace, and drunken rows are nearly as rare as spiritualistic manifestations under a blaze of gas light. Licentiousness prevails, however, carried on in some of the tents, and in the grove during the dark shadows of the night. The demi-monde of the cities, seeking new fields for their devastation, sometimes find their way here, and under the guise of mediums ply their nefarious traffic.

This is a bad enough phase of Lake Pleasant life, but there are even worse. Many young girls come here without proper attendants, make bad acquaintances, and are probably led astray. There are always some well-dressed debauchees hanging around such a place, ready to increase indefinitely the victims of their lust. They meet the girls from the shops, stores and families of neighboring villages, flatter them with their attention, dance at the pavilion, and then wander off with them beyond the lighted avenues into the woods. If ruin is not accomplished then, future meetings are arranged for, but there is but one result. "If the trees could," said an old farmer living near by, the other day, "they would blush red all over at what they have seen."

The worst of blasphemy, infidelity and transcendentalism is often mingled with the spiritualistic tenets preached from the grand stand. Among the most radical of these speakers is Edward S. Wheeler, editor of the American Bank-Note Detector, at Philadelphia. The other day a man arrived here, who announced himself as a land reformer, greenbacker, woman's righter, free-lover, infidel and spiritualist. He was in for "soft money and soft religion," he said. Several rabid free-lovers have been refused an opportunity to speak from the grand stand or on the grounds, though with what consistency it is difficult to see, when the worst of most all other doctrines are presented. The spiritualists and free thinkers had their best speakers here, and their beliefs have been advocated most eloquently.

Sarah Bernhardt's Company.

From the Parisian.

The agent for Mr. Henry E. Abbey in the securing of a company of French artists to support Mlle. Sarah Bernhardt during her American engagement, sailed for New York on Tuesday. Mr. Schwab's task was a difficult one, inasmuch as the prevailing idea among the actors and actresses was that they should receive from three to five times their real worth in the way of salaries. However, he finally succeeded in making contracts which, while they are fair to the artists, are, on the whole, in favor of Mr. Abbey.

It is agreed that ocean passage is to be paid only one way, and that no expenses are to be paid in the United State save only and exceptin gactual railroad fares from one city to another. Moreover, the artists have not only signed to play certain lines of business, but also such other parts as may be assigned them by the management. The salary list is a large one, amounting in total to about 35,000 francs for some eighteen persons.

The highest-priced artists are Mr. Angelo, the "leading man"—his real name is Barthelemy—and Mlle. Jeanne Bernhardt, the youngest sister of the great actress, each of whom receives 5,000 francs per month. All are engaged for five months, but salaries do not begin until the 8th of November.

Besides the two artists just mentioned, the other principal members of the company are Mme. Mea, Mlle. Sidney, Mlle. Martel, Mme. Gally, and Messrs. Gangloff, D'Orsay, Bouillond, Thefer, Deletraz, Joliet and Chamounin, the last named of whom has been twice to America already. Mr. Defossez, of the Theatre Royal, at the Hague, is the stage manager, and Mme. Joliet, some time at the Vaudeville, in this city, is the prompter.

The company begin their rehearsals the middle of September on the stage of the Variety Theater. They open at Booth's Theater in "Adrienne Lecouvreur," November 8. Mlle. Bernhardt intends to take the ladies of the new continent by storm, not only in her acting, but in the manner of her dresses. A famous house in the Rue de la Paix is now making for her twelve costumes at a cost of 60,000 francs. She has already bought 300 pairs of gloves, and her stockings and slippers are said to be marvels of richness and beauty. Mlle. Sarah Bernhardt will be accompanied to America by her son, her valet and his wife, and a maid servant, all of whose expenses are to be paid by the management. Her sister Jeanne will have three persons in her suite, but their expenses will not be paid by Mr. Abbey.

The Florences Successful.

London Special to New York Herald, 31st.

The Florences appeared to-night for the first time in "The Mighty Dollar" at the Gaiety Theater, this being the third American play introduced to Londoners this season, of which "The Danites," having made a third move to the Standard Theater, is now running a prosperous career; then Raymond's "Colonel Sellers," which was unfortunate, and now the Florences come with their famous piece, which, to judge from the welcome and applause granted to-night, is voted a success "by a large majority." The house was crammed to its utmost capacity; not a seat was vacant, although this is the dead season in London. The brilliant audience included Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill; Lady Mandeville, the Duke of Beaufort and his son Lord Somerset, Lord Algernon Lennox, the leading London critics and many Americans. The Florences had an enthusiastic welcome. They were recalled after the first, second and last acts, with flowers. Mrs. Florence was in her best vein, and highly amused the audience. Mr. Florence's Judge Slote, which was evidently recognized by the audience as the typical American Senator, as viewed from an English standpoint, evoked bursts of laughter and applause. The Gaiety favorites, Miss Kate Vaughan, whose costumes were marvelous, and Miss Connie Gilchrist, shared in the liberal applause of the audience. The scenery was elaborate and charming. The piece was produced with the greatest care.

A Charitable Duke.

From the New York Times.

One of the worst features of the silly season are the lubrications of the blockhead on his travels. A specimen of the species has lately paid a visit to Arundel Castle, the seat of the Duke of Norfolk, and, alluding to his Grace having inherited the place from an ancestor who received it by grant from William I., who confiscated it from the Saxons 800 years ago, writes: "The heir of all this robbery is now a young fellow 33 years old named Howard; * * * so here is a young fellow of no character, talent or purpose in life owning over 50,000 acres of land. The title to it was in highway robbery and piracy. His income is said by prudent critics to be over $2,000,000 a year." It happens that the young fellow with "no character, talent or purpose in life" is one than whom none in the world is held in higher respect: a model, in fact, for purity in life. It is no exaggeration to say that half of his income, now about $500,000 a year, is given to charity and good works. Following the ancient faith of his fathers, he is the foremost lay member of the Roman Catholic Church in the British Empire, and but for his powerful aid Dr. Newman would never have had the Cardinal's hat which the more enlightened Roman Catholics felt his character and abilities so entirely merited. The Duke of Norfolk's almost too generous hand knows no distinction when any claim is made upon his charity.

Wholesale Death in Battle.

From the Portland Argus.

A melancholy statistical fiend of a Western paper has been compiling incomplete mortuary statistics of some of the big battles of the civil war. Eighty soldiers, all shot above the hips, and all of one regiment, fell dead at one volley in the battle of Gettysburg. At Fair Oaks twenty men went down one upon the other in a space of a few few feet, and never moved a limb among them after falling. One shell at Cold Harbor exploding in the ranks of an Ohio regiment killed sixteen soldiers. At Savage Station, during McClellan's charge, a solid shot fired from a Federal piece at an infantry column marching by fours killed twenty-one men. At Fredericksburg 5,000 Union soldiers were killed in less than ten minutes. Near Vicksburg a gunboat threw a single shell at a rebel battery and killed eighteen men wounding fifteen others.

A Reminiscence of the Great Fire.

From the Chicago Tribune.

At the residence of Mr. John O'Donnell, No. 106 Sigel street, Chicago, our reporter found Mrs. O'Donnell, who said that eight years ago, just after the fire, she contracted rheumatism in the feet, and that after trying all kinds of remedies, some of which cost as much as two dollars a bottle, she had recently heard of the St. Jacobs Oil, and had given it a trial, the result being that a few applications changed her from a bed-ridden cripple to a strong woman, able to dance about the floor as in her youthful days.

DION BOUCICAULT is not an admirer of Sarah Bernhardt. "I could see by her performance of Adrienne Lecouvreur," he said, "that she had followed some of Rachel's business, which, of course, passed into tradition; but, whereas Rachel was a tigress in the great scene of the fourth act, Sarah became by comparison the domestic cat. The best thing in Bernhardt's performance of Adrienne was, to my mind, her recitation of the fable of 'Les Deux Pigeons' (this earned her admittance to the Conservatoire as a girl); indeed, I am not prepared to say that her reading of La Fontaine's lines was not better than Rachel's, for the reason that it was more playful and less heavy; but, after that, the deluge. The manner in which Bernhardt plays the death scene is vitally wrong."

CHARLES THOMAS JACKSON.

Death of the Inventor of the Telegraph and Anæsthesia.

From the New York Sun.

Dr. Charles Thomas Jackson, the physicist, died in Somerville, Mass., on Sunday, after a long illness. It is many years since he retired to a life of quiet and seclusion, but his name is still familiar to older newspaper readers from his controversies with the late Prof. Samuel F. B. Morse and Dr. W. T. A. Morton.

His dispute with Prof. Morse was as to the priority to the discovery of the application of electricity in telegraphy. In October, 1832, Dr. Jackson and Prof. Morse were fellow passengers in the ship Sully, from Europe to this city. During the voyage Dr. Jackson was experimenting with an electro-magnet and galvanic batteries. Prof. Morse and other passengers were interested in the experiments, and Dr. Jackson averred that he then demonstrated how electricity could be used for carrying correspondence. In 1834 Dr. Jackson claimed to have constructed and successfully operated a telegraph on the plan that he described in the voyage on the Sally. The machine that he then made could not be utilized on an extensive scale, owing to the difficulty of getting a steady and continuous current of electricity. The invention of the sustaining battery by Daniell in 1837 obviated this difficulty. In the latter year Dr. Jackson and Prof. Morse began their famous controversy over the priority of discovery, which lasted for many years. Many volumes of evidence on each side were adduced, and lawsuits over patents were begun in several courts. Dr. Jackson always averred that he was the first discoverer of the American telegraph that was patented by Prof. Morse in 1840, and many men of science believed his claims to be well founded. After his telegraph experiments Dr. Jackson practiced medicine, which he soon gave up to devote himself to geology. He was State Geologist in Maine, and afterward held the same position in Rhode Island and New Hampshire. He was the discoverer of the copper and iron fields of Lake Superior, which he explored in 1844.

The controversy with Dr. Morton, above referred to, was over the discovery of ether as an anæsthetic. The discovery was made at the time Dr. Jackson was practicing medicine, but was not claimed by him at the time. His claim was that in 1834 he found by experiment that an alcoholic solution of chloroform applied to a nerve made it insensible to pain. He had previously experimented with protoxide of nitrogen, with less satisfactory results. In 1841 he tried the effects of pure sulphuric ether, mingled with atmospheric air, upon himself, and inhaled it until he lost all consciousness. This experiment he pronounced entirely successful. In 1842 he inoaled ether to allay the pain he suffered from an accidental inhalation of chlorine. This led him, he afterward said, to declare "that a surgical operation could be performed on a patient under the influence of sulphuric ether without giving him any pain." Dr. Morton, however, appears to have first applied ether in an operation performed by him in 1846, and to have experimented with it some years previous to that time. The respective claims of Drs. Morton and Jackson for the credit of the discovery of the anæsthetic were supported by hosts of physicians and men of science, and the controversy was waged for years with great bitterness. The French Academy, which had offered a prize of 5,000 francs for the discoverer, divided that sum equally between the two claimants, holding that Dr. Jackson discovered etherization, and that Dr. Morton first applied it in surgical operations. Dr. Morton refused to take the award made to him and the Academy afterward gave him a gold medal. Dr. Morton strove for years to have his claim properly recognized. He became utterly bankrupt, and his home was sold for debt. Congress was importuned to grant him $100,000 as a national testimonial, and hundreds of physicians and others signed the petition. Dr. Jackson, on the other hand, sent to Congress a petition, signed by 143 physicians of Boston and vicinity, certifying that the discovery was exclusively his. Dr. Morton's petition was defeated, but in a test suit against a hospital surgeon who had applied ether according to his method he gained his point, the United States Court sustaining his claim. Dr. Jackson still had his adherents, however, who contended that he, and not Dr. Morton, was the real discoverer, and the controversy went on until Dr. Morton died. It is said that Dr. Morton's death was caused by excitement over an article which attempted to show that he was not the discoverer of anæsthesia. The citizens of Boston erected a monument to his memory, bearing the inscription: "Wm. T. G. Morton, Inventor and Revealer of Anæsthetic Inhalation." This and other recognition accorded to Dr. Morton caused great disappointment to Dr. Jackson, and he died at the age of 75, feeling that he had twice been wrongfully deprived of the fruits of years of patient study and investigation.

Advantage of Being a Millionaire.

From the Paris Univers Illustre.

M. Vanderbilt was sitting for his portrait to Meissonier. Painter and sitter were chatting.

"Haven't you," asked M. Vanderbilt "a preference, a particular affection for some of your earlier pictures?"

"Yes," said Meissonier, "there is one picture that I really loved, and unhappily it is in Germany. It represented Gen. Desaix in the middle of a plain, questioning some peasants. It was fine; it was very fine. Petit sold it to a German, a Dresden man, long before the war, for 30,000 francs. I have done everything to get that picture back to France, —to ransom it from this captivity in Germany. Petit offered the owner as high as 100,000 francs; he wouldn't sell. I never think of it without a real pang."

"Ah!" said M. Vanderbilt. Then he began talking of something else.

A few days after Meissonier was to dine with M. Vanderbilt. He entered the salon. His Dresden picture, the Desaix, was there on an easel.

"I bought it by telegraph for 150,000 francs," tranquilly explained M. Vanderbilt. "It was a simple enough matter, you see, to get this picture."

A Fashionable Milliner.

Montreal Special Dispatch.

Mrs. Hamburger, a fashionable milliner of this city, left by train a few days since for the purpose of emigrating to New York, where she would have a larger field to pursue her avocation. She had eighteen trunks filled with goods, which she stated to the United States officers at the frontier post of Richford, Vt., contained only emigrant effects, and produced a certificate from the Consul General here in order to pass them free of duty. Owing to advices received from special agents of the department in Montreal the officers at the line proceeded to make an examination, and the result rewarded their vigilance, as rolls of silks, velvets and laces, besides cases of champagne and valuable silverware were found, the whole being estimated to be worth over $10,000. Before leaving this city Mrs. Hamburger was advised by the local officers of the American customs to declare on arrival at the frontier what dutiable goods she had, but this, it is alleged, she failed to do, and her whole stock has been seized, and she was obliged to continue her journey to New York without any luggage.

Cold Tea as a Stimulant.

From the Journal of Health.

A story is going the round of the English papers that a large agriculturist has been giving his harvest hands cold tea instead of beer to drink in the harvest field, and that the results were extremely satisfactory, there being none of the sullenness, exciteability and rudeness that had previously been attributed to beer. Because tea does not intoxicate its power as a stimulant is forgotten or underrated, but the fact remains that there is more stimulant in a pint of tea of average strength than in a quart of common beer. It should be remembered, too, that the quantity of tea that a harvester will consume daily as a substitute for beer is greater than that which will suffice an entire family around a supper table. Stimulation, whether by spirits, wine, beer, tea, coffee or opium, is simply a method of consuming one's physical capital, and the laborer who replaces his two or three quarts of beer with an equal daily allowance of tea is exhausting his nerve and muscle more rapidly than he did while guzzling beer. More and better food is what beer-drinking laborers need. The well-fed American farmer, working long hours under a sun hotter than England ever knew, does not drink as much in a week as an underfed laborer will in a day. If workingmen must drink heavily of something besides water—something with a taste to it—let them drink oatmeal water, or water in which brown cornmeal has been thrown. A little sugar will give such drink nutritious and strengthening properties. But let not the temperance men seize and spread the English cold tea story; the cup that cheers but not inebriates is as dangerous, when abused, as the bottle and glass.

MONKEY LIFE IN INDIA.

Living Among Men and Playing With the Children.

From the London Telegraph.

In India, where the monkeys live among men, and are the playmates of their children, the Hindoos have grown fond of them, and the four-handed folk participate in all their simple household rites. In the early morning, when the peasant goes out to yoke his oxen, and the crow wakes up and the dog stretches himself and shakes off the dust in which he has slept all night, the old monkey creeps down the peepul tree, only half awake, and yawns and looks about him, puts a straw in his mouth and scratches himself contemplatively. Then one by one the whole family come slipping down the tree trunk, and they all yawn and look about and scratch. But they are sleepy and peevish and the youngsters get cuffed for nothing, and begin to think life dull. Yet the toilet has to be performed, and, whether they like it or not, the young ones are sternly pulled up, one by one, to their mother to undergo the process. The scene, though repeated exactly every morning, loses nothing of its delightful comicality, and the monkey brats seem all to be in the joke of "taking in mamma." But mamma was young herself not very long ago, and treats each ludicrous affectation of suffering with the profoundest unconcern, and, as she dismisses one "cleaned" youngster with a cuff, stretches out her hand for the next one's tail or leg in the most business-like and serious manner possible. The youngsters know their turn quite well. As each feels the moment arrive it throws itself on its stomach as if overwhelmed with apprehension, the others meanwhile stifling their satisfaction at the way "so-and-so is doing it," and the instant the maternal paw is extended to grasp the tail, the subject of the next experiment utters a piercing shriek, and throwing its arms forward in the dust, allows itself to be dragged along a limp and helpless carcass, winking all the time, no doubt, at its brothers and sisters, at the way it is imposing on the old lady. But the old lady will stand no nonsense, and turning the child right side up, proceeds to put it to rights, takes the kinks out of its tail and the knots out of its fur, pokes its fingers into its ears and looks at each of his toes, the irrepressible brat all the time wearing on his face an absurd expression of hopeless and incurable grief, those who have been already cleansed looking on with delight at the screaming farce, and those who are waiting wearing a becoming aspect of enormous gravity. The old lady, however, has her joke too, which is to cuff each youngster before she lets it go, and nimble as her offspring are she generally, to her credit be it said, manages to "fetch them one on the ears" before they are out of reach. The father, meanwhile, sits gravely with his back to all these domestic matters, waiting for breakfast. Presently the mats before the hut doors are pushed down, and women, with brass vessels in their hands, come out, and while they scour the pots and pans with dust exchange between songs the compliments of the morning. The monkeys by this time have come closer to the preparations for food and sit solemnly, household by household, watching every movement. Hindoos do not hurry themselves in anything they do, but the monkey has plenty of patience, and in the end, when the crow has stolen a little, and the dog has had its morsel, and the children are all satisfied, the fragments of the meal are thrown out on the ground for the "bhunder ogue," the monkey people, and it is soon discussed, the mother feeding the baby before she herself eats.

The Drowning Dodge Again.

Philadelphia Special to Chi. Commercial.

Rev. D. M. Hughes, pastor of the Ashbury Methodist Episcopal Church, of Cinnaminson, N. J., suddenly disappeared last night while on a Deleware River Ferryboat. All search for him proved unavailing, and he was believed to have committed suicide. When the fact was reported to Mrs. Hughes she at once exclaimed that her husband had not killed himself, but had run off with another woman, who is believed to be Alice Watkinson, a young girl residing in Camden. It seems that Hughes, who is a handsome man of thirty-five, has been implicated recently in several scrapes with women, and would have been compelled to resign from the church if he had not disappeared. He sent his wife to Cape May a few days ago, and during her absence claimed that his house was robbed, but a subsequent examination showed that only his clothes had been taken, and he is now believed to have sent them to some place to which he has fled with the girl.

FRESH JESTS.

Bees carry pollen dust on their legs. That is how dust the busy bee.

Thirty-two different sorts of windmills are daily clawing the air of Michigan.

Bob Ingersoll lectures on "Man, Woman and Child." He scoops in everything but the hired girl.

It is proposed to amend the Masonic ritual by inserting a pledge "never to cheat a brother Mason at a competitive drill."

"The Lion Patent Medicine Company" has recently been organized. Truth crushed to earth has evidently obtained a sitting posture.

A woman in Jericho, Vermont, having heard a great deal about "preserving autumn leaves," put up some, but afterward told a neighbor that they were not fit to eat.

The little smoke-stained angels in Madagascar are playing mumbletypeg with American jack-knives, and the Arab of the desert trims his beard with shears made in Connecticut.

Memory is a great thing, as exemplified in Iowa the other day, when a servant girl suddenly recollected, just as twenty people were sitting down to ice cream, that she accidentally spilled arsenic in the freezer.

At a recent marriage in Hudson, N. Y., the bride was a young damsel who had been a great flirt. When the clergyman asked the usual question, "Who gives this woman away?" a young fellow present exclaimed: "I can, but I won't."

Fashionable Galveston young lady at a social gathering remarks jestingly to Gilhooly: "I wonder how much I would bring if I was put up at auction and sold to the highest bidder?" "Just about $3,000." "Why, my jewelry alone is worth that." "Yes, that's what I put it down at in my estimate."

A sentry placed before a powder magazine sees his Colonel approach, smoking an imported Havana cigar. He presents arms and says firmly, but respectfully, "Pardon me, Colonel, but smoking is not allowed here." The Colonel, with a superb gesture, flings away the cigar and gives the faithful sentinel a louis d'or. As soon as he has got around the corner the faithful sentinel, with proud tears on his rugged countenance, picks up the cigar and finishes it with every manifestation of delight.

A pretty girl at a Sausalito picnic last week astounded her escort and friends by refusing all attentions tendered by her gentleman friends. She peremptorily declined to run races, dance, swing or climb the rocks after ferns. Later in the day she was found by another pullback of the species weeping bitterly under a bush. "What on earth's the matter, Gussie?" asked the other girl. "Why, you see, Melindy, I can't enjoy myself, nor have a good time, nur nuthin'. I started off in such a hurry that I forgot to put on my *other stockings*." Thus conscience doth make cowards of us all, etc.

THERE'S A CARRIAGE WAITING.

There's a baby-carriage waiting
Just outside the dry-goods store,
And there's little need for staring
That it's right across the door;
While the prominent position
That the wheels do occupy
Threatens some severe attrition
Of the shins of passers-by.

In the carriage there's a baby
Trying hard to stay asleep
Spite of twenty flies, or may be
More, that o'er his features creep;
While the fond and patient mother
In the store we may descry—
Pricing one thing and another
That she doesn't mean to buy.

Now the baby, being weary,
Yells aloud till ma appears,
And she calls it "little dearey,"
And she says she'll box its ears.
Then she smooths its pillows neatly,
With a "hush your noise, I say;"
To a passing friend bows sweetly,
And continues on her way.

—Albany Argus.

HEIDELBERG DOINGS.

An Assault upon an American Student, and the Result.

Heidelberg Letter to Springfield Republican.

There are in Heidelberg several large beer-halls that are the favorite resorts of the students, and where they "most do congregate." They are usually crowded from 10 to 11 in the forenoon, until long after midnight. Outsiders don't trouble them much. If a stranger accidentally finds his way into one he soon discovers that his presence is not wanted, and, swallowing his glass of beer as quickly as possible, he hurries away. If he persists in remaining to drink two or three glasses more, he is hustled out, devoid of ceremony. Occasionally this exclusive spirit in the students leads to hard fights, which end in broken heads and bloody noses; they not unfrequently catch tartars.

A few weeks ago an American student, who had but recently arrived in Heidelberg, strayed into one of these beer-halls of an evening and ordered a glass of beer. He drank that, and then ordered a second and a third. He noticed that the students who were grouped about the different tables, had stopped drinking, and all had their eyes directed toward him as if he was an intruder. When he called for his fourth glass one of the students came forward and told him to leave the hall. He was told by the American that he was aware that Germany was not a free country, but that the beer-halls were free, and he should stay. The German told him if he did not leave at once he would be put out. He was requested to "try it on." When the student went back for reinforcements the student quickly gathered up an armful of the thick, heavy earthen beer-mug plates that were on several of the tables near, and barricaded himself behind a heavy oak table in the corner of the hall. He also collected all the beer-mugs and glasses that were not in use, and that he could speedily lay his hands on, and drew around him two or three chairs to be ready for an emergency. It is said that for a minute or two he worked very lively. When eight or ten of the students rushed forward to carry out their threat there was a lively fight which lasted for about ten minutes. The charge was met by volley after volley of beer-plates, beer-mugs and glasses, every one of which hit its mark and did its work. Two or three of the students jumped on the table and attempted to take the American by force of arms, but were laid out *hors du combat* by the oaken chairs, which proved admirable weapons of defense. The battle waxed warmer every moment. Fresh recruits took the places of the wounded as fast as they fell back for repairs. The plates, mugs and glasses soon gave out and the barricade was demolished. Then the plucky American met his assailants face to face, with the odds fearfully against him. But he still remained master of the situation. Fortunately he was a scientific boxer, and when the students made another rush upon him they were met with new, to them, and unexpected weapons. Blows played out right and left from his shoulders with such lightning rapidity among the opposing forces that soon several were lying on the floor, and the others withdrew to a distant part of the hall—probably to reconsider the matter of putting the stranger out. The hall was in a fearful condition. Tables and chairs were overturned and broken, windows and mirrors were smashed, and the floor covered with the debris of beer-mugs and glasses. The American, seeing that his opponents did not seem inclined to renew the fight, quietly took his hat and walked out. The next day he was arrested by the proprietor of the beer-hall on a charge of causing a disturbance and for damages for broken furniture, etc. He at once caused the arrest of the students as the aggressors in the fray, and the matter was finally settled by the latter, who were obliged to pay the principal share of the damages. But the Germans were so fascinated with the American's pluck and bravery, that a few nights afterwards they got up a grand demonstration on his account at the same beer-hall, on which occasion an infinite quantity of beer was drunk in his honor, and he was made to feel that he was the hero of the hour. I speak of this fracas as a sample of others which are constantly taking place every week, and several times a week, not only among the students themselves, but among students and outsiders. Scarcely a night but there are street rows and fights between beer-drunken students, policemen and citizens, which result in more or less of the former going to the lock-up.

The Women Who Waltzed Overboard.

From the Poughkeepsie Eagle, August 30.

Friday morning last we published a brief account of the drowning of two women from a canal boat near Cornwall while waltzing on deck. On saturday the bodies were recovered. The whole story is that the canal boat George C. Notter, loaded with salt, was one of a tow of boats which passed Poughkeepsie on the way to New York at 7 o'clock on Wednesday night last. The captain, William Hill, of Oswego Falls, was accompanied by his young wife, twenty-six years old, and her sister, Maria Milligan, sixteen years of age. The night, though very dark, was warm and pleasant. Capt. Hill had been frolicking on the deck, and he called to his wife and sister to come up from the cabin and see how well he could waltz. Mrs. Hill left her baby, four months old, and her little son of five years below, and went on deck with her sister. After watching Capt. Hill for a few minutes, one of the women exclaimed, "We can beat you waltzing," and together they whirled along toward the bow of the boat. They danced back, and when they reached the raised part of the deck they accidently struck their heels against the woodwork and fell over the boat's side in each other's arms. Capt. Hill seized a boat hook and, while shouting for help, put the hook into the water and caught the dress of his wife, to whom the girl was still clinging. He tried to lift the women, but their combined weight was too great. All on the boat had gone to bed, except the man at the tiller, and he was too frightened to be of any assistance. Capt. Hill found his strength fast giving out, and saw that he would have to relinquish his hold on the women or himself fall overboard, and before help arrived he took the former alternative and his wife and sister-in-law sank. Capt. Hill's shouts having drawn some men from the other boats, the tug was stopped and a row-boat was lowered. Capt. Hill and one or two others pulled back to the place where the women sank, but no trace of them could be found till Saturday, as stated above.

A Sea Serpent This Time Sure.

Letter from S. H. J., off Kennebunkport, Me.

The guests of the Ocean Bluff Hotel are quite excited over the appearance of this formidable monster close to their bathing beach, and the lady swimmers are careful not to tempt him by venturing far out in the briny. The serpent is no longer a myth, and although this one is not so long or so thick as those reported nearly every year by correspondents of the Republican, still it proves that such things be, and opens a new volume for Prof. Baird and the Smithsonian Institute. The 24th of August was a tempting day for a sail on the ocean, and Mr. B., a well-known and much esteemed gentleman of Philadelphia, invited four of his friends to accompany him in his yacht, the Clara Bell, whose first officer is Hiram Gooch, a veteran sailor and skillful fisherman of this port. When about a mile off shore and near the mouth of the Moonsam River, they saw at an estimated distance of 75 yards a huge serpent swimming swiftly by them with its head partly immersed, showing about 40 feet of its body above the water, the body appearing to be as thick as a half-barrel. Its color was dusky black, and no gills or fins could be seen, and so rapidly did it pass through the water that a spray was raised that obscured the view of its head. The party on the Clara Bell would gladly have attempted a capture, but the wind was so light that their craft scarcely moved, they had no row-boat, and worst of all, no harpoon. The serpent remained in sight for about five minutes and moved in perpendicular undulations, at no time showing its full length, which may fairly be estimated at 60 feet. This is no hoax, but a true description of the creature seen by these men, all of them being acquainted with salt water porpoises, horse mackerel and schools of fish too well to be deceived.

FEEDING THE WORLD.

Something About the Wheat Production of Minnesota.

St. Paul Cor. N. Y. Times.

The result of carefully collected and approximated statistics of wheat acreage and production in 1880 makes Minnesota the greatest wheat-producing State in the Union. There is, apparently, no doubt about that, though there is still some doubt as to the point which the production will reach. But the lowest aggregate which conservative figurers have reached for the present crop is 40,000,000 bushels, while the highest point to which sanguine statistical speculation has scared is, to be exact, 53,333,850. This, for the bewilderment of readers who have been taught by the exact methods of older States to put faith in official figures, is from the official report of the State Commissioner of Statistics. There is nothing exact about our Commissioner's statistics, however, for his acreage. This is gained by actual and minute inquiry of farmers by town Assessors, who report to county Auditors the result of their investigations. The county Auditors report the acreage of each county to the Commissioner of Statistics, who thus has data for getting at the acreage of the State. This year it is 2,963,325 acres, 200,804 or 7.27 per cent more than last year. The Commissioner assumes a yield per acre of 15 bushels, giving him a total product of about 45,000,000 bushels. This he raises to his stupendous total of 53,000,000 by the suspicious process of adding 20 per cent to make up for conjectured omissions by the Assessors. The more conservative estimate is reached by taking the honest and impartial acreage of a little less than 3,000,000, and estimating the yield per acre at 13 bushels. This makes a total of a little less than 39,000,000, upon which I would rather risk my journalistic judgment than the Commissioner's figures. The truth may lie somewhere between the two estimates.

This is several million more bushels of wheat than have ever been returned in a single year in a State where an exact system of returns and statistics prevailed. California, which up to this time has been the heaviest wheat-producing State, grew 29,000,000 bushels last year to Minnesota's 31,000,000. The average in California has not increased as it has here, and though the San Francisco papers claim a large increase through the heavier yield of the fields, it is hardly likely that the whole amount will exceed what is grown in Minnesota. Again Minnesota is only a part of the natural division of the great wheat-growing belt of the new Northwest. Adjoining this State on the west, and stretching northward along the fertile Valley of the Red River of the North, westward along the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and southward again in the newly opened Valley of the James River, are the remarkable wheat fields of Dakota, narrow as yet in their extent, but wonderful in their productiveness. These will be considered later, in speaking of the recent growth and future limits of the great wheat-growing area. It is enough now to say that Dakota, Northern and Southern, with Minnesota, will probably produce one-tenth of the wheat grown in the United States this season, calling the whole amount 480,000,000 bushels.

A Sixty-Day Fast.

Grand Rapids (Mich.) Special.

One Mack Perow, living just north of this city, some two months ago became possessed of the idea that he had a cancer in his stomach and could not eat. He refused all food, and could not be persuaded to take any sustenance except some sweetened water occasionally, and once one teaspoonful of ice-cream. He thus lived sixty-three days, and died late Saturday night. An autopsy made to-day found that his stomach, bowels, liver, lungs, heart, etc., were all perfectly sound and healthy, and that his whole trouble was in his brain. His abstinence from food is perfectly established, also the length of time he fasted. He was formerly a carpenter in the employ of the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroad.

Two Kinds of Fruit on One Tree.

From the Eastern Argus.

A singular freak of nature may be seen at the Argus office in the form of apples and pears which were grown from the same tree. They came from the orchard of Mr. H. P. Russell, of Great Falls, N. H. Both specimens of the fruit are perfectly formed and are colored alike. The taste is about the same, but in shape the apples and pears are perfect specimens of their respective types of fruit. The explanation is that the bees in the same garden must have mingled the germs of the blossoms and produced this rare result.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof

RIVER NEWS.

A. B. BENTING commands the Gen. Rucker.

FOR Missouri River, the Mattie Belle, this evening.

THE Mary Morton will leave for St. Paul to-morrow.

THE Fannie Tatum will leave on Saturday for Paducah.

THE Golden City is Saturday's packet for New Orleans.

FOR Keokuk and St. Paul this evening, the lightning War Eagle.

THE Scotia made a trial trip, and made seven miles up stream in forty minutes.

PILOT FRANK CAYTON, formerly of the Edward, will go on a Government steamer.

THE Belle La Crosse left at noon to-day for St. Paul, with a good trip of freight and passengers.

WHEN the Bransford sunk in the Wabash three of the crew jumped overboard and were drowned. Foolish fellows.

PITTSBURG Dispatch: Commodore R. C. Gray arrived from the seashore in splendid condition for the fall trade.

FOR Missouri River the Fannie Lewis this evening and the E. H. Durfee on Saturday. They carry large cargoes on little water.

PITTSBURG, Pa.: The to whoat Lark sunk this morning in fifteen feet of water. She was not valuable, and very old. Freights very plenty.

THE Scotia is away from Pittsburg for Cincinnati to be rebuilt there. Officers: Noll, master; J. A. Voegely, clerk; Jo and Dave Alexander, pilots; Jno. Oster and Sam Lenkard, engineers.

JOEL WALL'S new boat, J. N. Camden, running on Kanawha River, is 151 feet keel, 25 feet beam and 4 feet hold, built of the best Kanawha oak, and is to ply between Charleston and Parkersburg.

TODAY the Montana leaves New Orleans for this port. That is doing well, but the friends of Progress will not be satisfied till there is a line of St. Louis packets whose time will be to New Orleans—three days.

CAPT. FINNEGAN has chartered the Bertha Lee to run in place of the John U. Moore, which is being improved at Helena, that is, lengthening her "nose" enlarged, to accommodate extra cabin passengers, who are valued patrons of the steamboats.

LOUISVILLE C.-J.: "There is no use in concealing the fact that he is a remarkable man—a man of push, of vim, of character, of business. No man controls as much prosperity as Capt. Tom Leathers." Ah, that's good. It is admitted that a steamboatman is prosperous.

THE Galena River was, a week ago, very low, and the work the dredge-boats accomplished can be plainly seen. All along the bed of the river large holes have been sunk, and the Galena writer curiously remarks, as long as a boat remained over these pits enough water would be found to float a man-of-war.

NEW ORLEANS Democrat, Tuesday: The Montana, Capt. N. Baesen, Clerk J. I. Earl, arrived Sunday night from St. Louis, a little less than eight days out. The Montana came down in the Anchor Line, and it is her first appearance in these waters. She is a new boat, built last year; is a nice, clean-looking boat, with a cozy cabin and inviting-looking state-rooms, and, as may be judged from the little time lost in coming down, is as light as they make them.

BROWN & JONES, the renowned coal merchants of the Mississippi Valley, are highly complimented in the Memphis papers. The Avalanche says: The business of Brown & Jones in the South is managed by the resident Memphis partner, Mr. N. M. Jones, who has for fifteen years past directed the firm's vast interests. Mr. Jones is one of our most active and saracious business men, and in great part the wonderful success of the business in Memphis and all other points in the valley has been due to his admirable management. The firm of Brown & Jones enter on the new commercial year about to do a much larger business in supplying coal than ever before.

ENGINEER BENYEARD says: My examination of the river at Natchez and Vidalia shows a considerable change in the banks above since the survey of last summer, due to the excessive caving that has recently taken place. It is proposed to expend the appropriation as far as it will go in endeavoring to prevent further caving. The distance between the river and Lake Concordia is now but a few hundred feet. I expect to start the forces in this month. The examination of the Bartholomew, Tensas, Macon and Bœuf Rivers will be made in the course of the summer, and the reports thereon will be forwarded to the Department in time for transmittal to Congress early in December.

ED. FLOOD writes from Old River, August 29: All our work for the past week has been on the crossing from the Ash cabin to Chandler's. We have done some good scouring there. There is at present five feet all the way across, with about nine to twelve feet through the gut and eight to twelve feet at the mouth. It is impossible for boats to come in or go out on the eastern or Ash shore, as there is a dry bar there that shuts it off completely. The channel is on the western shore and will remain there. Capt. Leyden, with the dredge Lone Star, has a cut-off on the outer bar nearly completed. There is at present seven feet through it (be cut-off). The river is falling very rapidly.

Shifting Cargoes.

The Norwegian bark Ararat sailed on June [illegible] from this port for Rotterdam with anti-shifters of the Grain Anti-Shifting Association of New York on board. The Committee of Lords have received the following communication from Rotterdam after the arrival of the Ararat at that port:

"I have inspected the anti grain shifters on board said vessel and found the cargo in the right position, just as if it had been put on board that same day. The captain explained the system to me, and has a very high opinion of its efficiency, but only regretted that he had no opportunity to try it, as he had nothing but fine weather on the passage. Capt. Hungerford, of the steamship Borthwick, who accompanied me, agrees with the captain of the Ararat and with myself, that, if properly applied, these shifters will as ver very well, and are to be considered a great improvement."—[Shipping and Mercantile Gazette, London, August 13, 1880.

Since the sailing of the Ararat the anti-shifters have been so perfected, that now the cargoes are tripped immediately after the vessel is finished loading per bulk grain, and as they rest on the loose grain they are free to act the moment the vessel leaves the port. This recommendation, which came from independent insurance inspectors, now being complied with, the shifters are considered perfect.—New York Daily.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follows as a sequence of Self-Abuse: as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. See full list in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Each Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 19 Mechanic Block, Detroit, Mich.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING. TRADE MARK.

ALL SORTS.

IF you have a lot and desire a house built thereon, to be paid for in monthly installments, apply to the St. Louis Mutual House Building Company, Office 513 Walnut st.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 728 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

THE finest imperishable mixed paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.

804 WASHINGTON AVE. Centennial Dental Rooms is the place to get a reliable set of teeth for $7, and extracting free. Gold fillings, $1 50.

STEAMBOATS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

ST LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Judge's Landing, Hasting's, Cap-au-Gris, Mozier's, Clarksville and way landings,
STEAMER DORA,
A. LAMONT.....Master.
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m. from foot of Cherry st.

Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company
For Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
Str. BELLE LA CROSSE.....Best, Master.
Leaves THURSDAY, Sept. 2, at 12 m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk.
Str. WAR EAGLE.....Thompson, Master.
Leaves SEPTEMBER 1, at 4 p. m.
Round trip excursion tickets to all Northern pleasure resorts; privilege returning by river, rail or lake, or all combined.
Through tickets, via river and rail, to Chillicothe, Marshalltown, Council Bluffs, Mason City, Galesburg and all points, at low rates. Call or Guide Book, and general information at Ticket Office, 108 N. Fourth street.
W. F. DAVIDSON, President.

DIAMOND JO. LINE.
For Quincy, Keokuk, Rock Island, Dubuque, La Crosse, St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Str. MARY MORTON.....John Killen, Master.
Leaves FRIDAY, September 3, at 4 p. m. from Diamond Jo Line Wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and Way Landings.
Str. GOLDEN CITY.....Hegler, Master.
Leaves SATURDAY, Sept. 4, 5 p. m.
Str. ANNIE P. SILVER.....D. R. Silver, Master.
Leaves TUESDAY, Sept. 7, at 5 p. m.
S.S. GUIDING STAR.....Miller, Master.
Leaves THURSDAY, Sept. 9, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat, foot of Market street.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Fr. Agt.

MISSOURI RIVER.

Kansas City Packet Company—Star Line.
For Augusta, Washington, Hermann and Way Landings.
Str. MATTIE BELLE.....Ball, Master.
Leaves Thursday 2, at 5 p. m.
For Rocheport, Arrow Rock, Glasgow, Lexington and Kansas City.
Str. FANNIE LEWIS.....Henry Keith, Master.
Leaves THIS DAY, Sept. 2, at 5 p. m. From wharfboat, foot Olive st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agt.
Str. E. H. DURFEE.....George Keith, Master.
Leaves SATURDAY, September 4, at 5 p. m. from wharf-boat foot Olive st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

ILLINOIS RIVER.

For Hardin, Farrowtown, Columbus, Bedford, Montezuma, Glasgow, and way landings.
Str. J. M. KERR.
A. B. Hall, Master. Joe D. Harkins, Clk.
TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 p. m.
WM. RZDPATH, Agent, 810 N. Levee.

OHIO RIVER.

The St. Louis, Cairo and Paducah Packet Co.'s Str.
FANNIE TATUM,
J. A. BRUNER, Master.....T. B. CONWAY, Clerk.
Leaves St. Louis every Saturday at 4 p. m. for Cairo, Paducah and all way landings.
SHUNK & JENKINS, Agents.

FOR SALE—Sternwheel steamer Key West, 200 ft. long, 33 ft. beam, 5 ft. hold, 2 engines, 15 inch cylinders, 5 ft. stroke; 3 boilers 38 inches in diameter, 24 ft. long. Good cabin and outfit and in good order in every respect. Draws 20 inches of water. Inquire of Ward & Brady or Shunk & Jenkins, St. Louis.

FREE OF CHARGE!

All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.

PERSONAL.

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan.

A YOUNG lady wants to form the acquaintance of a gentleman of means. One who is about to leave the city. Address May Howard, city Post-office.

A CIVIL ENGINEER desires the acquaintance of a lady bet. 20 and 30; object, matrimony; address F. Hubbard, this office.

ALL cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ARCHITECT—P. H. MONNERON, first diploma of the school of Beaux Arts, Paris, France, 407 Walnut street.

A FEW more talented young ladies and gents, aged between 16 and 19, to join a dramatic society. Address A 1, this office.

BODEMANN'S GROVE, Arsenal street and the coolest family resort in the suburbs. Good boats on hand. The finest beer on draft always.

CHEAPEST place for paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.

FIRE PLACE HEATERS and hard coal base burners, all styles and prices.
DANA & CO.,
115 and 117 Washington avenue.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

GENTLEMEN correspondents wanted by two sisters, ages respectively 17 and 19. Lulu a blonde, Kate a brunette; address either Lulu or Kate St. Clair, Wellington, Kansas.

LADY, anxious to make the stage her profession, would like to interview some manager as soon as possible; has had some experience; learns rapidly; willing to work hard; will answer by return mail a letter addressed to Comedy, this office.

LETTER in the post office for Miss Rabie H——.

NOTICE.—The public are hereby notified that I have lost scrap ticket No 3424, issued by the Laclede Rolling Mills, and that I have applied for a duplicate ticket. Wm. Hix.

PERSONAL—Finis—10 a. m. Tuesday—Finis!

PERSONAL—Calf shoes $3 50, to measure, at Jno. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Wife wanted; I am young, prosperous and lonely; have saved a few thousands in real estate, and want the acquaintance of a widow or lady with some capital; object, alliance of love and interests; pics. exchanged if desired; address, in earnest, G. G. Gage, this office.

TWO gentlemen desire the acquaintance of two ladies; object, matrimony; address Fred and Tom, this office.

THREE young ladies who met gent on Seventh, near Cerre, Sunday eve, will please be at same place Wednesday, 8 p. m. Something of importance.

UMBRELLAS and Parasols neatly repaired and covered at 920 Washington avenue. Charges moderate.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—In front of the Post-office, two letters and diagram of reel back oven. Owner can have the same by calling at D. J. Blanke's, 312 Chestnut street.

STOLEN—One set of gold-enameled earrings and breastpin, with three small pearls and fringe; also one pair oval-shaped gold bracelets, chased, for which a liberal reward will be paid and no questions asked. Return to Mrs. Dr. Wm. Johnston, 1411 Chestnut st.

LOST—A gold sleeve button, with monogram R. L.; a liberal reward will be paid if returned to Saxony Mills.

LOST—To-day, August 28, 1880, a pocket-book containing bills payable to the undersigned, amounting to $400. Boom or less. All persons are cautioned against paying any bills due me unless receipted by myself or my foreman. A. Kron, 2122 N. Tenth street, St. Louis.

LOST—A ring, with two keys with brass handles; a reward will be given if returned to 3411 Pine street.

LOST—Black Russia leather lady's portmonnaie, on Fourth street, near or on Washington avenue, containing $12 to $14. Finder liberally rewarded at this office.

BOOKS.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street.

AMERICAN Cyclopædia, last ed., sheep, $65. Chambers do. London ed., $23 50. Guizot's France, $25. (Wanted—Standard books for cash.) Dan. Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

COUNTRY BOARDING.

BOARD AT KIRKWOOD.—One or two families can be accommodated. Two large furnished rooms, convenient to the depot. Address Mrs. M. A. Belt, Kirkwood, Mo.

FAMILIES and others desiring to spend a few days' weeks or months in a beautiful and healthy country town twenty-three miles from city can be accommodated at Bishop House, Lebanon, Ills. Rates very low.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A GENTLEMAN wishes a room with partial board in a strictly private family east of Eighteenth street. Address B. L. I., this office.

A PRINCIPAL in St. Louis public schools wants a neatly furnished, comfortable room near Washington University, without board; address immediately B. B., this office.

A GENTLEMAN desires a single furnished room in a private family. Rent not over $5 per month. Address Cloaks, this office.

A GENTLEMAN desires a single furnished room in private family where the comforts of a home can be had. Please state terms and address Blackford, this office.

A FURNISHED room wanted by an artist in return for lessons in portrait and landscape painting; address A3, this office.

A FURNISHED room for single gent; state terms for room, also with room, breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner; address Samuel, this office.

A GENTLEMAN and wife desire good room and board in a private family; ref. exchan ged; address W., this office.

A GENTLEMAN wishes a small room with breakfast in private family. Address C. H., this office.

A ONE furnished room for light housekeeping, within 5 blocks of Fifteenth and Olive. Henry Horn, 8 N. Sixth st.

A PARTLY furnished house, 12 or more rooms. Would board owner. Location must be good. Address F. House, this office.

A ROOM and board for lady in private family, between Twenty-sixth and Thirtieth, Franklin and Olive streets, reference given. M. K., this office.

A THREE unfurnished rooms on the second floor, with water, in a respectable neighborhood; address, stating terms and location, C. H. S., this office.

A WANTED—By a party, without children, for one fur. (chamber) and one or two unfurnished rooms. Ref. ex. Address Blank, this office.

A WANTED—Nice furnished room for one year; centrally located; for man and wife. Must be reasonable. Address, stating terms, Al. X., this office.

A WANTED—Small furnished room by a gentleman who would give lessons in English, German, French or Spanish languages, in exchange or part payment. Address H. R., this office.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

A N 8 or 10 room house wanted, furnished or partly furnished, with privilege of buying furniture if suited. House to be in first-class order, locality between Dayton and Chestnut, Jefferson and Compton avenues. Address for four days, Miss N., West St. Louis.

A N eight-room house with stable wanted; state location and price per month. Address H. C., this office.

A BY a steady tenant, a 2 story 7 or 8-room house in first-class condition (with front or side yard), located bet. Eugenia st. and Washington ave., 20th and 39th sts; address Minister, this office.

A HOUSE with 12 or 14 rooms; location must be good and terms reasonable. Address Bixoy, this office.

BOARDING.

1526 PAPIN ST.—One or two handsomely furnished rooms with board; private family; reference required.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. Reference.

A RELIABLE lady would like several respectable mechanics to board. Address Mrs. F. B., this office.

A PARTY loaning $50 may secure a room with board in a first-class house at $4 per week. Address B., 2835 P. O. box.

A ELDERLY GENT advancing $60, can secure a first-class home in a private family for $4 per week. Answer to-day. H. W., this office.

A FIRST-CLASS party, willing to lend $50 on good security and board it out, can secure a good home at $5 per week in nice private family; address A. M., this office.

WANTED—BOARD.

A HIGHLY respectable young Scotchman desires a home in a private family. Can give reference. State terms and location. Address Scotchman, this office.

A BY a respectable mechanic, a nicely furnished room, with full or partial board, in quiet, private family, ten or fifteen minutes' walk from Summit and Chouteau aves; permanent if suited; address, stating terms, Metz, this office.

A BOARD wanted for lady and child in private family, country or suburbs; state price. B., this office.

A GOOD board and room wanted with a German family. References exchanged. Address "Martel," this office.

A GENTLEMAN and wife desire board in a quiet private family. Will pay $40. Address X. W., this office.

A LADY on daily newspaper staff will pay $20 per month for room with closet and two meals daily. Address F. M., this office.

A WANTS BOARDING—An experienced teacher of music wishes to get board or room, or both, in exchange for lessons. Address X. B., this office.

A WANTED—Single or suite of fur. rooms, with or without board, by gent and wife. Address B. B., this office.

A WANTED—Two or three well furnished rooms, with board for three adults; private family preferred; best references; address Kay, this office.

A YOUNG gentleman wishes to engage two furnished rooms, with board, for himself, wife and two children; location west of Twentieth street preferred; address M. M., this office.

A YOUNG man desires a furnished room within six or seven blocks of the Court-house. Rent must be low and bed-bugs strangers. Address J. P., this office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SWEET SPRINGS HOTEL.
(Saline County, Mo.)
Opens June 5. Pure Air, Good Drainage, Variety of Mineral Waters for Drinking and Bathing. Send for pamphlets to
F. O. IVES, Manager.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$250 WILL purchase forty acres fine timber land three miles from McLeansboro, Ill., near railroad; first-class and title perfect. A. 76, this office.

TWO well improved farms of 80 acres each, in Illinois, in exchange for stock of general merchandise Exchange, this office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

$2000 WANTED at 10 per cent on improved outside city property. Address H. K., this office.

A YOUNG lady, a first-class teacher of voice and piano, wants a good home in a private family, where she might give lessons as part payment. Address F. 39, this office.

A CHILD to wet nurse at home by a healthy, respectable lady. Address Lizzie Bennett, 1311 Morgan street.

GOOD horse and delivery wagon wanted; must be cheap for cash. Address Horse and Wagon, this office.

HAULING and delivery wanted by a young man who can furnish horse and spring wagon. Inquire at this office.

HORSE and buggy for light use for a few months for his keep, or responsible party; best care taken. Address D. A. N., this office.

THE address of some officer or private wanted who was in Company E, 56th Regiment (colored), Mo. Address Johnson, this office.

WANTED—A good single harness; must be cheap. Mack, this office.

WANTED—Horse and spring wagon. Address S., this office.

WANTED—To buy one very small mare pony—Shetland—perfectly gentle to work or ride. Ad. Bank of Keytesville, Keytesville, Mo.

WANTED—To join a party on a prospecting tour through New Mexico and Arizona. Would give services for expenses. First-class references furnished. Address Bonanza.

WANTED—An Upton's Infantry Tactics; must be in good condition; address, with price, B. L. J., this office.

WANTED—To buy the furniture of 8 or 10 rooms in good order; must be cheap; address M. E., this office.

WOULD LIKE TO BUY Second-hand Household Goods for two rooms and kitchen, suitable for light housekeeping. Address Earnest, this office.

WANTED—To take care of furnished rooms or offices. Address B. 2.

WANTED—2d-hand delivery wagon; state price. Address W. T., this office.

WANTED—To buy the team, hauling and good will of a good business house; H. G., this office.

WANTED—Paper route; state full particulars; address A. B. T., this office.

WANTED—To purchase a new or second-hand eight or ten-horse power engine. Apply at 404 N. Second street, up stairs.

WANTED—To buy a small printing press, with type, etc.; address, stating terms, B. K., this office.

WANTED—Foot lathe, portable forge and small tools. J. P., this office.

WANTED—To purchase an enclosed bedstead. Address Mrs. H., this office, stating price and where to be seen.

WANTED—To buy, a horse and spring wagon. Address G. T., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

A GIRL, recently from Ireland, wishes a situation in a private family to wash and iron and do general housework. Address M. J., P.-D.

A YOUNG lady teacher of French, piano and English wishes scholars; also a situation as preceptress in a private family. Address Miss F. du B., this office.

A YOUNG lady desires pupils in music at low rates. Address K. W., this office.

AN industrious young woman wants work for half days, etc.; address Mrs. Earl, this office.

A LADY who has thorough experience wishes situation to superintend in hotel. Address L., this office.

A BY a young girl of eighteen a situation to do housework and washing; 1213 North Eighteenth street.

A DRESSMAKER would like to have few more engagements to fill, $1 50 per day. Address M., this office.

A IMMEDIATELY by a young lady, honorable position in office or store. No. 8, this office.

A LADY of experience wishes to take an agency of an honorable and well paying business. C. B. 126, this office.

A LADY who is a first-class vest maker would like to work with a tailor; address Vestmaker, 1610 Wash street.

A PLAIN sewing by a good seamstress, 1911 N. Tenth street.

A SITUATION by a respectable young lady; will do light house work, and is also a first-class seamstress, in a small family where she will not be considered a servant, and can have occasional use of the parlor. Best of references. Address F. G., this office.

A SITUATION warted in private family by competent young lady to do sewing. Address C. A. Howard, Belleglade ave, West St. Louis.

A SITUATION wanted by a young girl to do general housework; best of ref.; apply at or address 510 Chouteau ave.

A SITUATION as housekeeper in hotel or private family; best testimonials as to capability. Address Housekeeper, this office.

A WANTED—Immediately, by a young lady, a position in an office or store. Frank, this office.

A WANTED—A position as housekeeper for a lady; is competent and experienced; address N. J., this office.

A WANTED—A position by a young lady to take charge of children and teach them the common school branches, or to give lessons in Latin, algebra or arithmetic. Reference given. Address G. L., this office.

A WANTED—Washing to take home by a person of experience and who will work for reasonable pay. Address Mrs. Ellen Fansion, City post-office.

A WANTED—A situation by a first-class seamstress. Address M., this office.

A YOUNG lady thoroughly competent desires pupils in English branches and in music. Apply at 3034 Franklin ave.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

100 WOMEN wanted to peel tomatoes at corner of Second and Wright; good hands can make $1 per day.

1206 WASHINGTON AVE.—Wanted, a house girl or boy at once.

A GIRL 13 or 14 years old to nurse. Apply at No. 2013 Chestnut street.

A THE the Metropolitan Hotel, Springfield, Mo., a good, competent housekeeper. Address Thomas & Co., Springfield, Mo.

A GIRL wanted to do general house work a 3500 Olive street.

A APPRENTICE wanted for dressmaking: 2735 Mills st.

A COOK, washer and ironer for small family; also a girl 13 or 14 years old for nurse; apply Saturday at 2802 Gamble street.

A GOOD girl to cook, wash and iron in a small family; good wages; call room 21, Hotel Barnum, for three days, between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m.

A GOOD machine hand or a good baster wanted; 520 Myrtle, M. P.

A GOOD girl, 15 to 18, to assist in general housework; 1107 Stoddard ave.

A GIRL about 13 years old to assist at housework; call at 3104 Lucas ave.

A GERMAN girl for general housework in small family; must be good cook, washer and ironer; 2720 Washington ave.

A GIRL wanted for general housework at 2022 Rutger street.

A GOOD German or American girl wanted immediately for all work in American family of four; $12 a month; 1300 Armstrong ave. (south 22d st.). bet. Chouteau and Park aves.

A GIRL for light house-work. 910 North Seventeenth street.

A GIRL to do general housework; 1630 N. Ninth st.

A GERMAN girl to do housework. Apply at No. 911 North Twenty-third street.

A GIRL wanted in a small family that can wash and iron. 814 North Twelfth street.

A GIRL to cook, wash and iron at 3307 Morgan street.

A GOOD house girl; permanent place for right one; no cooking, washing or ironing; on line Washington ave. cars; 3137 Lucas ave.

A GIRL to do general housework for a small family; apply to Mrs. Jas. Green, Venard, bet. Main and R. R. sts., First ward, East St. Louis.

A HELP WANTED.—Young girl for housework, 2 in family; apply 2020 Chestnut st.

A HALF-GROWN girl wanted at 2012 Chestnut, to assist in housework.

A LADY of experience wishes a situation at dressmaking; wages not under $15 a week. B. 33, this office.

A NEAT girl for general housework in a small family; address D., 4035 Dickson st.

A OFFICE BOY—Must be 14 years old or more; room 40, 506 Olive st.

A OPERATORS and finishers on white shirts; also will take a learner. Apply to Freeman, 611 North Eighth street.

A PANTRY girl at 612 Pine street.

A SITUATION by a steady woman, to sew and assist in light housework; address Seamstress, 1604 Papin st.

A TWO German girls, one for general house work and one for cook. Apply to 1802 Kennett place.

A WANTED—Nurse girl with reference, German preferred. 2319 Chestnut street.

A WANTED—No. 1 woman cook to go to Texas, in private family; splendid wages. Apply at once, Room 10, 919 Olive street.

A WANTED—Girl for general housework. Harding, 614 Market street.

A WANTED—By a young lady a teacher for the guitar. Address R., this office.

A WOMAN wanted to work in country hotel, 100 miles from St. Louis; must be a good cook; apply Thursday morning, between 8 and 9, at Hurst's Hotel.

A WANTED—A first class dressmaker. Call at Mrs. MacDonald's, Missouri ave., bet. Third and Fourth streets, East St. Louis.

A WANTED—At the English Kitchen, a first-class lady cashier of experience.

A WANTED—A good German girl for general bou ework in family of three; none other need apply; 508 N. Fifteenth street.

A WANTED—Talented ladies and gentlemen for a Variety Company. Answer, giving address and line of business, Manager, this office.

FOR SALE.

A LADY has two pianos will sell one as she has no use for it; not for dealers. Apply at 704 Chouteau ave.

A FOR SALE—Velocipede, good as new, suitable for boy of 8 years; price $3. Allie Cole, 2616 Salomon ave., city.

A FOR SALE.—$5 will buy a serviceable one horse; apply at 2727 Laclede ave.

A FOR SALE—A steam carving table. 721 Olive st.

A FOR SALE—Nice pair black mares, with new buggy and set of harness, all for $300 if sold soon; a genuine bargain; warranted sound; perfect title. F. C. McDonald, 1703 Olive st.

A FOR sale cheap, horse, harness and 3-spring covered wagon; also hawker's licence for three days. Apply to John M. Sullivan, opposite Market-house, East St. Louis.

A FOR SALE—90-egg incubator or egg hatcher to pay charges. Call at 113 N. Tenth street.

A FOR SALE—Hydrometer, for sulphuric or muriatic acid or any fluid weightier than water, with glass tank. Cost $5; will be sold for $2 50. Carbon, this office.

A FOR sale cheap—One United States Flag, 10x15, in good order. J. C. MacDonald, 1710 Morgan street.

A FOR SALE, on account of sickness, a barber shop doing a good business; apply 2212 Cherokee street.

A FIRST-CLASS grocery stand and established family trade for sale; must go away. Address D. A., this office.

A LETTER Press 9½x12½, good as new, with bowl and brush, for sale cheap. L. P., this office.

A NICE house for sale, new, for $2,500, in Stoddard addition. M. 29, this office.

A WILL sell out cheap the contents of two rooms and kitchen for light house-keeping; all new; leaving the city. Apply at 2202 Scott avenue.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce st., N. Y. Send for a circular.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

A YOUTH of eighteen would like to join some good dramatic society; will work hard for its success. Address Member, this office.

A YOUNG Irishman 19½ years old, willing to work, would wish to learn a trade. Address L., this office.

A YOUNG man eighteen years of age wishes a good situation in some wholesale commercial house. Writes a good hand and quick at figures. Address C. H. C. 75, this office.

A FIRST-CLASS flour packer, would not mind going in the country. Address Wm. H. H., Post-Dispatch office.

A YOUNG man, recently from the old country, wishes a situation as assistant clerk or porter in a wholesale warehouse. Reference if required. J. E., this office.

A FIRST-CLASS cigar traveler desires an engagement. Speaks German. Address H. R., this office.

A GENTLEMEN of 20 years' experience in school teaching in Illinois wishes a school to teach. Address Experience, this office.

A YOUNG man, who is a good penman, good accountant and good marker, can furnish good reference, wants employment in wholesale or retail house. Address F. X., this office.

A YOUNG man 25 years of age, well educated, and who writes an A1 hand, desires a situation in an office; two years' experience in law office; references furnished. J. F., Post-Dispatch.

A AN experienced bundle wrapper wants position in retail dry goods house; can furnish good city Dry Goods, this office.

A YOUNG man of good education and several years' experience in first-class choirs desires a position as bass singer in an opera chorus. Address Frank Beaumont, this office.

A BY man, wife and child, 4 years old, a situation in a private family; the man to make himself generally useful, the woman to cook, wash and iron; country preferred; address C. B. D., this office.

A BOY of good habits wants a situation in an office or press room. Address D. Moya, Seventh and Gate streets, city.

A BY a young man, a situation to take care of a horse and cow, or as assistant to a gardener. Address Honest, this office.

A BOY of sixteen, willing to work wants a situation with a merchant or in an office. Best of city references. S. H., this office.

A BY a young man of 20 a position as clerk or bookkeeper; has had 18 months' experience. Add. E. A. J., this office.

A BOOT and shoe salesman with good trade in Kansas desires a position with some good house. J. E. F., this office.

A BY a young man of twenty-one, a steady situation. Writes a good hand; fair at figures. Good references. Please address J. H. D., this office.

A BY a competent book-keeper a position in some good house; no objection leaving city; best references. Address Scribe, this office.

A BY a competent book-keeper, a set of books to write on evenings. G. 23, this office.

A CIVIL engineer wants employment on railroad survey, to run transit or level. Address C. E., 21, this office.

A COMPETENT book-keeper, who speaks German, would work for small compensation. Address Book-keeper, this office.

A DRUG CLERK wants a situation; 6 years; first-class ref.; English and German. Address C. O., this office.

A EMPLOYMENT by a man of business experience and ability; will engage for very low wages; good city references. Address Gordon, this office.

A ENGINEER desires a situation either in city or country; is also a machinist capable of doing all repairing to engine or other machinery. Best of references. Address J. Taylor, this office.

A EMPLOYMENT wanted by a middle-aged man, with best reference, as night or private watchman; address H., this office.

A EMPLOYMENT wanted by a civil engineer on a railroad survey, to run transit or level; address C. E. 21, this office.

A GENTLEMAN possessing business qualifications of a high order, an experienced accountant and cashier, is now open for an engagement; satisfactory references furnished; address Mac, this office.

A HARDWARE clerk wants a situation; 6 years' experience; first class ref.; address E. R., this office, or box 27, Easton, Ill., for one week.

A HONEST and sober German young man wishes a situation as private driver or porter. Address H. P. L., at this office.

A STRONG man wants to learn a trade; would prefer the carpenter's; has some experience, and can drive a horse if required. Address M. H., Post-Dispatch.

A SITUATION wanted by a man competent to take charge of a boarding railroad train; address W. B., this office.

A SITUATION by good bar-tender or grocery clerk; good reference. Address J. K., this office.

A SITUATION as traveling salesman for grocery house; route preferred. S. W. Mo and N. W. Ark.; ref. given. Address S. A., Marshfield, Mo., Box 167.

A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; strictly temperate and a first-class man. Address M. H., this office.

A SITUATION by a young man who is a first-class bar-keeper; can give good reference. Address W. P. M., this office.

A SITUATION by an active, energetic business man as traveling salesman for groceries; can command first-class trade in Arkansas and Northern Texas. Address R., this office.

A SITUATION in a first-class drug store by a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Five years' experience and the best of reference. Address G. F. S., this office.

A SITUATION by boy of about 16 in a printing office; has some experience at news work. Address H. 16, this office.

A SITUATION by florist who understands greenhouse and to raise market stuff. Address Florist, this office.

A SITUATION by young man in some wholesale or retail house; writes fair hand. Addre s C. E. M., this office.

A SITUATION by experienced young man in a grocery or saloon; very best city reference. Address W. T., this office.

A SITUATION by young man in any honorable business; experience in restaurant. Address A. 10, this office.

A SITUATION by young man as collector or office work; can give best of reference and good penman. Address J. V., this office.

A SITUATION by a stogie cigar-maker. Address P. C., this office.

A SITUATION by a boy 14 years of age, willing to do anything but stable work, for $3 a week. Address F. H., this office.

A SITUATION by a boy 17 years of age; speaks English and German fluently, writes fair hand and can furnish good references. Address B. W., care this office.

A SITUATION—Ag driver and to do housework, city or country, by a good man and lady, German, who are able and willing to work. Address C. T., 822 North Eighth street.

A SITUATION wanted by a trustworthy man, who can give real estate security of his own, as clerk, collector, porter, driver, etc.; willing to work at anything; small salary. Fred. B., this office.

A SITUATION wanted by a young Englishman to work in a store; not afraid of work; E. C., this office.

A SITUATION as collector by an experienced man with reference. Address Geo. G. Bernett, 1311 Morgan street.

A SITUATION—By a competent business man, either in the city or on the road. Good local and other references. Address "G.," this office.

A SITUATION wanted by a young man in wholesale grocery, with a view of becoming traveling salesman; 3 years' exerience in retail business; wages no object; best of ref.; address Z. this office.

A SITUATION in wholesale grocery by man of five years' experience and large trade in east, north and central Missouri. Address Z., this office.

A SITUATION wanted by a young man of 18 to do any kind of work; speaks English and German and writes a fair hand; address F. S., this office.

A WANTED—Situation in a law office by a young man who is a No. 1 penman, also a stenographer. Two years' experience. Wages very moderate. Address Law, Post-Dispatch.

A WANTED—Situation in a store by a boy of 16 reference given. Address S. C., this office.

A WANTED—Work as light porter; can read and write well and is temperate, or to drive a team; understands the care of horses thoroughly. Address M. B., this office.

A WANTED—Work by a practical painter and glazier; understands mixing all colors; best of references. Address Painter, this office.

A WANTED—Situation by a young man in a wholesale house; speaks English and German fluently; writes fair hand; wages no object; good references. Address E. W. B., this office.

A WANTED—Situation by a young German, as coachman; 6 years' experience; best of city ref.; address R. I. G., this office.

A WANTED—Situation as private watchman; good city ref.; address T. R., this office.

A WANTED—By a middle aged man a situation in some wholesale drug house; have had some eight years' experience; willing to do any kind of work. Address Jos. R. Backenstose, 2450 N. Ninth street.

A WANTED—Drugs—Position to take charge of store or first clerkship; experience in transient as well as domestic prescriptions. Also something of interest to owner whose business has run down and wishes to move store to better locality in city. Address Drugs, 108 Adolph street.

A WANTED—Position as collector by a young man who speaks both German and English. Can give both bond and reference. Address H. B. M., this office.

A YOUNG man of 5 years' experience in gents' furnishing business wishes a situation in some first-class house, wholesale preferred; best of ref.; address W. H. B. 92, this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

$5 TO anybody who procures me a good situation; address O. S., this office.

$25 TO any one who will procure a situation as clerk, collector, watchman, porter, etc., for a responsible man, with first-class reference and security if required; no triflers need answer. Address G. W. R., Post-office, city.

AN experienced teacher of the German language desires a few more pupils. Address O. G. 8, POST-DISPATCH.

A YOUNG man seventeen years of age wishes a good situation in some wholesale commercial house; writes a fair hand. Address F. 67, this office.

A BOY of 18 wishes a situation in a commission house or railroad office; address Boy, this office.

A BOY of 13 wants a situation as office or errand boy; is experienced; address W. B. Green, 303 Sophia street.

A BY a young man to drive a delivery wagon; best of city references. Address Driver, this office.

A CLERKSHIP with some quartermaster; years of experience; address H. J. S., this office.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

JOSEPH PULITZER,

PROPRIETOR.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

This paper may be found on file at George P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

Postmasters and agents may retain ten per cent of all subscriptions at above rates.

Correspondence and news are always desired, but letters must be brief and must have the genuine name of the author to be considered.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed,

POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth Street.

HOW WE GROW.

Statement of Circulation of the Daily Post-Dispatch for Six Months Ending August 31, 1880.

ST. LOUIS, August 31, 1880.

During the month of March there were actually printed and sold 31,375 MORE copies of the POST-DISPATCH than in February.

During the month of April there were actually printed and sold 10,833 MORE copies of the POST-DISPATCH than in March.

During the month of May there were actually printed and sold 19,504 MORE copies of the POST-DISPATCH than in April.

During the month of June there were actually printed and sold 45,164 MORE copies of the POST-DISPATCH than in May.

During the month of July 24,640 copies less of the POST-DISPATCH were printed than in June.

During the month of August there were actually printed and sold 18,710 MORE copies of the POST-DISPATCH than in July, OR 99,054 MORE COPIES THAN DURING THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY.

For the six months just closed there WERE ACTUALLY PRINTED AND SOLD 394,561 MORE COPIES OF THE POST-DISPATCH THAN DURING THE SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR.

The PERMANENT CITY CIRCULATION BY CARRIERS HAS MORE THAN DOUBLED, AND SHOWS AN ACTUAL INCREASE OF ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THREE PER CENT DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS. THIS DOES NOT IN ANY WAY INCLUDE CIRCULATION BY MAIL, STREET BOYS OR OTHER THAN CARRIERS. JOHN M. MCGUFFIN,
Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this thirty-first day of August, 1880.

IGNAZ KAPPNER,
Notary Public for the City of St. Louis, Mo.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC—Tony Pastor.
BARNUM'S CIRCUS—Afternoon and evening.
UHRIG'S CAVE—Benefit of Light Guards.

IT has been a long while since a Republican newspaper was able to dictate Democratic nominations in St. Louis.

THE Democratic City Convention to-day proceeded with unusual harmony. Boland was nominated for Sheriff on the first ballot.

GOV. ST. JOHN has been renominated by the Republicans of Kansas. This shows the power and fascination of a moustache in politics.

IT hasn't been found necessary yet to call out the militia to protect the Republican party in Vermont from the furious onslaught of the Democratic minority.

IN placing a straight Congressional nominee in the field in the Sixth District, the Republicans have virtually made the Democrats a present of a Congressman.

FAR be it from us to bear malice against a brother of the earth, and yet we wish that somebody would make way with Ayoob Kahn. We are getting monstrous tired of hearing of him.

JUDGE JERRY BLACK has furnished Mr. Garfield with another certificate of good moral character. It is not often that a lawyer sticks to his client so tenaciously for a single fee.

MR. HAYES and his official suite will be in St. Louis in a few days. A Republican glee club should at least meet the party at the railroad depot and chant one of Bard Filley's campaign songs by way of common courtesy.

As the *Westliche Post* has never asked anybody to vote for Arthur, it is presumed that Dr. Preetorius wishes his friends to scratch the odious name off the ticket when voting time arrives. It is only important to vote for the electors.

"CAST a shingle in the Mississippi at St. Louis," said a man of national reputation, "and it will be carried by river and ocean currents to a point nearly opposite New York." Can Chicago say as much? It has the shingle, but the currents are lacking.

MR. HAYES ought to know, if he doesn't, that the great prosperity of the country, which he is so fond of prating about, is due mainly to the Democrats. For twenty years they have been relieved from the cares of office and have devoted themselves diligently to productive industry.

A SOLID page of the Cincinnati *Commercial* was consumed yesterday with an explanation of Garfield's connection with the Washington Paving Ring. It is worthy of remark that no charge has yet been made against Hancock which couldn't be dismissed with a paragraph.

THE New York *Tribune* alludes occasionally to Mr. English's barrel. Mr. English probably has as much right to open his barrel in a close campaign as Jay Gould. It is said that Jay contributed about $50,000 toward the election of Hayes four years ago, and it wasn't honestly obtained money either.

THE Leadvillians this afternoon are shivering around town in their overcoats and hunting through their cellars for the disjointed stovepipe. Snow has fallen, the cold snap has set in and the first nine months, the severest part, that is, of the mountain winter, has begun. Here in St. Louis we have not yet commenced to hibernate and if the weather holds its present altitude we never will.

JUDGE LAUGHLIN certainly deserves commendation for his decision in the Cabell contempt case. It was rendered in the face of his personal and political friends and, as many lawyers think, in opposition to sound law, but it adds greatly to the reputation of the Judge for uprightness and fearlessness. No man on the bench of Judge Laughlin's age could have shown more firmness of character. His sterling integrity, honesty of purpose and usefulness have been thoroughly well established.

A FEW PLAIN REASONS.

We believe the census just taken in St. Louis is incorrect, for the following plain reasons:

1. Because it was taken by utterly and notoriously incompetent men.

2. Because the original enumeration made by Salomon, which forms the basis for the official report, was confessedly erroneous.

3. Because the enumeration of school children in 1878 shows that by the *lowest possible* estimate the city has over 371,000 inhabitants.

4. Because the city census taken by the Mayor in 1866 showed a population which, by natural increase alone, would make very much over 333,000 in 1880.

5. Because, even admitting that 50,000 names were falsely added to the enumeration of 1870, the natural increase and the adding of 30,000 people by new territory would make the population much over 333,000.

6. Because the names in the city directory indicate a population of over 333,000—there being *one-third more names* in the directory of 1880 than in the directory of 1870.

7. Because if the city has a population of only 333,000 the mortality rate would be nearly doubled and made higher than the most sickly city in the world, when every physician knows such is not the case.

8. Because 18,000 new dwellings and residences alone were built during the last ten years.

9. Because the number of registered voters at this election will be more than double the number in 1870.

10. Because every branch of trade, business, industry and manufacture in the city shows an enormous growth and increase.

11. Because if the census of 1880 is correct it would practically show an absolute *decrease*—a manifest impossibility.

12. Because—but enough for to-day. These are not all the reasons that might be given, but they are among the plainest and most cogent.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF SEDAN.

Ten years ago to-day Gen. Wimpffen surrendered 84,433 troops, thirty-nine generals, 230 staff officers and 2,095 subalterns to the Germans at Sedan. The Emperor of the French, who had not, by an unaccountable oversight, fallen at the head of his soldiers, was included in the surrender, and the Napoleonic dynasty was shaken from the throne in the midst of the ruin and disaster it had brought upon France. The Franco-German war which culminated at Sedan began in blundering and incompetency, and could only logically end in misfortune and defeat. The Emperor had concluded that a war with Germany was necessary, not for France exactly, but for the Napoleons, and he eagerly seized the first pretext upon which he could lay his hand, the Spanish succession. The issue was forced upon the Prussians and in a miraculously short time both North and South Germany were marching over the French frontier, never to stop until they came into Paris and crowned their Emperor in the seat of the old French Kings. Having begun the war, Napoleon suddenly discovered that he was totally unprepared for it, and delay and indecision did as much as a demoralized commissary and a paper army to precipitate the Teutonic triumph. The Emperor had trusted to Le Bœuf and the event proved that Le Bœuf was as incompetent as he was rash. Bad organization, imperfect mobilization, disorder and delay held the French army as with a leash until Germany was fully ready to strike its blow. The importance of an early success was simply vital, because upon a victory depended all hope of an Austrian and a Danish alliance. The French army reeled back from its own frontier until the disaster at Sedan, September 1, 1870, necessitated the surrender of the following day. Bazaine, who was a traitor to France that he might be faithful to the Emperor, passed 180,000 more prisoners into Prussian possession, and so with one loss after another the war finally ended.

It ended, but does any one believe this peaceful interval is more than a prolonged truce, during which the French are preparing with a thoroughness worthy of Austerlitz and Jena for another wrestle with the Germans? The war was scarcely over when the country settled down to the hard work of repairing past mistakes; the new army which was created, and which is now in an effective state, will consist in time of war of the grand total of 2,685,000 men. This force will not be the disorganized mob which opposed the Prussians in 1870, but an army officered and maintained for modern war, with its system of mobilization so perfect that it can be massed on the German frontier in overwhelming numbers almost at once. France has learned a terrible lesson, but she has learned it well and it looks as though the time for Prussia to enter the bitter school of experience was coming. General Von Moltke has repeatedly called the attention of the Reichstag to the French armament and he evidently entertains gloomy forebodings of the future. The German people are groaning under the weight of taxation which their standing army implies, while the French are enjoying a flood of prosperity. The gold coin has been so utterly drained from the German coffers that silver and paper are practically the currency of the Empire, and the Imperial bank will, it is said, in a day or two suspend gold payments. Another war between the two great powers of Europe is absolutely inevitable, though it may be distant; and this tenth anniversary of Sedan is not a hopeful feast day for either power. The one has a terrible, a disgraceful defeat; provinces have been wrenched away from it and an enormous sum of ready money mulcted from the people. The other is ruining itself more slowly and more surely with an immense standing army and a burden of taxation that we in America cannot understand. The only salvation for the German Empire is a general disarmament, and that is a consummation which the next decade will hardly see. In the meantime the broad fields of America are filling up with an industrious peasantry driven out of their European homes by the grinding weight of the burdens which are too heavy to be borne, and while possible war darkens every horizon in the Old World, peace and plenty and a long reign of prosperity are assuredly ours.

MOVED by the recent murder of Lawyer Harward, of Brooklyn, at the hands of a gang of street ruffians whom he had thwarted in their designs upon a young woman, the able editor of the Washington *Star* thus muses:

When we contemplate the amount of private sorrow as an outcome of the ignorance and wickedness of the lower strata of society, the thought is sure to rise that perhaps all this latter day tinkering at the limbs and outward flourishes of mundane things is futile, and that our real progress will date from the time when we begin to educate at the bottom. Any civilization which is built up on a ground work of sodden ignorance and malevolence is in a shaky condition. It is as a gilded cupola surmounting a volcano's crater. It may glisten in the sunlight, but there is an element underlying it all which will continue to thwart our plans until, little by little, the cool waters of education penetrate and extinguish the smouldering fires of vice and passion.

We endorse every word of this. With Mr. Hayes we remark, "We must educate! We must educate or we are lost!" But how are we going to educate people who are physically deficient; people who, by reason of the coarseness of the brain fibre, are incapable of receiving the great truths of science and the approved morals of the age? The editor of the *Star* does not strike deep enough in his wild agony. We must discover a process by which every child brought into the world can be supplied with a healthy Websterian brain.

AN animadverting voice from the journalistic catacombs at the corner of Third and Chestnut this morning would seem to call for an explanation of our views touching the great Mississippi River. We are in favor of liberal appropriations to draw snags, deepen the channel, build jetties and generally improve this distinguished water highway. Pending improvements of this character we would like to see a line of swift, light-draft steamers plying between this port and New Orleans. Such an enterprise is now in contemplation. We are endeavoring to stimulate the company. We hope to see the day when magnificent ocean steamers will lie at our port alongside the deep-hulled vessels of the Anchor Line, but there are certain physical defects to be overcome which will absorb time. Meanwhile we would like to see feathery steamboats dancing lightly over the sand-bars, producing but slight displacement and carrying freight and passengers at flat-boat rates. Until the bottom can be scraped out of the river it would be wisdom to build boats suited to the average stage of water.

THE authorities in Buenos Ayres have decided to postpone their International Exhibition till the country becomes a little quieter. This is an indication of great wisdom on the part of the Argentines for which the world at large has not hitherto given them credit, although, if they live up to the terms of the postponement, it will probably be somewhere in the nineteen hundred and odds before the great fair will be held. There is too much ozone in the atmosphere of South America to permit the people to settle down to an Exposition or an orderly circus. The Spanish-American cannot content himself for any stretch of time without proclaiming a revolution and assassinating a President, and this sort of thing is very discomposing on visitors from less enthusiastic climes. A Buenos Ayres exhibition, which would be in a state of siege three-fourths of the time and under martial law all the time, would not be as attractive as an affair of that kind ought to be.

IN the loyal and cultivated State of Ohio there was a display of lawlessness night before last that shames the wildest frontier civilization. In Pickaway county a mob of twelve masked men went to the house of a notorious bully named Tom McDonald, dragged him from a sick bed in the presence of his wife and hanged him to a tree until he was as dead as a smoked herring. McDonald was a drunken, roystering fellow and was in the habit of whipping his neighbors whenever it suited him. If this bit of brutal Ku-Kluxism had taken place down South or in the State of Missouri Republican organs would be at this very moment injuring themselves in an effort to make votes for their party by charging the crime up to Democracy. If they couldn't find politics in the episode they would trace it to a lack of school-houses. With all their intellectuality over in Ohio they still seem to have a fair share of meanness.

BEN. BUTLER is back in his old place as leader of the Democracy of Massachusetts. He had complete control of the Worcester convention yesterday and dictated the State ticket and platform. Hon. Charles P. Thompson, of Gloucester, the nominee for Governor, is an excellent man, and his election is by no means among the impossibilities. Twenty years ago Ben. Butler managed and controlled the Democratic party in Massachusetts as thoroughly as Cedric the Saxon mastered his serfs. It used to be said that he kept the party conveniently small so that the Federal patronage would just about go round. It is to be hoped that he isn't going to revive the old tactics.

THIRTY or forty thousand people assembled at Canton, Ohio, yesterday, the occasion being a Soldiers' Reunion. The Rev. R. B. Hayes was present and delivered an old almanac on the subject of education, interlaced with statistics touching the general prosperity of Hail Columbia, happy land. The massive convocation is now pointed to as an exhibition of the alertness, compactness and energy of the Republican party of Ohio. If the concern had been advertised as a Republican mass-meeting the testimony would have been more valuable.

THERE is too much religion in the Republican party for Bob Ingersoll, and this is probably the last year that he will work with the organization. He has been traveling in New England mostly, delivering Republican speeches and throwing off an infidel lecture wherever a sufficient crowd could be raised. The editor of the *Zion's Herald*, of Boston, denounced him the other day and declared that he was an absolute injury to the Republican party. In reply, Bob said to an audience that attended his infidel show in Boston on Sunday night:

This editor points to me, speaking of what he calls the Republican party, and says it will drive intelligent men from the party if I address them. I suppose he means it will drive the Christians away from the Republican party if I am called upon to address the voters of that party. Just let me say to that gentleman that I don't need the Republican party; I want to say to that gentleman that I want no office, no place at the hands of the Republican party; I want to tell him that, if there were a few more bigots in that party, I would not stay in it. [Applause.] I know hundreds of Republicans, and their Republicanism is the only decent thing about them. I also know hundreds of men within the ranks of the party who are narrow, mean and bigoted, and he is one of them. [Applause.] I know hundreds of real, broad, generous Democrats, and I love them. I go with the party that, in my opinion, stands for the greatest human liberty [applause], no matter whether it is the Republican or the Democratic party. I go where my brain and my heart take me, and I go simply because they do take me. I think ten thousand times as much of liberty as I do of any party; no party owns me; no party has a mortgage on me; I own myself.

We warn Mr. Ingersoll that he is not wanted in the Democratic party. You must get up an organization of your own, Robert.

MR. JOHN W. OVERALL, formerly of this city, has contributed to the *Home Journal* a poem on his friend, the late Adelaide Neilson. He refers to the delicate dusk of her brunette skin; her magnetic Egyptian eyes; her curl-rimmed, low Greek brow, and the tender look which married his glance "in the happy days long syne," but the climax is found in the second verse, to-wit:

Why, Lil, you vie with the marble won
From the old Pentelican hill
And wrought into weird and pulseless life
By the Pheidian craft and skill!

THE color question is raising Cain in the Republican party in the County of Coshocton, Ohio. A short time ago a negro was put on the county ticket with a great flourish. After sober second thought the Republican leaders thought they had made a mistake and requested the fellow to withdraw. He wouldn't do it. Then all the rest of the nominees withdrew and left him alone. He still holds the fort. Three cheers for the indomitable and irrepressible negro!

PRIVATE DALZELL and the Hon. C. I. Filley are both agreed that this must be a singing campaign. The notes of the Republican Glee Club are expected to drown the querulous voice of the man who wants to know about that Credit Mobilier business. It will be gratifying to Dalzell to know that our Missouri Bard has just turned out another stirring song entitled, "We'll Split 'Em Up the Back."

THE many friends of Billy Florence will be pleased to learn that he appeared in London last Monday night as "Bardwell Slote" and escaped with his life. Those Englishmen have about concluded that if they don't endorse one of our plays pretty soon we will give them another pounding.

THE cotton worm costs the South $15,000,000 annually and Le Dook has already spent half that sum in trying to breed a bird that will eat them. He expects to produce the desired result by crossing a bald-headed eagle with the common domestic, tobacco-chewing goat.

JOHN HABBERTON'S new play, "Deacon Crankett," has been tried on a Baltimore audience without producing suffocation. Baltimore seems to be a sort of Foolometer for American playwrights.

IF Gen. Hancock would go to Wisconsin and invite the Fifth Regiment out to take a drink he would probably be forgiven for his cruelty to them when they were dry during the war.

THE Hotel de Paris, at Denver, Colorado—just think of that name—has been reduced to ashes. Peace to its hashes.

PERSONAL.

—Mme. Cespedes, the widow of the Cuban patriot, and a beautiful and graceful woman, is staying with her two children at Saratoga.

—A Philadelphia clergyman is preaching what he calls sermonettes—little sermons. The sermonette contains a religionette—a very little religion.

—It is said that Hamilton Fish spent more money in Washington while he was living there than is spent by all the members of the present Cabinet.

—The Princess Zorka, of Montenegro, is seventeen years old, and is a well educated and beautiful girl. She is to become the wife of the new ruler of Bulgaria.

—Mr. Frederick A. Potts, the Republican candidate for the Governorship of New Jersey, is a tall, slender, dignified man, with gray hair and closely-trimmed whiskers.

—It is a noticeable fact that in South Carolina nobody lower than a Colonel ever shoots at anybody, or is shot. Plebeians are comparatively safe in that section, but the trouble is that there are no plebeians.

—Ex-Mayor Vaux, of Philadelphia, tells how he danced with the present Queen Victoria when she was only a girl and he was visiting England. In 1842 Mr. Vaux was one of the associate editors of Graham's Magazine, with Poe.

—Lotta is on her way home from Europe, and a New York paper announces that "she brings with her several novelties for use in her plays." This means, of course, that we are going to see something new in the shape of striped stockings this winter.

—Hanlan has left for England and Courtney is reported to be practicing swimming every day. When we remember what violent storms sometimes occur on the Atlantic in September, and how easy it is for swimmers to get the cramp, things do not look so very dark after all.

—Joe Emmet, during his recent voyage to Europe and back and his two weeks' stay in England, totally abstained from liquor, and expressed the belief on his return that his old appetite was cured. He landed in New York on the 13th of August, and in just one week his old habit overmastered him.

—The wonderful boy violinist D'Albert, who is becoming so popular in England, is said to be, in spite of his genius, a "thorough boy, laughing, joking, up to any fun." But the moment he comes to the piano he is like an Arab horse with thrilling nerves and eyes dilated.

—Miss Beatrice Trollope, daughter of Mr. T. Adolphus Trollope, the novelist, has just been married in Paris to Mr. Charles Stuart Wortley, a member of Parliament. The bride was given away by her father and wore a frock of cream-colored muslin, her bonnet being trimmed with orange blossoms.

Mr. Filley's Very Latest.

KIRKWOOD, MO., September 1, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

You gave only the refrain in your issue this evening. Here are four stanzas of the latest Phyllian production:

"My dear," said Columbia, one day to her spouse,
"A new pupil is coming into the White House,
We'll have to be prudent in providing for him,
But Rutherford's breeches will fit little Jim.
The neat little breeches,
The dear little breeches,
The star-spangled breeches will fit little Jim.

"Our James has disabled his pants at the seat
In the games played upon the De Golyer paved street,
And in such condition they're not very trim,
But Rutherford's breeches will fit little Jim.

"Reconstruction in patches has made them quite warm;
All the little holes darned with the yarn of Reform:
So his eyes they will glisten with joy to the brim,
When Rutherford's breeches are fitted to Jim.

"And if in the future they should hapless get torn
Mobilier facings, as he has formerly worn,
Can be used in the mending, though in texture 'tis slim,
And we'll fix Ruthie's breeches so they'll always fit Jim.
The neat little breeches,
The sweet little breeches,
The Reform-mended breeches which fall to our Jim."

The Phyllian muse is still in the throes of parturition. Yours, A. F. H.

Falsifying the Record.

From the New York Sun.

John Sherman made a speech for Garfield at Cincinnati last night. "Hayes was elected," he said. That is false. John Sherman knows that it is false. Every voter who listened to John Sherman's speech knows that it is false. Hayes was not elected.

Really Funny.

From the Washington Post.

The best piece of quiet humor that has appeared this season appears to miss that general appreciation which it richly deserves. We refer to the solemn statement that overwork has undermined the health of a State Department official.

Van Horn's Dilemma.

From the Kansas City Times.

The spectacle of the venerable Van Horn pausing at the cross-roads and debating mentally whether he'd better take the highway leading to the Governorship or the tow-path leading to Congress, is indescribably touching.

Will Find a Man.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Will You Love Me When I'm Old?" is the title of the last song sent to this office. We can't promise, but in case the job is too heavy one of the Bartlett boys can be called over from England.

Married at Last.

From the Troy Times.

Married, at Faneuil Hall, Boston, on Saturday night, August 28, 1880, the Widow Butler and the Democratic party. And may God have mercy on both their souls.

At a Low Ebb.

From the New York Tribune.

Social gossip in St. Louis has reached a low ebb. An elopement of an apple woman and an Italian barber is seized upon by the local editor as a boon.

Joke on the Fool Organ.

From the Chicago Times.

A St. Louis setter gave birth to thirteen puppies the other day. "We must have a new census," cries the St. Louis Republican.

One Man Convinced.

From the Chicago Times.

It is sagely remarked for Wade Hampton that he is convinced "silence is golden unless you can depend on the reporter."

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

The Fourth District Police are getting up a photograph gallery of themselves.

The work of improving Dock street between Broadway and Second street was begun this morning.

There is a great resemblance between Judge J. H. Buenemann and the next President, Gen. W. S. Hancock.

Last night the pay car on the W., St. L. & P. R. R., left to settle with the "boys of the rail" on the route north of this point.

The new Lowell Soap Works are now complete and are the largest in the city. The first run of soap was turned off this morning.

Work on the new paper mill at Second and Dock streets will begin next Monday, and it is expected that it will be in running trim by November 1.

On account of the rain-storm last evening, the rally of the Eighth Ward Hancock and English Club has been postponed until to-morrow evening.

A splendid organ has been placed in the lodge rooms of Covenant Lodge, No. 50, United Workmen, and the meetings now are more than usually interesting.

Between this and next Wednesday some 3,000,000 feet of lumber is expected from the upper rivers. There is now in rafts on the landings over 2,000,000 feet.

This morning an eight-year-old daughter of Mrs. Annie Parr, of 3407 North Ninth street, fell from a chair at the breakfast table and dislocated her right knee joint.

This morning at 9 o'clock William Hubeler, an employe of the Northwestern Mills, had his right foot terribly crushed by a piece of iron accidentally falling upon it.

To-night the members of Mound City Lodge, No. 276, Odd Fellows, will work in the initiatory degree, and a large number of visitors are expected to witness the interesting ceremonies.

The School of Midwives at 2022 North Ninth street has opened a free clinic for the treatment of the poor daily from 2 to 3 p. m., and such patients as are unable to attend the clinic will be visited at their homes.

The celebrated horse George, of No. 8 engine, on Twelfth and Salisbury streets, which was so severely burned at the lumber yard conflagration on Bremen avenue, died this morning, and another is dying.

Saturday evening, Misses Flora and Emma Zwilow, twin sisters, will celebrate their sixteenth birthday in grand style at their parents' residence, 3813 N. Seventeenth street. The parlors will be decorated with flowers, etc., a band of music will be in attendance, and an excellent repast set for the invited guests, and all in all it will be one of the society events of the season in North St. Louis.

East St. Louis.

The East St. Louis elevator is still going at full speed and is in want of men.

Charles Leaham received a scalp-wound a few days ago while trying to shift a belt with a stick.

Tom Enwright, who has occupied a cell at the station house, has been released, having worked out his fine.

Depot Master McDonough, of the Relay, and family, returned this morning from the Green Mountains, greatly improved in health.

A young son of Mr. John Eggleson, of Fifth and Illinois avenue, was buried to-day, a large number of friends of the family being in attendance at the funeral.

Pat. Healy, son of Deputy Sheriff Healy, who was prostrated with a serious illness last Tuesday has greatly improved, and will be about in the course of a week.

Frank Hasher, who was arraigned before 'Squire Graney yesterday on two charges, was fined $5 and costs for one offense and according to a decision rendered this morning was discharged from the other.

The heavy rainfalls of the past few days have done an enormous amount of good besides the excellent scavenger work about East St. Louis. The cisterns about the city, which were very nearly dry, are now almost full.

During the month of August ninety-seven arrests were made by the police, ninety-three of which were males and four females. In the list of charges twenty-three are credited to drunk and disorderly, twenty-one to disturbing the peace and sixteen larceny.

James Gray entered Sippe's saloon, on Missouri avenue and Rock road, and fell asleep there. When Mr. Ferdinand Sippe attempted to wake him up he became disorderly and attempted to hit him with a chair. He was afterwards arrested with an open knife in his possession. This morning he was put under $100 bonds to appear before the grand jury.

New Accusations.

Timothy Murphy, a railroad engineer, asked the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney for a warrant for Pat O'Connell, the proprietor of a saloon on Sixth street, between Morgan and Franklin avenue. Murphy said that some time ago he was robbed of $40 worth of clothing while rooming at O'Connell's; that he reported the occurrence to O'Connell, who informed him that the value of the goods would be deducted from his bill for rent, and long before the time sufficient to cover his loss had expired, and while he was away from town, O'Connell seized his trunk for rent, and that when he obtained a writ of replevin his property was hidden so that it could not be discovered by the Constable and his deputies. After some conversation with the attorney Mr. Murphy left, probably for the purpose of trying to effect a compromise with O'Connell.

Frank Barry, whom Officer Dan. Walsh arrested last evening, is charged with the theft of a bottle of wine, forty-one cigars and $2 90 from John Lavezza, a saloon-keeper at Seventh and Pine streets.

John Bauer is under arrest for stealing an iron harger from Milton Dixon.

Nicholas Flickner and George Going are accused of the larceny of a silver watch and a gold breast-pin from M. McGrath, of No. 500 Tayon avenue.

A warrant charging August Schofen with assault with intent to kill, has been issued at the instigation of Peter Dowey.

Broke Jail.

Six prisoners broke jail at Edwardsville, Madison county, Ill., last night, and this morning Sheriff Cooper is busy notifying the police within a radius of a hundred miles. The men wore carpet slippers and brown overalls much faded. A more definite description of the men will be forwarded to the different towns by mail to-day, and the lucky man that captures the gang will receive ten dollars per head.

THE CITY TICKET.

[CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.]

Public Administrator.

Judge Wm. C. Jones briefly put in nomination Martrom D. Lewis, and upon motion of Mr. Sheehan, of the First Ward, the secretary was instructed to cast the vote of the convention for him.

Coroner.

W. H. Cloptor, on behalf of the Second Ward, placed in nomination Dr. Sylvester G. Nidelet, paying a most glowing tribute to the veteran surgeon.

W. P. Bently placed in nomination Dr. Wm. C. Green, of North St. Louis.

Mr. Phenix, of the Tenth Ward, seconded Dr. Green's nomination.

The Fourteenth Ward seconded the nomination of Dr. Nidelet.

Mr. J. J. McGaffy made a strong presentation of the claims of Dr. Justin McCarthy.

Silas Dooley put Dr. Barbee in nomination. Judge Dryden raised the question of Dr. Barbee's eligibility upon the score of being a member of the House of Delegates. Mr. Dooley replied that Dr. Barbee had obtained the opinion of the City Counselor to the effect that he is eligible to hold the position. There was some further debate upon this subject, during which Judge Jones stated that the Coroner, being a State officer, is not in any manner affected by any provision of the scheme and charter. The first ballot resulted in the election of Dr. Barbee, who received 56 votes, Nidelet 26, McCarthy 21, Green 7.

The Central Committee.

The ticket being finished, the spectators began to file out in large numbers. The president then announced that the chairman of each delegation name a member of the Central Committee, and the following names were selected:

First Ward—Frank D. Turner.
Second Ward—Harry G. Keevil.
Third Ward—Lawrence Kenny.
Fourth Ward—Edward Devoy.
Fifth Ward—Albert Hercules.
Sixth Ward—James H. Gallagher.
Seventh Ward—Barney Thorman.
Eighth Ward—David C. Marsh.
Ninth Ward—George F. Doyan.
Tenth Ward—Andrew Blong.
Eleventh Ward—Albert Schwind.
Twelfth Ward—John Carroll.
Thirteenth Ward—Adolph Druiding.
Fourteenth Ward—Dan. Kerwin.
Fifteenth Ward—Bernard Clarke.
Sixteenth Ward—John Ernst.
Seventeenth Ward—John Clark.
Eighteenth Ward—Thomas Farrelly.
Nineteenth Ward—Michael Mackey.
Twentieth Ward—Wm. Stanton.
Twenty-first Ward—Chas. H. Agnew.
Twenty-second Ward—Michael Callahan.
Twenty-third Ward—Wm. Huber.
Twenty-fourth Ward—Peter Laurie.
Twenty-fifth Ward—Theo. Schoenlen.
Twenty-sixth Ward—W. L. Hawkins.
Twenty-seventh Ward—Silas W. Dooley.
Twenty-eighth Ward—Michael Reilly.

During the call of the wards a delegate from the Ninth arose and wanted to know what was to be done in the case of the Ninth Ward. Three of the delegates were in favor of Mr. Doyan and two were opposed to his return. The Chair decided that the majority of a delegation had the right to name the member, and Mr. Doyan went on the list.

Legislative Convention.

The Chair announced that the delegates to the convention from the First Representative District will meet at Anthony & Kuhn's hall to-morrow at 8 o'clock, to nominate four candidates for the Legislature.

The delegates in the Second Representative District will meet at the Democratic headquarters to-morrow evening at eight o'clock to nominate four candidates to the Legislature.

The delegates in the Third Representative District will meet to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock to nominate four candidates for the Legislature.

The delegates in the Fourth Representative District will meet at the southwest corner of St. Louis and Grand avenues to-morrow at 8 o'clock to nominate three candidates.

Senatorial Conventions.

The Twenty-ninth Senatorial District Convention will be held on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, at Anthony and Kuhn's hall.

The Thirty-first Senatorial District Convention will be held at Democratic Headquarters on Saturday at 8 p. m.

The Thirty-third Senatorial District Convention will be held at St. Louis and Grand avenues Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Committee Called.

The old and new Central Committees were requested to meet at Democratic Headquarters to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

Adjournment.

Chairman Slayback returned his thanks to the convention for the good order maintained and the convention adjourned with three cheers for the ticket.

The Scene in the Hall

previous to and at the opening of the convention was neither lively nor exciting. About one-third of the space reserved for the spectators was occupied by persons who watched the performance with little interest. Towards the front of the hall, and around the stage, the candidates clustered like flies around sugar, and so eager were they in their attentions to the delegates that for a time after the opening the action of the convention was hampered and delayed. At last an irate delegate from the Ninth Ward loudly insisted that nobody but delegates be allowed within the space allotted to members, and, this order being enforced, everything went on smoothly. Many of the candidates are present in the hall, and are easily recognizable by the look of weary anxiety in their countenances. Rumors of changes among delegations, which would be wonderful if true, are continually putting the lobby into a flutter, and the excitement among those personally interested is at a white heat. The general desire seems to be to get down to business, and when Judge W. C. Jones moved that all resolutions be referred to a committee of five, announcing that his intention was to expedite matters, the remarks were received with loud applause.

In the Lobby.

Among the prominent Democrats in the lobby were Col. A. W. Slayback, W. C. Hobbs, Frank D. Turner, A. J. Clabby, Nic. Bell, Dr. Lynch, A. N. Merrick, W. P. Bentley, Peyton Jones, Henry Schnaider, Vernon Knapp, John W. O'Connell, Jerry Ryan, Ashley Cabell, Shepard Barclay, B. P. Tasfie, W. B. Thompson, Robert M. Foster, Josh Ladue, Delegate Michael O'Malley, John L. Martin, Dan'l O'Connell Tracey, Jeff Chandler, Tim Ryan, J. H. Hawley, J. J. McGarry, Morrison Renshaw, Joseph McIntyre, Circuit Attorney Normile, M. J. Mullery, Harrison J. Baldwin, Walter C. Carr, Hon. Charles P. Johnson, E. C. Cabell, James Coff, Tom Hogan, Jr., Barney Slevin, Col. Dan Able, Henry Baggott, R. U. Leonori, John D. Finney, James McCaffrey, John Drake, P. J. Curran.

The Nominees.

MORGAN BOLAND.

Morgan Boland, who was chosen as Democratic nominee for Sheriff, is comparatively a young man. He is only thirty-eight years of age. Mr. Boland is a native of Springfield, Missouri, and has lived in St. Louis constantly since the war. He has been on the St. Louis police force for seventeen years, seven years as patrolman and ten as sergeant, and during all this time there has never been a charge preferred against him. His record is one of the most excellent in the department and his friends justly claim that this is an evidence of what he will be in a more exalted station. Mr. Boland only missed the nomination the last time by a very few votes, and his exertions in the southern end of town largely contributed to the Democratic success.

W. H. HORNER.

The nominee of the convention for Circuit Judge is a Virginian by birth, but he was raised in Wisconsin, of which State his father was Governor. He has lived for many years in St. Louis, and is related by marriage to the Lucas family here. Mr. Horner only missed the nomination last year by two votes. He is thirty-eight years of age, and has a very fine legal practice.

JUDGE J. G. WOERNER.

who was renominated by acclamation to the seat which he now holds on the Probate bench, is the oldest man on the ticket. He has served in the Legislature and State Senate, and has been a consistent Democrat all his life.

SAMUEL ERSKINE,

the nominee for Circuit Attorney, is a young man of thirty odd. A native of Ireland, he came to this country when very young and taught school in Wisconsin for several years. He then came to St. Louis and engaged in the practice of law, at which he has been successful. Mr. Erskine at present holds the position of Prosecuting Attorney of the First District Police Court. He is known as a lawyer of great information and deep reading, and his sequaintance with criminal law especially fits him for the position to which the party has called him.

E. A. NOONAN,

the next Assistant Circuit Attorney, came to St. Louis from Indiana. He married in this city, and has a very wide circle of friends. Mr. Noonan has already filled the post to which he has been renominated for the past four years to the thorough satisfaction of the people. Mr. Noonan is a young man, like the other nominees.

M. D. LEWIS

has already filled two terms as Public Administrator and he has become so associated in the public mind with the office that his nomination was by acclamation. He is St. Louis county born and has now been forty odd years in the harness.

DR. A. B. BARBEE,

the candidate for Coroner, resides at Taylorwick Station, and has a large practice in the West End, where he is very well known. He is fifty-two years old and has been a resident of St. Louis for a very long time.

Lucky Schoenfeld.

The only business transacted by the Court of Criminal Correction this morning was the dismissal of the case of Louis W. S. Schoenfeld for want of prosecution. The defendant and a man named Marks Gumpert were arrested about three weeks ago for swindling Wm. Ammon, a farmer from Kentucky, of some $700. Ammon declared his intention of instituting a criminal posecution and accordingly Detectives Lawler, Hennessy, Rahill and O'Neil, in conformity to the custom which now obtains, preferred against Schoenfeld and Gumpert the charge of being vagrants, associating with gamblers and other bad characters at the gambling-house No. 911-2 North Sixth street. A trial of the cases before Judge Jecko, in the First District Police Court, resulted in each party's conviction and the imposition of $500 fines. Appeals were immediately taken. Gumpert's case is still on the docket, not having been called for trial. The other came up this morning, but Wm. Ammon, the chief, witness for the prosecution, was not in present, and, therefore, the order for dismissal ensued.

CITY PERSONALS.

W. H. Kerkhoff, agent for R. Hoe & Co., is at the Lindell and will remain several days.

Com. Lyndon A. Smith is now actively engaged in canvassing for the Republican nomination to the City Marshalship.

Chief McDonough returned from the East this morning, and appears to have greatly improved in health during his absence.

Mr. John J. Collins leaves town this evening for Utica via New York, where he joins Mr. John McCullough's company, which opens in Utica on Monday next. Mr. Collins resumes the important position of stage manager.

Nearly Drowned in the Street.

Tuesday evening, about 8:30 o'clock, as the family of Capt. W. J. Dougherty was returning home, having alighted from a Chouteau avenue car, corner of Jefferson and Chouteau avenues, Mrs. Dougherty and child walked into a pond of water on the crossing and came near being drowned. Mr. Dougherty got the child out, and was assisted to get his wife out by Charles T. R. Futher, who chanced to pass, and who kindly drove the wife and child home, to 2607 Park avenue. The child is very sick from the effects of his ducking.

New Buildings.

J. B. Kaken is expending $500 in altering saloon southwest corner Third and Poplar streets.

M. Segu is building a dwelling, at a cost of $3,000, on the northeast corner of Geyer avenue and State street.

Thos. Green was given permission to-day to put $200 worth of repairs on stable in block bounded by Eighth, Ninth, O'Fallon and Biddle streets.

New Suits.

Margaret McCahill and Philip McCahill bring suit against W. P. Mullen on a deed of trust given by the plaintiffs to the St. Louis Co-operative Building Association for $6,375. There are a number of credits mentioned on the petition, but they still ask for $2,215 69. George Wilson against Peter Connolly is a suit in ejectment. John Hills and W. Hills against John S. Hood and Alex. McMullen is a suit on a note for $895 95.

The Grades of Wheat.

The directors of the Merchants' Exchange have refused the petition asking that a vote be taken on lowering the grades of wheat. A new petition was in circulation to-day asking that a meeting of the Exchange be called, at which the question of voting on the grades will be put to the members, and if they decide to take the vote it will be put to ballot in a few days.

The U. S. Commissioner.

Clint Easly, of Dunklin county, was brought up before the United States Commissioner to-day on a charge of selling liquor without a license. He was held in $500 bond to await the action of the United States District Court. William Dohl was arrested by a Deputy Marshal yesterday at Barnum's show for selling whisky without license. He will probably be released on his own recognizance.

Wanted at Home.

Louis Rangley, tall, slim, dark complexion, sixteen years old, dressed in dark clothes, a white shirt, a black slouch hat and owning a brass watch and a chain—this is the description of the boy who ran away from his home at the St. Joe lead mines in St. Francis county recently, and is supposed to have come to this city.

Postal Statistics.

The statistics for the month of August show a larger increase in receipts in the Post-office over a corresponding time last year. The increase in money orders over August, 1879, is $107,389 92. Increase in payment over same month of '79, $115,018 98. Increase in mail matter received for delivery 92,928 pounds.

The Probate Court.

Business in the Probate Court, to-day, was very slack. No letters were granted and only one will, that of Jacob Bruening, filed for probate.

For a large, sweet 5c loaf, try our Vienna cream bread. See label. Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE police will be paid for the month of August to-morrow.

THE Missouri Pacific Road will put on, in a few days, two more trains, to run regularly to Kirkwood.

YESTERDAY Mrs. Hoffman, who is sixty years old, fell down the stairs at her home, 823 Wright street, and broke her right leg.

THREE children, aged 13, 10 and 3 years, and their mother, Lucy Coleman, are living in destitute circumstances at 1109 N. Twelfth street.

NEXT Sunday the Western Rowing Club will have one of its jolly revivals. The regular monthly meeting will be held to-morrow evening.

THE police are engaged in ferreting out persons who were omitted in the late census for the supposed purpose of securing a new enumerstion.

O. PARKER, a peripatetic preacher, this morning caused a drunken teamster named John Meeney to be arrested by Officer Mason for beating two horses on the head with the butt of a whip.

AN inquest by Deputy Coroner McBride over the body of Sophia Ellen Cane, a colored child, developed the fact that it died of whooping cough, after taking a quantity of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, at 3114 Virginia street, yesterday afternoon.

THE various departments of the approaching Fair are filling up rapidly, and Secretary Kalb says he was never busier in his life. The cattle department will be a great feature this year, as applications for stable room are pouring in from all sides.

CLINT. EASLEY, of Dunklin County arrested yesterday for selling liquor and tobacco without a license, was arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Selby this morning and released on bonds for his appearance at the next term of the District Court.

CHARLES CATLIN, a colored man, brought a farmer's wagon into collision with a buggy occupied by Mrs. Rude, wife of John Rude, the Councilman, living at 522 South High street, near Lucas Market, this afternoon. One of the buggy's wheels was broken, and because of this Catlin was arrested.

THE result of an inquest by the Coroner this afternoon was the verdict that Sidney J. Hall came to his death yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, in the wholesale dry goods house of Wear, Boogher & Co., from the effects of a fracture of the base of the skull and other internal injuries caused by an accidental fall down the hatchway.

Preparing for the Campaign.

A half dozen Democratic employes in the Collector's office have been discharged by Mr. Rosenblatt. Among those whose heads fell were Messrs Dunn, Parker, Ryan and Lennan.

Bob Boggs' Adventure With a Dog and What Came of It.

Farmer Boggs resides a few miles back in the country, and among his other possessions an irrepressible, wide-awake fifteen-year-old boy known as "Bob" figures conspicuously. The youthful heir is rather prone to mischief, but the end is not always bad, as you will see. The old man made Bob put on his best "Sunday go-to-meetin'" suit yesterday and started him over to a neighbor's house on an errand, with the parting injunction, "Behave yourself and hurry back." Bob started out determined to make a good record for himself for once, but the sunshine was bright and the birds were singing such joyous songs that the imp of mischief asserted his power, and when a convenient orchard loomed up to Bob's vision he determined to fill his pockets with rosy apples then and there. He accomplished this and started back for the road, but just as he was climbing the fence the farmer's dog spied him, and when our young friend did get over, the most important part of his pants was missing, not to mention the sad condition of his jacket. The result was that the old man dressed him down beautifully with a convenient sprout, and this morning found them bright and early looking through the magnificent stock of boys' clothing at the "Famous." A selection was soon made, and Bob returned home happy in the possession of an elegant all-wool Sunday suit. When the "old man" paid the bill, and found the price was only $7 50, his astonishment was great, and he declared that Bob's adventure with the dog was a fortunate circumstance, as it induced him to examine the most complete stock of boys' clothing in the West. He says he'll name his next dog "Famous."

City Collections.

The receipts in the City Treasury to-day were: Recorder of Deeds, $50 25; City Marshal, $140 00; Jailer Ryan, $7 35; City Collector, $13,173 55; total, $13,371 15.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Afghanistan.

LONDON, September 2, 2:30 p. m.—The Viceroy of India telegraphs that General Stewart's rear guard arrived at Dalla Wednesday (yesterday). Reports from Cabul say all is well there.

The Ameer is assiduous in personally conducting public business. Trade is reviving and goods arriving from Jellalabad. Colonel St. John reports Ayoob Khan's forces consist of four thousand regulars, four regiments Ghazis (whereof one-third have fire-arms), 2,000 cavalry and twenty-eight guns. Ayoob Khan has written to Gen. Roberts an apologetic letter saying he was forced to fight. Gen. Roberts replied that he (Ayoob Khan) must surrender unconditionally.

England.

MONSTER MEETING.

LONDON, September 2.—The Ennis branch of the Land League is organizing a monster meeting for the 19th inst. Various branches of the league throughout the country will be represented.

Spain.

MADRID, September 2.—The wooden bridge over the river Ebro, near Logrono, fell today while a battalion of troops was crossing. One Captain, three Lieutenants and sixty-four men were drowned.

Chili.

LONDON, September 2.—A Valparaiso dispatch says Chili proposes to annex Bolivia and retain Tarapaca until Peru pays the indemnity.

Stolen in England.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Superintendent Walling received to-day from England copies of a circular with a full list of stolen articles as follows: Two diamond bracelets with diamond brooch center, one diamond brooch with octagon ruby center, one square diamond brooch that has contained a miniature, a large sapphire stone set in a gold brooch, one diamond tiara, three small diamond clasps, silver gilt mounting of a flagon set with precious stones, large seal with ivory handle carved with Satyr's head, one gold pencil case with stone seal on top of anchor and portcullis engraved on it, twelve tablespoons, one sugar basin, one pair of sugar tongs, all of silver, engraved with Earl's coronet and lion's head.

Massachusetts Democratic State Ticket

WORCESTER, MASS., September 2.—The complete State ticket as named by the Democratic Convention is as follows: For Governor, Chas. P. Thompson, of Gloucester; Lieutenant-Governor, Alpha E. Thompson; Secretary of State, Michael C. Donahue; Treasurer, Francis J. Parker; Auditor, Charles R. Field; Attorney-General, P. A. Collins; Electors at Large, Josiah G. Abbott and Jonas H. French.

Scaring the Chinese.

NEW YORK, September 2.—An Ontario dispatch says nine Chinamen at work on the Canada Pacific railroad and standing on the rock over a blast when a premature discharge took place were hurled into the air. Two had their skulls fractured. The friends of the men seized the picks and axes and started to wreak vengeance on the foreman of the gang of white men. They chased him several miles, but he finally escaped.

Piano Case Factory Burned.

FITCHBURG, MASS., September 2.—The piano case factory at Leominster, owned by Steinway & Co., of New York, was burned this morning. Some of the workmen saved their tools, and unfinished cases were saved, but the building, machinery and some of the tools and most of the stock are a total loss, estimated at $15,000; insurance $13,000.

Political Amenities.

TOLEDO, O., September 2.—The Fifth Ward Republican Club, while marching last evening, were assaulted with sticks and stones, injuring some of those in the ranks. A Democratic crowd was assaulted in a similar manner some time since while holding a meeting at the post-office.

Seriously Ill.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, the well-known Universalist, is seriously ill. He is reduced in weight from 220 pounds a few weeks ago to 140 pounds.

Nominated.

BALTIMORE, September 2.—The Democrats of the First District have nominated Geo. W. Covington for Congress.

W. C. LITTLE. H. E. WEBER.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Something of a dull day in local banking. Demand moderate for discounts and offerings large of loanable funds, but rates maintain a firm front, and still quoted at 5@6 per cent on call loans, and 6@8 per cent on time paper. New York exchange nominally $1 50 discount, but very dull and no sales reported.

Robert E. M. Bain, foreign exchange, 104 N. Third street, reports: September 2.—Prime bankers' sterling, 481@483¾; commercial 60-days, sterling, 479@479½; do demand sterling, 481¼@481¾; do 60-days francs, 530@527½; do demand, do. 525@525¾; do 60-days reichs marks, 93¾; do demand do. 93¾; do guilders and florins, 39¼@39½. Market dull and steady.

COMMERCE.

On 'Change.

MORNING BOARD.

Wheat—An unsettled feeling prevailed in No. 2 red futures, and cash was weaker, selling rather quietly at 89¾@90¾. September ranged from 89¾@89¼, closing at 89¼ asked; October at 90¾ to 90½; November at 91½ to 91½; year at 89½ to 89. No. 3 red and No. 4 were in active shipping and order request, with some demand from millers, and competition between these buyers advanced their value, No. 3 red selling at 84½@83¾, closing at 84¾ and 83½ according to location, and No. 4 at 81¼@81½. No. 2 Mediterranean sold at 88 and No. 3 do at 84½@83½.

Corn—Encouraged by better advices from other markets and stimulated by a good demand and scant offerings, prices advanced. Grade No. 2 mixed was scarce and sold quick at 36@36½c. Futures were irregular, though closing considerably above yesterday. September sold at 35½c, but nominally worth 36¾c later; October at 37½@38c, closing at 37¼c; November at 38½c; December at 37¾@38¾c; year at 35¾@36½c. No. 2 white mixed ranged from 37¼c to 38¾c.

Oats—The feeling was excited and market buoyant and stiff, with an active and very pressing demand, but few sellers, so that transactions were small. Grades were very scarce and held stiffly, but buyers seemed wild to buy and paid a heavy advance, No. 2 selling from 32@34c; later full 6c up; September traded at 29@28¾c; November at 29¼c and year at 28¾c; October salable at 29c.

Rye—Firm but slow, and sales small; No. 2 at 75¾c and rejected at 71¾c.

Provisions—The tone of the market was firm, but transactions were moderate and there was no appreciable change in values. Pork was still jobbing at $15 75. Lard held at 8c, with 7¾c bid. Dry salt meats firm at 5½c for shoulders, 5.40c for long clear, 8¾c for clear ribs, and 8¾c for short clear. Bacon in demand at 6¼c for shoulders, 9.47½@9½c for clear ribs, and 10c for short clear.

The Cotton Market.

The spot market was quiet and unchanged, with sales of 184 bales, but futures advanced and were firm. Sales at the 9:30 a. m.: 100 bales January at 10.15c, 200 March at 10.40c, 775 October at 10.20@10.15c, mainly at latter, 50 November at 10.25c. Bids of 10.25c for February, 10.48c for April, 10.50c for September, 10.10c asked December. Liverpool was firmer, New York irregular.

QUOTATIONS.

Grade.	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	7¾	....
Ordinary	8½	8 11-16
Good ordinary	9¾	10 3 16
Low middling	10¾	11¼
Middling	11¼	11 13-16
Good middling	11¾	12 5-16
Middling fair	....	13 1-16

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	7,012
Same day last year	1,326

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	16	601
Same day last year	212	50
Total for season to date	37	1,045
Same time last year	413	275

NEW YORK.

Futures steady at 2:24 p. m. Sales 65,000 bales.

January, 10.64; February, 10.77; March, 10.90; April, 11.04; August, ——; September, 11.19; October, 10.65; November, 10.52; December, 10.53.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 7d; Orleans, 7 1-16d. Sales, 10,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71c; to Providence, 71c; to New York, 66c; to Philadelphia, 64c; to Baltimore, 63c. For export only 7c less than above rates, except Boston, which is 12c less.

Produce.

LEAD—Market firm, but dull. May may be quoted at $4 75 for soft Missouri.

WOOL—Market dull and feeling weak. We quote: Tub washed—Choice 44@45½; medium 40@43; dingy and low 36@39c. Unwashed—Medium 26½@27½; coarse 23@25; light fine 22@23; heavy 17@19; burry, black and cotted 7¼@12¼ ₱ cent off.

HIDES—Quiet. No. 1 green salted selling at 9¼@9½c, and damaged and grubby and uncured at 8¼@8½c; damaged uncured and bulls and stags 6@6½. Dry salted—No. 1 14c; damaged 11¼@12. Dry flint—No 1 18, No. 2 15

HIGHWINES—Steady at $1 13. Sales 95 brls.

FLAX-SEED—In demand and firm at $1 10.

CASTOR BEANS—In demand at $1 25@1 30.

TALLOW—Prime 5¾@6.

BEESWAX—Prime to choice 20½@22c.

FEATHERS—Steady. We quote: Prime live geese 46@47c, top rate for small sacks; No. 2 do 37@41c; poor to good mixed 15@35c as in quality; tare 3 per cent on large sacks, 10 on small.

HEMP SEED—From first hands nominal at 2p.

BUTTER—Sales: Creamery—choice 26@27c; fancy selections 28c; seconds 22@24c. Dairy—Choice 21@23c; fancy 24c; medium to prime 15@20c; low grades 12@13c; grease 10c; near by country 11@13c.

CHICKENS—Sales: Old—Cocks $2: mixed $2 50@2 75 (according to the number of cocks in a coop); choice fancy hens $2 75@3, spring—Small $1 25; medium $1 50@1 75; choice $2@2 25; fancy (full-grown) $2 50. Spring turkeys not wanted; small sales in spring ducks at $1 75@2 50 ₱ doz, top rates for choice large.

GAME—Selected young grouse sold at $3 75@4; old do $2@2 50; mallard duck $2; young wood duck $1 50; woodcock scarce at $5; upland plover (accumulating—cull) $1; yellow leg plover 50c ₱ dozen—foregoing all sweet stock. Deer—Carcasses in fair demand at 10@12½c; venison saddles (short-cut) 16@18c ₱ lb.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, September 2.—Hogs active and firm; common $4 00@4 60; fair to good light $4 65@4 90; packing $4 85@5 25; butchers $5 20@5 30. Receipts 986.

CHICAGO, September 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,800 head; active and strong; shipping at $4@4 80; export at $5@5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; excited and 10c higher.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Flour dull; strongly in buyers' favor; receipts 14,979 barrels; round hoop Ohio $4@4 50; choice do $4 60@4 75; superfine Western $3 25@3 95; common to good extra do $3 70@4 15; choice do do $4 20@6 25; choice white wheat do $4 15@4 60. Wheat heavy; ½@1c lower; fair speculative trade: sales: 18,000 bu. No. 1 white September at $1 04¼@1 04½; 24,000 bu do October $1 05@1 05¾; 64,000 bu No. 2 red September $1 04¾@1 04¾; 26,000 bu do October $1 05¾@1 06¾; 112,000 bu do November $1 08¾. Corn a little firmer and fairly active; mixed Western spot 50½@51; do future 50¾@50¾. Oats firmer; Western 37@41. Beef firm; trade quiet; new plain mess $9 50; new extra do $10. Pork very firm. New mess lard higher and firm; steam-rendered 8.42½. Butter firm and unchanged; Ohio 15@27. Cheese dull at 9@13 for poor to fancy. Sugar steady and moderate inquiry. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Petroleum steady and quiet. Rice unchanged; moderate demand. Coffee firm and fairly active. Freights quiet. Spirits of turpentine strong at 35. Rosin firm at $1 45@1 50. Tallow steady at 6¾ Western. Eggs firm at 16½@18 for fair to choice.

BALTIMORE, September 2.—Wheat—Western lower and steady at decline; No. 2 Western winter red, spot and September, $1 02¾@1 02½; October, $1 04¾@1 05¾; November, $1 06¾@1 06¼. Corn—Western lower and dull; Western mixed spot and September, 50¾@51c; October 52½@52¾c, November 53@54c. Oats steady: Western white 38@40c, do mixed 37@38. Rye lower at 85c. Hay firm and unchanged. Provisions firm and unchanged, with a good jobbing demand. Butter steady and unchanged. Eggs easier at 16@17c.

CHICAGO, September 2.—Wheat a shade lower; 87½c Sept.; 88¾c Oct.; 89½c Nov. Corn higher; 40@40¾c September; 40¾@41c October; 41¾ November. Oats higher; 28¾c September; 28¾c October and November. Rye 74½c bid cash; September 76c bid. Barley 76c bid cash; September 78c bid. Pork steady; $17 20 September; $16 92½ October; $12 70 November. Lard a shade higher; 7.95c September; 8.05c October; 7.87½c November. Whisky $1 12.

MILWAUKEE, September 2.—Wheat advanced ¾@1c; noon board firm at $1 04 bid; 91c No. 1; 88¾c No. 2 and September; 89c October; 93¾c November 75¾c No. 3; 71c No. 4, rejected nominal. Receipts 19,000; shipments 4,000. Coarse grains firmer and higher. Corn at 39¾c for No. 2. Oats at 28½c for No. 2. Rye at 76c for No. 1. Barley at 75½c for No. 2.

TOLEDO, September 2.—Wheat weak and lower; No. 2 red Wabash cash or September 91¼, October 93¾, November 96¾; No. 3 red Wabash at 90½, rejected 85½; No 2 red mixed 92. Corn unopened; No. 2 October 44 asked, 43¼ bid. Oats dull; No. 2 at 29¾. Lake freights dull; wheat Buffalo 3, corn 2¾; wheat Kingston 6½, corn 6; wheat Montreal 10, corn 9½.

CINCINNATI, September 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 2 amber 88@90c; No. 2 red 90@92c. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed 44@45c. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 31@32c. Pork nominal at $16. Lard firmer at 7 85@8c. Bulk meats stronger at 5¾@5¾c. Bacon in good demand at 6¾@9¾@9¾c. Whisky steady at $1 12.

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—Flour—Easier; xxx $4 50@4 75; family $5@5 15. Receipts —. Corn—Easy; mixed 57; white 58; yellow 58c. Oats—Firm, 39@40c. Hay—Strong; choice at $22 prime $18. Bran—Steady, 72½. Corn meal—Quiet at $2 25@2 30.

BUFFALO, N. Y., September 2.—Wheat dull and little here; sales, 5,000 No. 2 Milwaukee at $1 02; small lots white Michigan $1. Corn inactive; asking 45¾; buyers 45¾. Oats, rye and barley market bare. Canal freights quiet; wheat, 6c, and corn, 5¾c.

DETROIT, September 2.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady; extra $1 04½; No. 1 white $1 03¾; September $1 03¾; October $1 04¾; November $1 04¾; No. 2 white $1 01¼ asked. Receipts wheat 54,000; shipments 43,000.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., September 2.—Arrived: Tatum, Paducah, 10 p. m.; Eldorado, Cincinnati, 10; Paris C. Brown, New Orleans, 11; Shinkle, Memphis, 11; J. V. Throop, Evansville, 4 a. m.; Springer, Cincinnati, 9; Piasa, St. Louis, 10. Departed: Tatum, St. Louis, 11 p. m.; Shinkle, Cincinnati, midnight; Brown, St. Louis, 3 a. m.; Eldorado, Memphis, 8; Throop, Evansville, 6; Houston, New Orleans, 11. Cloudy and warm.

MEMPHIS, September 2.—River rising. Departed: W. P. Halliday, Gilmore and barges, New Orleans. Warm.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

JOHN WAHL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR AND PIG LEAD
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE OF
WHEAT!
Consignments Solicited. Liberal Cash Advances Made on Shipments.
NO. 9 MARKET STREET, - - - ST. LOUIS, MO

F. M. Corbin
Commission Merchant
Dealer in Field Seeds
118 Chestnut St. St. Louis.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles W. Prentice, by his deed dated December 12, 1877, and recorded in the records of the office of the Recorder of Deeds within and for the city of St. Louis, in book 583, at page 272, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block numbered two (2) of Mackenzie's Addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which said addition is of record in the records of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, to which said recorded plat reference is hereby made for the more specific situation of said lot, which contains a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the north line of Guildford street and a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide; also the dwelling-house and all other improvements situated upon said lot; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note specifically described in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned trustee will offer said real estate, the dwelling house and other improvements thereon, for sale, at public vendue or outcry, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to the highest bidder for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY M. BRYAN, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 2, 1880. 40Z.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

2319 OLIVE, a nicely furnished third story front room. Southern exposure. Gas and bath.

COMPETENT nurse for one child. 2715 Gamble street.

A HORSE wanted in trade for house or sign painting. Address Painter, this office.

ANYBODY wanted to adopt an infant. 1716 Chouteau avenue.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Merrimac Silver Mining Company will be held at their office, No. 307 Chamber of Commerce, on Thursday, the 23rd inst., at 3 o'clock p. m.
S. W. CORB, Secretary. LOUIS FUSZ, President.

fancy selections 28c; seconds 22@24c. Dairy—Choice 21@23c; fancy 24c; medium to prime 15@20c; low grades 12@13c; grease 10c; near by country 11@13c.

CHICKENS—Sales: Old—Cocks $2: mixed $2 50@2 75 (according to the number of cocks in a coop); choice fancy hens $2 75@3, spring—Small $1 25; medium $1 50@1 75; choice $2@2 25; fancy (full-grown) $2 50. Spring turkeys not wanted; small sales in spring ducks at $1 75@2 50 ₱ doz, top rates for choice large.

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Live Stock by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, September 2.—Hogs active and firm; common $4 00@4 60; fair to good light $4 65@4 90; packing $4 85@5 25; butchers $5 20@5 30. Receipts 986.

CHICAGO, September 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,800 head; active and strong; shipping at $4@4 80; export at $5@5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; excited and 10c higher.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Flour dull; strongly in buyers' favor; receipts 14,979 barrels; round hoop Ohio $4@4 50; choice do $4 60@4 75; superfine Western $3 25@3 95; common to good extra do $3 70@4 15; choice do do $4 20@6 25; choice white wheat do $4 15@4 60. Wheat heavy; ½@1c lower; fair speculative trade: sales: 18,000 bu. No. 1 white September at $1 04¼@1 04½; 24,000 bu do October $1 05@1 05¾; 64,000 bu No. 2 red September $1 04¾@1 04¾; 26,000 bu do October $1 05¾@1 06¾; 112,000 bu do November $1 08¾. Corn a little firmer and fairly active; mixed Western spot 50½@51; do future 50¾@50¾. Oats firmer; Western 37@41. Beef firm; trade quiet; new plain mess $9 50; new extra do $10. Pork very firm. New mess lard higher and firm; steam-rendered 8.42½. Butter firm and unchanged; Ohio 15@27. Cheese dull at 9@13 for poor to fancy. Sugar steady and moderate inquiry. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Petroleum steady and quiet. Rice unchanged; moderate demand. Coffee firm and fairly active. Freights quiet. Spirits of turpentine strong at 35. Rosin firm at $1 45@1 50. Tallow steady at 6¾ Western. Eggs firm at 16½@18 for fair to choice.

BALTIMORE, September 2.—Wheat—Western lower and steady at decline; No. 2 Western winter red, spot and September, $1 02¾@1 02½; October, $1 04¾@1 05¾; November, $1 06¾@1 06¼. Corn—Western lower and dull; Western mixed spot and September,

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Monday, June 7, 1880.
Caroline Burkhardt
vs.
Charles Burkhardt.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a resident of the State of Illinois, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has offered such indignities to plaintiff as to render her condition in life intolerable, and because he has absented himself from her without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year prior to the bringing of said suit; and also for the care and custody of the child of said parties, and for the restoration of her maiden name of Probst. And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of June, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

L. Gottschalk, Attorney for Plaintiff. 29Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Monday, July 12, 1880.
Leanna Marks
vs.
George W. Marks.

It appearing to the Court from the petition and affidavit hereto fore filed herein, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and the defendant, on the ground that the defendant has been guilty of habitual drunkenness.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 16th day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
25Y

Administrators' Notices.

Estate of Thomas Clarke, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS CLARKE,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 7th day of August, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1880.

VINCENT FRANCIS,
18Z Administrator.

Estate of Sarah Clarke, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

SARAH CLARKE,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 23d day of August, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of August, 1880

VINCENT FRANCIS,
18Z Administrator.

Estate of Ambrose Wuest, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

AMBROSE WUEST,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 12th day of August, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1880.

SOPHIE WUEST,
95Y Executrix.

Public Administrator's Notice of Letters.—In re estate of Eliza Hammond, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

ELIZA HAMMOND,

deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of August, 1880, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust sts., Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 1, 1880. 36Z

Public Administrator's Notice of Letters.—In re estate of Felix A. Werner, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

FELIX A. WERNER,

deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of August, 1880, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 1, 1880. 38Z

Notice to Creditors of E. B. Eckstein.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Emmanuel B. Eckstein, will on Tuesday, the 14th day of September, 1880, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., at the office of Edward Cunningham, Jr., Room 4, No. 506 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of said E. B. Eckstein.

B. HYSINGER,
Assignee of E. B. Eckstein.
St. Louis, August 5, 1880. 63X

Guardian's Notice.—Notice is hereby given that the St. Louis Probate Court on the 24th day of July, 1880, appointed the undersigned guardian of Margaret Hart, an insane person.

JOHN P. MULLALLY,
Guardian of Margaret Hart.
St. Louis, July 28, 1880. 50V

Trustees' Sales.

Mortgage Sale.—Whereas A. P. Ellis and K. K. Haws by their mortgage dated May 27, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in real estate book 636, page 9, and personal property book 17, page 94, conveyed to the undersigned the following described personal property and chattels real, viz.: All their right and title to and interest in and to lots numbered 2, 3 and 4 in Rankin's second subdivision of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri; said lease is made by David Rankin, Jr., to the Missouri Stoneware Company, and recorded in book 453, page 186, in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis. Also all the buildings, fixtures and appurtenances, including two kilns, one engine and boiler attachments, and connection smoke stack gearing, belting, hangings and pulleys thereon; pugging mill and shaft, and all other machinery, implements and chattels used upon said premises for the manufacture of fire brick. Now, therefore, default having been made in the condition of said mortgage, the undersigned, under the provisions of said mortgage, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, upon the premises, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 11th day of September, 1880.

JACOB S. MERRELL.
St. Louis, August 31, 1880. 33Z

Public Administrator's Notice of Letters.—In re estate of Babetta Gotthelf, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

BABETTA GOTTHELF,

deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of August, 1880 for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office Northwest corner Sixth and Locust sts., Ins. Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 1, 1880. 37Z

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Edward Delano.

The plaintiff having alleged in its petition that the said defendant Edward Delano is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, wherefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by its attorney, it is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number one. Two lots in city block number 1756, on California avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 22 and 23 respectively, in block 6 of Delano's addition to said city.

Number two. A lot in city block number 1756, on California avenue, being 27 feet and 8 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lot 11 in block 6 of Delano's addition to said city.

Number three. Six lots in city block number 1756, on California avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth and being known as lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 respectively, in block 6 of Delano's addition to said city.

Number four. A lot in city block number 1756, on Iowa avenue, being 27 feet and 6 inches in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lot 29 in block 6 of Delano's addition to said city.

Number five. Two lots in city block number 1756, on Iowa avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in depth and being known as lots 32 and 33 respectively, in block 6 of Delano's addition to said city.

Number six. Three lots in city block number 1756, on Iowa avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 34, 35 and 36 respectively, in block 6 in Delano's addition to said city.

Number seven. Four lots in city block number 1756, on Iowa avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 41, 42, 43 and 44 respectively, in block 6 in Delano's addition to said city.

Number eight. A lot in city block number 1757, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 135 feet and four inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 5 in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number nine. A lot in city block number 1757, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 139 feet and 11 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 6 in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number ten. A lot in city block number 1757, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 144 feet and 5 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 7 in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number eleven. A lot in city block number 1757, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width, and in depth or length as follows: In the one part 148 feet 11 inches and in the other 153 feet and 5 inches; and being known as lot 8 in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twelve. Two lots on California avenue, in city block number 1757, each being 25 feet in front or width on said avenue, the length or depth of 125 feet and being known as lots 11 and 12 respectively, in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number thirteen. A lot in city block number 1757, on Iowa avenue, being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lot 15 in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fourteen. Three lots in city block number 1757, on Iowa avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 16, 17 and 18 respectively, in block 5, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifteen. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 27 feet and 1 and ¼ inches in front or width and 125 feet and 8 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 1 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number sixteen. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 101 feet and 5 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 2 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number seventeen. A lot in city block 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 105 feet and 11 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 3 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number eighteen. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 110 feet and 6 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 4 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number nineteen. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 115 feet and 1 inch in length or depth, and being known as lot 5 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 119 feet and 7 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 6 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-one. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 124 feet and 8 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 7 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-two. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 128 feet and 8 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 8 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-three. A lot in city block number 1758, on Arsenal street, being 37 feet and 1 and ¼ inches in front or width, and in depth as follows: In the one part 137 feet and 10 inches, and in the other 144 feet and 7 inches; and being known as lot 10 in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-five. Two lots in city block number 1758, on Iowa avenue, each being 30 feet in front or width on said avenue, the length or depth, and being known as lots 11 and 12 respectively, in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty six. Two lots in city block number 1758, on Iowa avenue, each being 30 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 13 and 14 respectively, in block 4, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-seven. Two lots in city block number 1758, on Wyoming street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 1 and 10 respectively, in block 3, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-eight. Eight lots in city block number 1759, on Wyoming street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 respectively, in block 3, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number twenty-nine. A lot in city block number 1760, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 131 feet in length or depth, and being known as lot 37 in block 2, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number forty-seven. A lot in city block number 1760, on Arsenal street, being 25 feet in front or width and 126 feet and 5 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 38 in block 2, in Delano's addition.

Number forty-eight. A lot in city block number 1760, on Arsenal street, being 29 feet and 4 inches in front or width and in depth as follows: In the one part 116 feet and 7 inches and in the other part 121 feet, and being known as lot 39 in block 2, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number forty-nine. A lot in city block number 1760, on Clara street, being 35 feet in front or width and 117 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 40 in block 2, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty. Eighteen lots in city block number 1760, on Clara street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 117 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, and being known as lots 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57 and 58 respectively, in block 2, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-one. Four lots in city block number 1761, on Wyoming street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lots 6, 7, 8 and 9 respectively, in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-two. A lot in city block number 1761, on Wyoming street, being 27 feet and 6 inches in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, and being known as lot 10 in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-three. Seventeen lots in city block number 1761, on Clara street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 117 feet and 2 inches in length or depth, and being known as lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 respectively, in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-four. A lot in city block number 1761, on Clara street, being 35 feet in front or width and 117 feet and 2 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 29 in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty five. A lot in city block number 1761, on Arsenal street, being 34 feet and 6½ inches in front or width and 105 feet and 7 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 30 in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-six. Two lots in city block number 1761, on Arsenal street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet and 5 inches in length or depth, and being known as lots 31 and 32 respectively, in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-seven. A lot in city block number 1761, on Arsenal street, being 34 feet and 6½ inches in front or width and 84 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot 33 in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city.

Number fifty-eight. Nineteen lots in city block number 1761, on Jefferson avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 117 feet 2 inches in length or depth, and being known as lots 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52 and 53 respectively, in block 1, in Delano's addition to said city; for the sum of six hundred and eighty dollars, in the aggregate, being the amount of said back taxes and also interest thereon from the first day of January, 1879, at the rate of one per centum per month and costs of suit, being for back taxes due and unpaid for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 23d day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.
32V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Monday, July 19, 1880.
Edward J. Gay
vs.
Margarette McMechan and William Ballentine.

It appearing from the affidavit filed herein this day that Margarette McMechan, one of the defendants in said cause, is not a resident of this State, but is a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and that the process of this Court cannot be served upon her, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be not fied that a civil action has been commenced against the above named defendants, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of this court declaring that a deed made by said Ballentine of date June 12, 1876, wherein and whereby he pretended to convey to his codefendant, Margarette McMechan, all the following real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and known and described as follows, viz.: Lots twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine in block five of Gerard Addition to the city of St. Louis, according to a plat of said addition recorded in Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in plat book teven, page sixty, each of said lots fronting twenty-five feet on Finney avenue, together with other property not involved in this suit with the exception of said lot twenty-eight. Said deed is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, book 547, page 402 also a deed made by said Ballentine, of date February 15, 1879, and recorded in said Recorder's office, book 608, page 164, conveying to his said co-defendant said lot number twenty-eight, as against the plaintiff to be null and void and of no effect, and that all right, title and interest in and to said property be divested out of said defendants and that said plaintiff be put in possession of the same.

And unless said co-defendant Margarette McMehan appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 28d day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
28Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Wednesday, July 21st, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Jane B. Tompkins.
No. 1823.

Now at this day comes Charles H. Chapin, Esq., plaintiff's attorney, and files his affidavit, whereby it appears to the court that said Jane B. Tompkins, defendant herein, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri. It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of forty-three dollars and sixty-eight cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Lots Nos. 26 and 27, block 7, Adams' addition to the city of St. Louis, city block No. 1724, said lot No. 26 fronting 25 feet on Adams street by a depth of 114 9-12 feet, and said lot No. 27 fronting 50 8 12 feet on Adams street by 117 6-12 feet.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1877.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
King & Chapin, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 68V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
In vacation after June term, 1880.
Wednesday, August 11, 1880.

The State of Missouri to the use of Amanda E. Christy, administratrix, with the will annexed, of James Christy, deceased,
vs.
John J. Donegan.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit filed with the plaintiff's petition herein that the plaintiff has good reason to believe, and does believe, that the defendant is not a resident of this State, it is therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars penalty to be satisfied on the payment of sixteen thousand six hundred and twenty-six dollars and eighty-three cents, on account of breaches of a certain bond executed by Thomas Ryan, as surviving partner of the firm of Ryan & Christy, as principal, and the defendant John J. Donegan, and Samuel McCartney, Benjamin E. Walker and James Merriman as sureties, for the penal sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, dated the 29th day of November, 1867; and that the property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this eleventh day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
31X

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, August 6th, 1880.
Mary E. Gaskins
vs.
James W. Gaskins.

It appearing from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that said defendant did in the month of February, 1866, absent himself without a reasonable cause for the space of one year prior to the filing of said petition, and for a decree of this court giving plaintiff the custody and control of Mary Gertrude Gaskins, the daughter of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 10th day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
WM. P. BENTLEY, Att'y for Plaintiff. 27Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Thursday, July 22, 1880.
Agnes B. Teichman
vs.
Carl Teichman.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that defendant Carl Teichman is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as husband of plaintiff, was guilty of such cruel and barbarous treatment of the plaintiff as to endanger the life of plaintiff, and did compel by his said treatment to the plaintiff to leave him, and for the restoration of her maiden name, Agnes Borstel.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 3d day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
62X

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880
Monday, June 14, 1880.
Anna Hepting
vs.
Jacob Hepting.
152,983.

Now at this day comes said plaintiff by her attorney and files herein her affidavit, from which it appears to the Court that the defendant has since the institution of this suit absconded and absented himself from his usual place of abode in this city and State, or that he conceals himself so that the ordinary process of law can not be served on him; therefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by her attorneys, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that the defendant has been guilty of such cruel and barbarous treatment of plaintiff as to endanger her life, has failed to support her for the last three years and has without a reasonable cause absented himself from her for the space of one year prior to the commencement of this suit, and for an order granting plaintiff the care and custody of the minor children of plaintiff and defendant.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
26Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 18th, 1880.
Martha Slater
vs.
George Slater.

It appearing from the petition, duly verified by affidavit of the plaintiff herein, that the defendant has absented himself from his usual place of abode so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant has without a reasonable cause absented himself from plaintiff for the space of one year prior to the filing of this petition, and has been addicted to habitual drunkenness for the space of one year, and for an order that plaintiff may be granted the custody and control of her minor children.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 23d day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
30Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Wednesday, July 21, 1880.
William H. Runnells
vs.
Rosa Runnells.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that said defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of the plaintiff, did, on or about the 20th day of September, 1874, without reasonable cause or provocation, desert the plaintiff, and has, without reasonable cause, absented herself from the plaintiff for the space of more than one year last past.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 27th day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
KING & CHAPIN, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 67V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Wednesday, July 21st, 1880.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
James B. Tompkins.
No. 1823.

Now at this day comes Charles H. Chapin, Esq., plaintiff's attorney, and files his affidavit, whereby it appears to the court that said Jane B. Tompkins, defendant herein, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri. It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of forty-three dollars and sixty-eight cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Lots Nos. 26 and 27, block 7, Adams' addition to the city of St. Louis, city block No. 1724, said lot No. 26 fronting 25 feet on Adams street by a depth of 114 9-12 feet, and said lot No. 27 fronting 50 8 12 feet on Adams street by 117 6-12 feet.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1877.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of July, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
32V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Monday, July 19, 1880.
Edward J. Gay
vs.
Margarette McMechan and William Ballentine.

It appearing from the affidavit filed herein this day that Margarette McMechan, one of the defendants in said cause, is not a resident of this State, but is a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and that the process of this Court cannot be served upon her, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be not fied that a civil action has been commenced against the above named defendants, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of this court declaring that a deed made by said Ballentine of date June 12, 1876, wherein and whereby he pretended to convey to his codefendant, Margarette McMechan, all the following real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and known and described as follows, viz.: Lots twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine in block five of Gerard Addition to the city of St. Louis, according to a plat of said addition recorded in Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in plat book teven, page sixty, each of said lots fronting twenty-five feet on Finney avenue, together with other property not involved in this suit with the exception of said lot twenty-eight. Said deed is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, book 547, page 402 also a deed made by said Ballentine, of date February 15, 1879, and recorded in said Recorder's office, book 608, page 164, conveying to his said co-defendant said lot number twenty-eight, as against the plaintiff to be null and void and of no effect, and that all right, title and interest in and to said property be divested out of said defendants and that said plaintiff be put in possession of the same.

And unless said co-defendant Margarette McMehan appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this eleventh day of August, 1880.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
31X

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.—Pursuant to and for the purposes of a deed of trust executed by John F. O'Brien and Mary, his wife, to the undersigned and Andrew S. Barada, now deceased, dated September 12, 1872, of record in book No. 455, page 350 of the Recorder's office of the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., notice is hereby given that on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 12 o'clock at noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., I, the undersigned surviving trustee in said deed of trust, will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said deed of trust, the following described lot or parcel of ground with all the improvements and appurtenances, thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining, being the same conveyed by said deed of trust, situate in block No. 54 of said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, containing a front of thirty-two feet on the south side of Almond street by a depth of sixty feet, all French measure, bounded east by a lot formerly of Baptiste Dominie, now said O'Brien, west by an alley as recently laid out, south by John Knight and north by said Almond street, same premises acquired by said O'Brien of the estate of Anthony Curroto, deceased.

LUTHER BABCOCK,
Surviving Trustee.
St. Louis, August 16, 1880. 81Y

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas Leo Zwanziger and Elisabeth, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated July 27, 1870, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of the county (now city) of St. Louis, Mo., in book 415, page 35, conveyed to H. C. Katz, as trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Menard street distant one hundred (100) feet, more or less, south of Arrow, now Shenandoah street, which point is the center of the partition wall between house No. 5 and house No. 6, running thence southwardly with said eastern line of Menard street twenty (20) feet, more or less, to the northern line of lot 6, thence eastwardly with said north line and parallel to Arrow, now Shenandoah street seventy-three (73) feet and one and one-half (1½) inches to a point in the western line of an alley ten feet wide, thence northwardly with the western line of said alley twenty (20) feet to a point one hundred (100) feet, more or less, distant from Arrow, now Shenandoah street, and thence westwardly and parallel to Arrow, now Shenandoah street, so as to intersect the center of a partition wall between houses Nos. 5 and 6, seventy-three feet and one and one half inches (73 feet 1½ inches) to the place of beginning, being house No. 6 of the houses built and numbered by the St. Louis House Building Company in city block No. 798; which conveyance was made to the said H. C. Katz, as trustee, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas the said H. C. Katz having departed this life, and both the Sheriff of the county and of the city of St. Louis decline to act as such trustee, the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, did on Friday, August 6th, 1880, by an order made and entered of record, appoint the undersigned trustee to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of said original trustee and with all the power and authority in said deed of trust vested in said original trustee. Now, in pursuance of the conditions of said deed, the undersigned trustee will on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the property described for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of satisfying said trust and the expense of executing the same.

CLEMENS C. HARTMAN,
St. Louis, Mo., August 23, 1880. Trustee. 13Z

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas George Fox and Catherine, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 20th day of July, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the then county, now city of St. Louis, in book 529, page 91, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, together with the improvements thereon, lying and being in the city and county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The eastern thirty feet of lot number six (6) in block

THE FRESH AIR MISSION.

No More Trips for the Children This Year.

Resume of the Work Accomplished by the Mission This Season.

Doubtless there were many poor children and sick people looking forward longingly yesterday to the accustomed trip up or down the river. Cooped up in their miserable lodgings and constantly inhaling the foul odors which exude from the filth usually found in the neighborhood where poverty is the distinguishing feature, the beneficiaries of the Fresh Air Mission regard their weekly excursion on the river as an inestimable boon, and through the long winter months, when they sit and shiver before the dying embers in their fire-place, or cracked stove, they will recur with pleasure and gratitude to the healthful picnics had during the summer. To them the pure air, fresh from the verdure-covered fields and redolent of the perfume of wild flowers, was a stranger, and when they had experienced its revivifying and cheering influence, it is no wonder the wan and sickly anticipated with pleasure the next feast. But the missions have been discontinued, and only the happy remembrance remains for them to enjoy. Last Thursday was the last of the season, though several more would have been given, were it not for intervening obstacles. The charitable persons who organized and superintended the mission reaped as much pleasure from the excursions as did their charges, and it is a sore disappointment to them that unavoidable circumstances interfere to cause their discontinuance.

Means are not lacking, as plenty of money, at least sufficient to defray all expenses, is always forthcoming, but a suitable boat cannot be had. The E. W. Cole, which had been employed, has resumed her regular business, the Cherokee is also away and the Chouteau is beyond reach. The regular passenger or freight boats are unsuitable owing to the lack of room. It is unfortunate that such is the case, as many more hot, sultry days may be expected before winter, yet there is the satisfaction that the Fresh Air Mission has been an unqualified success. There were nine excursions altogether, and thousands of sick and poor enjoyed their benefits. Next season the ladies and gentlemen in charge of the good work will begin early and use every endeavor to make the trips more profitable to the sick and more enjoyable to the poor. This summer the nine trips cost in the aggregate $1,400.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

Latest Arrangements and Plans—Splendid Samples of Fruit Coming.

The Annual Fair of the Missouri Horticultural Society, which will open here on the 7th inst., promises to eclipse every previous exhibition. Mr. Tracy, the secretary of the Society and President Earle, have been indefatigable in their efforts to insure the success of the fair, and the highest prospects are indicative of a splendid reward for their labors. The exhibition will take place in the Merchants' Exchange, and will interfere as little as possible with the merchants. The tables belonging in the Exchange will be ranged about the hall, between the heaters, for the use of the merchants, and pine tables sixty-five feet long will be placed in the center for the reception of the articles on exhibition. As many other tables as are necessary and available will also be employed. The Ohio Society met yesterday at Columbus and the Kentucky society is in session to-day in Louisville, both of which will give their quota towards the St. Louis exhibition. Secretary Tracy received a letter this morning from a gentleman in New York, who desires space to place 175 varieties of grapes. Aderan, Michigan, will send a choice collection of fruit, and four other large collections are expected from the same State. A very large shipment from California is en route and a number of others will follow. Mr. J. C. Plumb, president of the Wisconsin Horticultural Society, has written a letter stating that the State will send a creditable exhibit.

Texas will not be behind time, and Denison and Houston, representing the two extremes of the State, will send a considerable quantity of fruit. A letter from Little Rock informs Mr. Tracy that the writer desires space for 125 plates of fruit. A variety of tropical fruits will be shipped from New Orleans, and almost every county in Missouri will have its productions in competition. Fully 10,000 plates of fruit will be on exhibition, and all of the choicest varieties of horticultural productions.

Mr. Earle, President of the State Society, is in town, and will make the headquarters of the society at the Laclede Hotel. There are at present in cold storage here 250 packages of fruit, and accessions to these will be arriving every day.

AMUSEMENTS.

The box office of the Grand Opera-house opened to-day. The box office of Pope's opens to-morrow.

Barnum's Greatest Show on Earth continues to give two performances daily at 1:30 and 6:30 p.m. Wet or dry, the performance takes place.

The Corelli-Laurent troupe begins the revival of Suppe's "Fatinitza" at Uhrig's Cave to-morrow evening. Next Monday "La Fille de Madame Angot" will be produced.

Next week's attractions are: The Harrisons, in "Photos," at the Olympic; the Stewart family, in "Rainbow Revels," at Pope's, and Milton Nobles, in "The Phœnix," at the Grand Opera-house.

Tony Pastor's Combination at the Olympic gives the best entertainment of its kind ever seen here. To-night at Uhrig's Cave the grand complimentary benefit to the St. Louis Light Guards takes place. It is to be hoped there will be a large attendance, as the benefit is to aid the Cavalry Company in procuring new uniforms, equipments, etc., all of which were lost by the burning of the Riding school. The programme is chiefly musical, and includes the St. Louis Grand Orchestra, the Arion Quartet, Mr. Dabney Carr and others. The benefit will be a society event.

A Missing Girl.

Mrs. Pullen, living on the west side of Twelfth street, between Soulard and Lafayette, requests any person who may ascertain the abiding place of her daughter Jennie to inform her or the police immediately. Mrs. Pullen says Jennie is sixteen and a half years of age, fair-complexioned, pretty and inclined to embonpoint; has short brown hair and blue eyes, and, when she left her home last Monday, was attired in a calico dress, a blue sash, a sailor straw hat, side-lace shoes, and flesh-colored silk stockings ornamented with clocking. The mother's account reflects damagingly on Jennie's character. She states the errant daughter was the companion of a girl who frequented a house on Eighth street, near Clark avenue. The detectives are searching for Miss Pullen, whom they desire to return to her home.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Queen of the Netherlands has been delivered of a daughter.

Heavy snow fell in Leadville yesterday, followed by severely cold weather.

Six persons escaped from the Edwardsville, Ill., County Jail late last night.

The Grand Duke Nicholas retires from the command of the Imperial Guard.

Cardinal Nina is convalescent and is going to Grotta-Ferata for a change of air.

Clive Hamilton, son of Dr. Hamilton, of Georgetown, Pa., was struck by a stone thrown from an alley and instantly killed.

The china ware factory of David Rodentzk was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $50,000.

Charles Hiters, a chairmaker, was killed by his brother-in-law, John Heterick, at Dayton, O.

In a fight between two sports at Shreveport, La., Billy Head deadly stabbed R. R. Morgan.

Gen. Ord telegraphs that the Victoria Indians are badly cut up and thoroughly disorganized.

Riza Pasha has received stringent orders from the Porte and is preparing to surrender ceded territory.

During a row between political clubs at Chester, Pa., last night, Thomas Connor fell shot through the head.

The House of Lords negatived the second reading of the bill for the registration of Irish voters by forty-two to thirty.

William Crever, a paroled prisoner from Elmira Reformatory, jumped from a third-story window and was instantly killed.

A CHIROPODICAL SWELL.

Tompkins, the Man Who Looks After Royal Pedals.

Lucy Hooper's Paris Letter to Chicago Times.

The American colony in Paris is a charming organization. It comprises many lovely and amiable women and many intelligent and refined gentlemen. Moreover, for the deeper interest of the casual observer, one often stumbles upon what is called "characters" in its ranks. Sitting here on this balmy summer morning, I suffer my thoughts to stray over the images of my countrymen and countrywomen that reside in this city. One prominent personality arrests my wandering ideas—one marked physiognomy seems to insist on being transferred to paper. So be it. I take up my pen, and, with a hand that trembles at the magnitude of my subject, I will essay to sketch for the world at large the likeness of Dr. Tompkins, chirpodist.

The position that the eminent medical man aforesaid occupies in our midst must not be judged of by the comparatively lowly and limited nature of his curative ministrations. If you were to ask him who, in his opinion, was the greatest personage in the American colony, not excepting the American Minister, he would undoubtedly answer "Dr. Tompkins." He bases his claims to distinction on the fact that he has held in his professional grasp the feet of nearly every crowned head in Europe. Respecting these ministrations he is wont to discourse very fluently. According to his own account he is the chosen confidant of all his royal patients respecting the most delicate and hidden secrets of diplomacy. His intercourse with the late Emperor Napoleon III., for instance, was of the most tender and touching nature, apart from the tenderness of arms and the touching of his professional knife. He it was who prevented the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by that astute potentate, though the English Government unjustly claims that honor. He it was that said to the Emperor with mild yet respectful firmness, "Non, non, sire, vous ne ferez pas cela," and the Emperor responded with a sigh: "Well, then, Tompkins, mon vieux, mon brave, if you say it shall not be done of course the thing is impossible." It was he who negotiated the reconciliation between the Emperor and the Empress, on the occasion of that lady's sudden journey to the Scottish lakes some years before the downfall of the empire. The Empress was jealous, but wholly without reason, of course, for, according to Dr. Tompkins, the life of Napoleon III. was one long and chaste exemplification of the beauties of conjugal fidelity. Alas, had his counsels only been heeded to the end, the war with Prussia never would have taken place and France would still be enjoying the blessings of imperial rule. For did he not kneel at the feet of Napoleon III. during those summer days of 1870, beseeching him to rescind his determination to go to war? And did not the Emperor turn away with a sigh, exclaiming: "My faithful Tompkins it is, alas, too late"?? It was too late. A blight fell upon France and upon the social relations of Dr. Tompkins and his family as well. For, so intimate were they with the dear Empress, Eugenie, that any other feminine society thereafter appears to them altogether vulgar and commonplace. They live shut up with the memories of the past and with one of the Empress' old bonnets. Touching relic!

The Doctor is one of the most decorated men in Europe. He possesses a full collection of all the orders known in that land, from the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor down to the Cross of the Blue Bullfinch of the Grand Duchy of Saxe Butterbrod. These are all trophies of his skull. They tell of wounds not borne by him, but inflicted not in the cruel ranks of war, but in the noble exercise of the art of healing. An inverted nail on the alabaster foot of the Empress Eugenie won him the red ribbon of the Legion of Honor. An obstinate bunion that racked the system of the autocrat of all the Russias was the means of obtaining for him the grand cross of Vladimir. There is not a cross, or star, or bit of ribbon in the well-filled cabinet wherein he guards his treasures of that nature, that does not speak of pain relieved or of a successful wrestling with pedal excrescences. The Prince of Wales wears his patent-leather boot with a jauntier air because of the ministrations of Dr. Tompkins. The Princess Stephanie, of Belgium, will walk to the hymeneal altar with her imperial betrothed with a lighter step because of that eminent practitioner's skill. When all tests to determine the identity of Prince Louis Napoleon at Chislehurst proved total failures, it was Dr. Tompkins who showed conclusively the remains to be no other than the corpse of his beloved patient, by pointing out the traces of his operating knife on the prince's left great toe. With cruel ingratitude the official pictorial representations of the event left out Dr. Tompkins' agitated form altogether. It was, in fact, suggested that a new question du jour might have been constructed by simply writing on the photographs taken of the scene, "Seek for the Chiropodist."

From what I have written alone, it will be seen that the doctor is a staunch Bonapartist. In fact he is moraldd out of Bonapartism. Were there an antidote for imperialism as benzine is for grease spots, the doctor, on being sponged with it, would suddenly and utterly disappear. Though he is a Protestant by profession, his calendar comprises the names of three saints—the Emperor, the Empress and the Prince Imperial. To cast a doubt on the purity of Louis Napoleon's morals, or on the youth and beauty of the Empress Eugenie in this year of grace 1880, is to uncork all the vials of his wrath. Yet his influence over the minds of the Orleans princes is unbounded. And with good reason, according to a fact that he has often related himself.

It was a scene that took place during the last moments of the Grand Duchess of Orleans, the mother of the Count de Paris and the Duke de Chartres. That high-minded and intellectual princess lay in the stupor of approaching dissolution. All those present thought that she would never speak again, when suddenly the pale lips were seen to quiver with the burden of an unuttered request. Her royal sons sprang to the bedside and bending over her they caught these words, feebly spoken by the august sufferer's latest breath: "Never put your feet under any other care than that of Dr. Tompkins."

How an Eloping Wife Met Death in California.

Philadelphia Special to Chi. Commercial.

A terrible story of crime has just come to light, showing how an erring wife was cruelly murdered by her paramour. Last April the wife of George Beck, a butcher residing in the western part of the city, eloped with Thomas G. Klink, a saloon-keeper, with whom she had been in illicit intimacy. She took with them her daughter Lillie, a girl of thirteen years, and $1,000 belonging to her husband. Klink sold out his business, realizing about $5,000, leaving his wife and children destitute. A few days ago Lillie Beck returned to her father's house and stated that she had just come from San Francisco. She stated that Klink had gone into business there, and she and her mother lived with him. She said: "We hadn't been there long before they quarreled much. He said it was her fault, and she said always his. She was killed on July 21. I was to school in the afternoon when the first fight happened; when I came home about 4 o'clock, he had her down in the yard, and had his knees on her breast. He was striking her in the face, and pulled her apron over her face and shoved it into her mouth so she could not balloo. When she saw me she called, 'Lillie, come to me; run in and tell the tavern-keeper.' I came back and she died in my arms. She burst a blood vessel. He picked her body up and took it upstairs to the room. He threatened that he would kill me if I told anybody what I saw. I didn't get to the Coroner, but I heard they said it was heart-disease. I knew myself she was killed."

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:77 a. m., September 2.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind.	Rainfall in last 24 hours.	Weather.
Boise City					
Cairo	29.80	74	W	.15	Threatening
Chicago	29.78	74	E	.03	Fair.
Cincinnati	29.88	79	SE	....	Fair.
Davenport	29.78	71	NE	....	Clear.
Denver	30.05	50	SW	....	Clear.
Des Moines	29.82	67	N	....	Clear.
Dodge City					
Fort Gibson	29.7.	77	E	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.76	76	SE	....	Cloudy.
Keokuk	29.74	70	N	....	Clear.
La Crosse	29.81	66	S	....	Clear.
Leavenworth	29.77	78	NW	.01	Light Rain.
Louisville	29.77	78	NE	....	
Memphis	29.89	74	SW	.01	Cloudy.
Nashville	29 85	73	SE	.29	Lt. Rain.
New Orleans	29.98	79	....	....	Fair.
Omaha	29.82	65	N	.01	Lt. Rain.
Pioche, Nev	29.89	49	NW	....	Clear.
Pittsburg	30 02	71	SE	....	Fair.
Sacramento, Cal	29.86	63	E	....	
Salt Lake City	30.03	50	.....	....	Clear.
San Francisco	29.92	57	.....	....	Clear.
Shreveport	29.80	77	.....	....	Cloudy.
Springfield, Ill	29.75	73	.....	....	Fair.
St. Louis	29.75	72	N W	.02	Cloudy.
St. Paul	29.81	59	SW	....	Clear.
Vicksburg	29.97	78	S	.03	Cloudy.
Virginia City	29.84	45	.....	....	Fair.
Winnemucca Nev	.....	55	.....	....	Clear.
Yankton	29.92	.....	.....	.....	.....

THE Compton Hill Quartet Club has reorganized with C. J. Winchester as first tenor, W. T. Maginnis second tenor, John Green first basso, D. H. Eilwanger second basso. Prof. Phillips has taken charge of the quartet, which will be a valuable addition to the musical circles in St. Louis this winter.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company has been called, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, and is hereby convened by the undersigned, to be held at the general offices of the Company, corner of Seventh and Poplar streets, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 22d day of September, A. D. 1880, for the purposes of considering and acting upon the proposed articles of agreement and consolidation by and between the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Company, Kansas City and Eastern Railway Company, Lexington and Southern Railway Company, St. Louis, Kansas and Arizona Railway Company and Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison Railway Company, thereby forming a consolidated corporation to be thereafter known as "The Missouri Pacific Railway Company." And also to consider and act upon such other business as may come before said stockholders' meeting.

JAY GOULD,
President.

W. ARNOLD,
Secretary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Co. has been called by a resolution of the Board of Directors, and is hereby convened by the undersigned, to be held at its office, Nos. 14 and 16 North Fourth street, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1880, for the purposes of considering and acting upon the proposed articles of agreement and consolidation by and between the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Co., Kansas City and Eastern Railway Company, Lexington and Southern Railway Company, St. Louis, Kansas and Arizona Railway Company, and Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison Railway Company, thereby forming a consolidated corporation to be thereafter known as "The Missouri Pacific Railway Company." And also to consider and act upon such other business as may come up before said stockholders' meeting.

HERMAN A. HAEUSSLER,
President.

HY. G. SACHLEBEN,
Secretary.

NOTICE TO POLICY-HOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that Wm. S. Relfe, as Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Missouri, and as such in charge of the assets of the Life Association of America, dissolved, has filed in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri (in room 1), his fourth report upon claims heretofore presented to him for allowance upon policies issued by said Life Association of America, and numbered from 355 to 50,559, both inclusive; that said report has been referred to me by said Court, and that I will, on the 4th day of September, 1880, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. of said day, and at the same hours from day to day until the 15th day of September, 1880, attend at No. 711 Market street (Masonic Hall), in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purpose of hearing and receiving any objections to said report, at which time and place any claimant whose claim is included therein may attend and be heard.

B. GRATZ BROWN,
Commissioner.

REAL ESTATE.

M. A. WOLFF.....W. A. MEAGHER.

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public AND CONVEYANCERS.

Rent collections a specialty, and liberal advances made on same.

OFFICE.....211 N. SIXTH ST

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Sexual and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know; patients every where. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Speedily, privately, with entirely safe medicines.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly talk or his opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed, where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 10 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for Men, 4 Stamps; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both, 4 Stamps.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 360 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first, Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. The effects of celibacy and excess. How life and happiness may be increased, and many more, it ought to be read by all adult persons; then kept under lock and key. Popular edition, same, but paper cover. 250 pages, 25 cts. by mail, in money or postage. Cheapest good guide in America. Send it.

TURKISH

BATHS, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR, and every other bath. Health and comfort assured. Under Lindell Hotel.

J. P. THOMAS,
Proprietor.

FOR RENT.

410 MYRTLE STREET—Finely furnished rooms for gentlemen and their wives; also rooms for single gents, $1 25 and $1 50 per week, with bath; neighborhood first-class; one block south of Southern Hotel.

615 S. FOURTH ST.—One furnished room.

716 BROADWAY—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for rent.

801 MORGAN ST.—Lodgings 20c per night; first class beds.

836 S. EIGHTH ST.—Neatly furnished room with or without board for two gents or lady and gent; cool and pleasant, with bath; quiet neighborhood.

926 N. THIRTEENTH—For rent, one front furnished room suitable for one or two gentlemen.

932 NORTH SIXTH STREET—One furnished and one unfurnished room, with or without board.

962 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; board if desired.

1006 PINE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms on second floor.

1106 PINE ST.—Front parlor and two rooms on second floor.

1116 S. THIRTEENTH ST.—Neatly furnished room, southern exposure, in private family.

1122 LOCUST—Nicely furnished second-story room, without board, suitable for two gentlemen.

1124 OLIVE ST.—Large 2d-story front room, with board, and other room and day boarders wanted.

1124 OLIVE ST.—Good stable.

1125 N. TWENTY FIFTH ST.—Nice furn'ed rooms, very cheap.

1126 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with board, single or en suite; day and transient board.

1206 WASHINGTON AVE.—2d and 3d-story front for rent with board.

1211 WASHINGTON AVE.—Furnished rooms by the day, week or month; convenient board.

1304 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board.

1306 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished second-story back for $8; also one for light housekeeping.

1309 LINDEN ST.—A neatly furnished front room over the first floor; also a second story back room, for gents; rent per week $1 and $1 25; working class preferred.

1415 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, front and back parlor, single or en suite, for gents only; bath, etc.

1420 MORGAN—A large front room, southern exposure, furnished, with board, for gents.

1507 PINE ST.—Cool and pleasant rooms, fur. or unfur.; south exp.; gas and bath; rent low.

1522 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms; choice location; comforts of a nice home guaranteed; strictly private family.

1602 Olive street, handsomely furnished second-story room; southern exposure.

1706 PINE—Nicely furnished front parlor; also two rooms on second floor.

1800 OLIVE STREET—Large, desirable front rooms, southern exposure, with board. Private family.

1808 OLIVE ST.—Nice furnished and unfurnished rooms, with or without board; so. ex., mod. con.

1825 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure, suitable for families or single gents with board.

1827 Olive street—Suite of rooms on third floor, southern exposure; also very desirable rooms for gents—with board.

1919 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and back rooms, with board; also front and back parlors.

1952 CASS AVE.—Two furnished rooms and kitchen, completely furnished for housekeeping, second floor, all conveniences.

2027 PINE ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for rent.

2319 Olive street, one nicely furnished room for a gentleman, gas and bath.

2323 OLIVE ST.—One or a suite of rooms for gentlemen.

2710 Dayton street, delightful second and third story rooms with board. Terms reasonable; references required.

2727 OLIVE ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms, second floor, southern ex.; also hall room, with board.

3023 GLASGOW PLACE—Nicely furnished front and back room, 2d and 3d story front, with board, southern exposure; large yard.

A NICELY furnished room for two gents, in a select part of the city. Not above Eighteenth street. Address G. M., this office.

DELIGHTFUL, large front room, with good board, in private family, on Garrison avenue, near Easton; good place for a physician. Address H. W. 2, this office.

ELEGANT furnished rooms for rent at No. 1030 Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—1916 Morgan—3 or 4 neatly furnished rooms for sleeping or housekeeping; everything furnished.

FURNISHED front room for gentleman and wife, with or without board, No. 1820 Morgan street, September 1. Address M. D., this office.

FURNISHED Room with or without board, for two gents or for lady and gent. Bath and light; private family. Inquire at No. 836 South Eighth street.

FOR RENT—Two-story front or back rooms with or without board. 2009 Olive street.

FOR RENT—No. 1120 North Market street, eight rooms, hall, bath and gas. Apply at 1127 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—No. 1309 Chestnut street, nicely furnished front room, southern exposure, with bath, at $10 per month.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, southern exposure. Apply 3030 Thomas street.

FURNISHED room for gentlemen. Inquire at 615 S. Fourth street.

FURNISHED rooms for rent. Only for gentlemen; 1030 Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—Cheap, to a first-class dressmaker, that can come well recommended, a well furnished room, 2607 Olive street.

FURNISHED room with partial board by a lady, in vicinity of Lafayette Park; terms reasonable. Address M. S. No. 9, this office.

FOR RENT.—Two or three furnished rooms, with board, in private family; very pleasant location near Carondelet; terms reasonable. Address K., Carondelet.

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent with bath; 224 South Twelfth street, opposite Park.

FURNISHED room for single gentleman within 10 squares of P. O. wanted. Address S. S., this office.

FOR RENT.—Rooms.—One unfurnished room, with board to gent, and wife or two gents in a private family. Reference exchanged. Address H. 19, this office.

FOR RENT—Grocery store, shelving and two rooms; enquire on premises, Picotte and Jackson sts.

FOR RENT.—A nicely furnished front room, southern exposure. Terms moderate. Call or address 2009 Olive street.

FOR RENT—2d-story front room at No. 7 South Fourteenth street.

HOUSE—One story and mansard roof; 6 rooms just finished; cor. Keokuk street and Ohio avenue.

NICE furnished front room for rent on Mills st., without board. C. B. 126, this office.

NICE little hall room, fur., bath and finest southern ex. in the city, on Olive, near Jefferson avenue, at $3 per month; address O., this office.

PERSONS wishing a large second-story front room, handsomely furnished, and first-class board, address Jones, this office.

TWO young gents can have large 3d-story room in private family, 3 squares from cars, with b. t. and Sunday dinner for $36 per month, on Dayton st., bet. 27th and 28th. Mrs. A., this office.

THREE nicely furnished rooms for rent; private family; ref. ex. Apply at 2432 Wash st.

TO RENT—To man and wife, one furnished front room and one kitchen with kitchen furniture. Terms $8 per month. Inquire at laundry near southeast corner of Seventh and Cerre streets.

TWO desirable new brick houses, six rooms and attic, large front and back yards, three squares west of Grand avenue on Vandeventer, between Cook and Finney avenues. Rent low.

WELL fur. front room near Clay ave., suitable for lady and gent. R. B. 16, this office.

A. F. BROWN. P. SULLIVAN.

ANDREW F. BROWN & CO.,

BOARDING, SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,

105 S. Eleventh, Cor. Walnut.

We have just received a large supply of undertaking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.

105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE SHULTZ BELTING CO.,
ST. LOUIS, August 12, 1880.

TO the Stockholders of the Shultz Belting Company: A meeting of the stockholders of the Shultz Belting Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of said company, southwest corner of Easton and Barton streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Saturday, the 16th day of October, A. D. 1880, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 2 o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Shultz Belting Company from one hundred thousand dollars to three hundred thousand dollars.

JNO. A. J. SHULTZ,
S. C. BUNN,
C. F. SHULTZ,
WM. P. MULLEN,
W. A. THORNBURGH,
Directors.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Office of Texarkana Cotton Compress Company, corner of Rutger street and Levee, St. Louis, Mo., August 4, 1880. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of (13) thirteen directors, will be held at the office of the company Saturday, September 11, 1880. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

C. M. DONALDSON, Sec'y.

St. Louis, August 4, 1880.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Office St. Louis Cotton Compress Company, St. Louis, Mo., August 4, 1880.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of eleven (11) directors, will be held at the office of the Company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 11, 1880. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock m.

C. M. DONALDSON,
Secretary.

St. Louis, August 4, 1880.

REMOVAL!

STILL AHEAD!

After many efforts without success to find an office which, in size and location, would accommodate our rapidly-increasing business, we were compelled to build one at

NO. 105 N. EIGHTH STREET,

Between Pine and Chestnut streets, where we are now

PERMANENTLY LOCATED,

And flatter ourselves that for light, ventilation and superb conveniences we now have the Finest, Largest and Most Complete Real Estate Office West of New York, and twenty years' experience in all the details of the business warrants the belief that we will be able in the future, as in the past, to render entire satisfaction to our customers and friends. Give us a call and witness our systematic manner of doing business. Respectfully,

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

Formerly at 211 N. Sixth St.

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT.

(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:15 a. m.	* 8:25 p. m.
Kansas City & Jacksonville	* 8:45 a. m.	* 7:10 p. m.
Springfield & Jack'ville Ac.	* 5:25 p. m.	*10:35a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:50 p. m.	† 8:10 a. m.
Kansas City Lightning Ex.	† 9:05 p. m.	† 6.50 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINC. CY R. Burlington Route.

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express	*9:22 a. m.	*5:17 p. m.
Omaha Night Express	7:47 p. m.	†7:07 a. m.
Peoria & Chicago Express	7:47 p. m.	† 5:07 p. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express	*8:00 a. m.	*9:00 p. m
Chicago Night Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. L. Ex.	* 7:35 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Lightning Express	*8:45 p.m.	*7:10 p.m.
New Orleans Ex & Fast Mail	*4:20 p.m.	*11:35 p.m.

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. Leave Ticket Office, 520 Walnut street.

TRAINS DEPART.		TRAINS ARRIVE	
Sparta Accom'd'n.	Cairo Exp.	Sparta Ac. comd'n.	Cairo Express.
*4:30 p m	*8:30 a.m	St. L* 9:20 a m	*6:05 p.m.
*5:00 p.m.	*9:00	St. L* 9:00a.m	*5:45 p.m

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	8:15 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
	2:40 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:35 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
Sunday	8:45 a. m.	8:35 a. m.
	6:05 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 7:30 a.m.	* 7:00 p.m.
New York Express	†6:45 p.m.	† 8:00 a.m.
Accommodation	* 4:45 p.m.	*10:05 a.m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation	* 6:35 a. m.	*8:00 p. m.
Fast Express	† 8:15 a. m.	†7:10 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	*8:25 a. m.
Night Express	† 6:50 p. m.	†7:05 a. m.

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS R. R. (St. L., K. and N. W. Railway)

Depart—Mail and Express	8:50 a. m.
Depart—Union Depot—Keokuk Express	9:15 p. m.
Arrive—Mail and Express	6:10 p. m.
Arrive—St. Louis Express	7:05 a. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:00a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 3:00 p.m.	
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p.m.	*7:30 a.m.
Fast Line	† 7:00 p.m.	*9:00 p.m.
Pacific Express		* 5:00 p.m.
St. Louis Express		

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILWAY—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail (except Sunday)	8:15 a.m.	6:15 p.m.
Mascoutah Ac (daily except Sunday)	10:00 p.m.	1:10 p.m.
Nashville Ex. (Daily)	9:30 p.m.	7:25 a.m.
Queen's Lake Ac. (Sunday only)	8:30 a.m.	7:00 p.m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER

Atlantic Express	* 7:25 a. m.	
Accommodation	* 4:35 p. m.	
Daily Lightning Express	† 6:40 p. m.	
Local Express		*10:50 a. m.
Daily Fast Line		† 8:05 a. m.
Fast Mail		* 7:50 p. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Mail and Express	* 9:00 a.m.	* 6:10 p.m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex.	† 9:27 p.m.	† 6:25 a.m.
Omaha Fast Line	8:00 p.m.	7:45 a.m.
Iowa and St. Paul Ex.	† 9:15 p.m.	† 6:25 a.m.
Ferguson Ac. (Sunday only)	9:00 a.m.	10:45 a.m
Rosedale Ac.	† 3:00 p.m.	4:05 p.m
Ferguson Ac.	4:20 p.m.	† 8:15 a.m
Warrenton Ac. from Biddle street	4:25 p.m.	*10:10 a.m.
St. Charles Ac. from Biddle street	* 6:15 p.m.	* 8:15 a.m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Line	* 9:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Sedalia Passenger	* 7:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Washington	† 4:55 pm	* 8:25 am
Pacific	† 9:20 pm	† 6:40 am
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:25 am	6:30 pm
Kirkwood	* 8:08 am	* 7:20 am
Kirkwood	* 3:25 pm	* 10:50 am
Kirkwood	* 6:20 pm	* 5:30 pm
Kirkwood (Sunday only)	1:08 pm	10:03 am

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

Depot on Olive street, one block west of Grand ave

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 8:20, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00, 4:25, 5:45, 7:05 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:00, 9:24, 11:04 a. m.; 5:29, 6:40 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:[illegible], 2:35 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, 7:55 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19 3:29, 4:59, 6:19, 7:39 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after May, 9, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

| St. Louis Union Depot. | |

Anthracite Coal.

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Lebanon, Ills., Pittsburg and Blossburg Coals.

JAS. J. SYLVESTER, Agt., 319 Olive Street.

AGENCY FOR THE LEHIGH VALLEY ANTHRACITE COAL,

INDIANA BLOCK, CANNEL,

and the best ILLINOIS COALS at the lowest market rates.

THE ST. LOUIS IMPROVED STREET SPRINKLING COMPANY, 722 Olive street.

MY WIFE SAYS the best Tea and Coffee are to be had at the St. Louis Tea Co., 106 N. Fifth street. Ten pounds clarified sugar $1.

LOCAL NEWS.

H. D. MANN & CO., 417 and 419 North Fourth street, have opened a large line of silks, satins, brocades, etc., in beautiful new styles and shades of colorings, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

CARY'S toilets are superb. She uses Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, hours 9 to 7, as for thirty years, cures nervous diseases, blood impurities, impediments to marriage. Call or write.

TOP SURRY, side bar buggies, phætons, coupes, carriages, spring wagons, harness, 105 South Third street.

The Beethoven Conservatory of Music, Removed to 1603 Olive street, will begin its fall term on Monday, September 6th, for instruction in all the higher branches of musical education. The faculty embraces an excellent organization of first-class professional musicians. Terms $13 50 and $19 per quarter, including music and books free of charge. Send for a circular.

RAILWAY tickets to all points. Mulford & McKenzie, brokers, 512 Chestnut street, St. Louis, 79 Clark street, Chicago, 78 Michigan street, Milwaukee, 124 Vine street, Cincinnati, 411 Broadway, New York.

DR. E. C. CHASE,
922 Olive St., set of best teeth only $8.

Twenty-Four Years Ago.

For more than two-thirds of a life-time Charter Oak Stoves have been a familiar household word, daily gaining in popularity, and doing a vast deal of good in enabling housewives to place before their families every day three "square meals," well and quickly cooked, at a very small cost of both fuel and labor, and we are doing no more than our duty in advising every housekeeper who does not have a Charter Oak Stove to get one with the least possible delay.

RAILROAD RUMBLE.

J. P. Rockwell, formerly of the C., B. and Q. and now a resident of Dallas, Texas, is in the city.

A. W. Soper, General Superintendent of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, returned from the East this morning.

There were great doings in New Orleans and Houston over the completion of the Louisiana Western on the arrival of the first train of cars.

Lyman McCarthy has accepted the position of General Western Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio at Kansas City. Mac was formerly with the K. C. and N.

Mr. A. A. Talmage, General Superintendent of the Missouri Pacific, returned from New York yesterday, and went out on the road this morning. He is expected to return by Saturday.

WHO WILL IT BE?

A report has gained circulation that John F. Miller, of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Road, has been appointed general manager of the Vandalia. An inquiry made in the matter this morning failed to verify the rumor. Mr. Darlow, the acting manager of the Vandalia, said that he had received no intimation of the appointment, and does not believe the question has been decided yet. There are a number of gentlemen spoken of as aspirants for the place, among whom are John F. Miller, E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Vandalia, George E. Farrington, and indeed almost every one in a prominent position on the road.

TRY our 5c square Graham bread. It is the best. See label. Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut. 882

THE STRIKE.

Work Going on as Usual at the Iron Mountain Depot.

There were no appearances of a strike at the freight depot of the Iron Mountain Railroad this morning. Everything was proceeding as quietly and evenly as though nearly one hundred men had not quit work yesterday and demanded increased pay. A number of the section hands were pressed into service as platform men, and about sixty new hands employed. To-day there were more men at work than there have been for some time, but the strikers were not of the number.

Mr. Dudley, assistant superintendent of the road, said to-day that they were willing to pay anything in reason, and as they are now paying as much as any other road, there is no just cause for grumbling on the part of the men.

Hotel Arrivals.

H. P. Merrill, of Pittsburg, is at the Lindell.

Andrew L. Graham, Scotland, is at the Laclede.

Horace C. Hardy, of New York, is at the Planters'.

Jas. A. Jackson, Sweet Water, W. T., is at the Laclede.

S. R. Cockrell and lady, of Saline county, are stopping at the Lindell.

W. F. Shelton, Kennett, Mo., and J. F. Battle, Texas, are at the Laclede.

J. A. Woodson, Arkansas, and P. B. Price, Little Rock, Ark., are at the Laclede.

J. Lorne, H. Lorne and Miss Sophia Lorne, of Omaha, arrived at the Lindell this morning.

H. T. Johnson and lady, and W. H. Johnson and lady of Humboldt, Tenn., are at the Planters'.

C. F. Hamilton, Memphis, Mo., and J. A. Worthen, Omaha, Nebraska, are at the Laclede.

The following are registered at the Planters': George Arnold, Memphis; F. W. Snow, Chicago; J. W. Bonlware, Fulton; Mrs. McCall, Galveston, and J. H. Wicks, New York.

Among the arrivals at the Lindell are: T. H. Shirley, Louisville; S. Herzog, New York; M. S. Littlefield, Florida; D. T. Wells, Dayton; Theo. C. Wevl, U. S. N., and D. A. Moulton, Pomeroy, Ohio.

Hon. Louis Houck, Cape Girardeau, Mo.; T. A. Andrews, Dallas, Texas; J. S. Turner, Isney, Ala.; M. L. Sullivan, Kansas City; Dr. G. W. R. Reed, New York, and J. L. Thomas, Hillsboro, Mo., are at Barnum's.

G. M. Carlisle, Providence, R. I.; E. Hertzog, Lynn, Mass.; W. D. R. Millar, Hot Springs; L. C. Hunk, U. S. A.; W. R. Steele, Paynsville; L. A. Lambert, Jefferson City; D. D. Fuller, Sedalia; George Reeve, Detroit; D. C. Wilkinson, Woodbury, Tex.; C. P. Curtis, Dallas, Texas; G. A. Alexander, Eufaula, I. T.; D. W Cree and wife, Griggsville; Miss Bella Richards, Rockwood, are at Hurst's Hotel.

Oysters, Little Neck Clams, Meats, Fish, Game and Clam Chowder

are on hand daily at Milford's Elegant Oyster House, 114 North Fifth street. Ladies' Dining Room on second floor now open.

THE CITY TICKET.

Meeting of the Democratic City Convention in Library Hall.

Dan. Kerwin Calls the Assembly to Order at 10 O'Clock.

Reports of Committees on Credentials and Permanent Organization.

Judge Dryden, Temporary, and Charles E. Slayback, Permanent Chairman.

Morgan Boland Nominated for Sheriff on the First Ballot.

W. H. Horner Nominated as Circuit, and Woerner as Probate Judge.

Erskine Defeats Normile for Circuit Attorney.

Noonan for Assistant Circuit Attorney, Lewis for Administrator and Barbee for Coroner.

Scenes and Incidents of the Convention—The New Central Committee — The Nominees.

The Democratic City Convention, called for 9 o'clock this morning at Mercantile Library Hall, was very slow in assembling, and it was ten minutes past 10 o'clock before Daniel Kerwin, Chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee, called the body to order. For two hours before the opening the streets in the vicinity of the hall presented an animated appearance. All the politicians of the city were on hand; so were the delegates, and in their midst circulated the anxious candidates. The arrangement of the hall is superior to any previous city convention. The ample space reserved for spectators is fairly filled.

THE CALL TO ORDER.

Mr. Kerwin in calling the convention to order said:

Gent'emen, you will please come to order. By authority in me vested it becomes my duty to call this convention to order and name a temporary chairman, but before I perform that duty I feel that it is incumbent upon me to make a few remarks. You are assembled together to-day as the representatives of the Democracy of St. Louis in convention for the purpose of agreeing upon the names of suitable persons to be placed upon your ticket as candidates for the various offices to be filled at the approaching November election, and it therefore behooves you to act wisely, cautious and yet determined in the exercise of your best judgment in making your selections.

It is not only one of the fundamental principles of our party, but it is right, it is Democratic, that each and every citizen, whether he be a delegate to a convention or a voter favoring certain friends for public offices, should use his utmost exertions and all honorable means to secure his choice as nominee of the party, yet, should he fail, it is not only proper, but it is in accordance with the true spirit of Democracy, that the majority must and shall rule; that individual opinions must give way to that great foundation platform of our common country, as laid down by the Democratic fathers of our Government—everything for the cause, nothing for men.

At our recent National Convention in Cincinnati our party put forward as our standard bearer for the Presidency of the United States, after mature deliberation, that world-renowned hero, patriot, Democrat, Winfield Scott Hancock, and for the Vice-Presidency that eminent statesman, William H. English, names above reproach in the estimation of all fair-minded American citizens. Whether those citizens be native or adopted, we as a party, as in the past, will forever maintain, are equal under the law, without regard to race, color or previous condition.

Then followed the Jefferson City convention, where your representatives put forward that pure, that noble, that distinguished patriot, Col. Thos. T. Crittenden, for Governor, against whom the tongue of slander has never and can never utter a truthful charge.

In conclusion you are called together in convention for the purpose of selecting suitable candidates to fill the various positions, and I trust you will bury all private feelings and preferences in the interest of the common cause, in which not only we as a party are interested, but the people of our whole country, North, South, East and West, as well as the downtrodden people of the monarchies of Europe who look to this land of freedom as the asylum of the oppressed and the beacon light of liberty for the civilized world.

Do your work without feeling, without acrimony or under any outside personal influence, and by so doing you will command and deserve the respect of your own fellow partisans as well as all honest thinking, candid political opponents. I thank you for your attention.

I now take pleasure in nominating for your temporary chairman Judge J. D. S. Dryden.

TEMPORARY OFFICERS.

Judge J. D. S. Dryden came forward amidst applause. Mr. Geo. F. Doyan, secretary of the Democratic Central Committee, was made temporary secretary.

Judge Dryden upon assuming the chair spoke briefly, urging harmony, a cheerful obedience to the majority, the necessity of selecting good men, men fit to be voted for. "The public demand honest and capable men." Nominations were then made for temporary secretaries, Michael Dugan, Chas. T. Noland and Pierre Chouteau being selected.

Mr. Carlisle of the Second Ward moved that the temporary officers be declared the permanent officers of the Convention, but withdrew the motion to give way to Mr. De Menil, who moved a call of the wards and the appointment of a committee on permanent organization and credentials. The call resulted as follows:

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

First Ward, Thos. Kelly; Second Ward, John O'Toole; Third Ward, James Farrel; Fourth Ward, Michael Walsh; Fifth Ward, Albert Hercules; Sixth Ward, Daniel Meyers; Seventh Ward, A. Helmbacher; Eighth Ward, S. H. Pettingill; Ninth Ward, Henry W. Mueller; Tenth Ward, John McGinness; Eleventh Ward, J. L. Reinhardt; Twelfth Ward, David Hogan; Thirteenth Ward, L. A. Steber; Fourteenth Ward, John Powers; Fifteenth Ward, Diedrich Weston; Sixteenth Ward, J. Neuhoff; Seventeenth Ward, Sam. Peper; Eighteenth Ward, M. Doughery; Nineteenth Ward, M. Ryan; Twentieth Ward, Solon Stanton; Twenty-first Ward, Chas. Aglan; Twenty-second Ward, Thos. R. Walsh; Twenty-third Ward, F. H. Becherer; Twenty-fourth Ward, Madison Judd; Twenty-fifth Ward, G. Steffens; Twenty sixth Ward, W. L. Hawkins; Twenty-seventh Ward, Silas W. Dooley; Twenty-eighth Ward, Jno. J. McCarty.

COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

First Ward, Patrick Sheehan; Second Ward, James L. Carlisle; Third Ward, C. L. Hodnett; Fourth Ward, Charles Irving; Fifth Ward, Fred. Arendes; Sixth Ward, J. H. Gallagher; Seventh Ward, Barney Thorman; Eighth Ward, M. H. Finnegan; Ninth Ward, Samuel Weaver; Tenth Ward, P. J. McNamara; Eleventh Ward, George C. Hasfurther; Twelfth Ward, James Carroll; Thirteenth Ward, A. Druiding; Fourteenth Ward, Jos. Stolteben; Fifteenth Ward, Chas. McEntire; Sixteenth Ward, John Ernst; Seventeenth Ward, John Clark; Eighteenth Ward, Chas. E. Slayback; Nineteenth Ward, W. H. Clopton; Twentieth Ward, John T. Murphy; Twenty-first Ward, C. C. Harting; Twenty-second Ward, J. R. Rolfus; Twenty-third Ward, Wm. Huber; Twenty-fourth Ward, M. J. Courtney; Twenty-fifth Ward, Henry Miller; Twenty-sixth Ward, John Keating; Twenty-seventh Ward, A. S. Robinson, Jr.; Twenty-eighth Ward, Wm. J. Russell.

The committees were then given leave to retire, and much confusion ensued in the midst of which Judge W. C. Jones offered a resolution instructing the Chair to appoint a committee of five, to whom all resolutions should be referred without debate.

When order was restored by John W. Drake, the Sergeant at-Arms, a motion was carried inviting Col. A. W. Slayback to address the convention. The Colonel could not be found, and

MR. W. C. HOBBS

was then loudly called for. He responded promptly and addressed the convention, dwelling upon the importance of the next campaign. The issue before the people was the right of the people to govern themselves. He dwelt upon the crime against free government committed at the last election, and declared that a vow had been registered in every Democratic heart that civil liberty should be vindicated by the Democracy in 1880. The rights of the people and the Constitution of the country are in the hands of the party. The speaker's allusions to the Hancock letter to Sherman were received with vociferous applause. "The only argument against our national ticket is the waving of the ensanguined nether garment," the old cry against rebel brigadiers. Mr. Conkling rose in his place some time ago and complained that there were only four men in the Senate who had fought in the war. Mr. Conkling himself had never seen service unless his retreat before Gov. Sprague be counted. Maine sent a civilian and, in fact, this thing that Mr. Conkling complains off has been largely done by the Republicans. Gen. Ewing and Lyman Trumbull were defeated overwhelmingly and numerous other instances might be given, and yet the Republicans blame us for not sending soldiers to Congress. Any man who comes over is good enough for the Republicans, and Col. Mosby's autograph was necessary for obtaining office under Grant every time, and the same man is now serving his country among the Celestials. The complaint mentioned before comes not from those who fought in the war but from those who staid at home and sent their boys to the front. In conclusion the speaker said that if the convention will emulate the Cincinnati and State Conventions, every man on the ticket will be elected.

The Hon. John I. Martin was called upon and responded with alacrity. He alluded to the fact that though the city was Democratic, a majority of the offices were filled by Republicans, and he pointed out that this was entirely due to the party mismanagement. He exhaustively reviewed the national campaign, pointed out that the founders of the Republican party are hurrahing for Hancock and closed amid great cheers.

The committees were a long time in session, and a recess was taken until a quarter to twelve, when the convention was again called to order, and the reports received.

ACCREDITED DELEGATES.

The Committee on Credentials had held a stormy session, having before them contests from the Eighth and Nineteenth Wards, both of which were decided against the contestants. The following delegates were found entitled to seats in the convention:

First Ward—John J. Tigue, Patrick Sheehan, Thomas Kelly, John Brown, Isaac Conran.

Second Ward—John F. Walton, J. B. Austin, John O'Toole, F. Feldkamp, H. G. Keevil.

Third Ward—James Cavanaugh, Clarence Hoblitzelle, John O'Donald, N. J. Steber.

Fourth Ward—Martin Duddy, Dennis Slattery, Michael Walsh, Chas. F. Irving, Pat B. Byrnes.

Fifth Ward—F. Arendes, A. Hercules, J. B. Judd, John Betzold, F. Varelman.

Sixth Ward—L. T. Labeaume, Daniel Meyers, J. H. Gallagher, Adolph Dietz, Joseph Ray.

Seventh Ward—A. Heimbacher, Paul Young, Martin Neiser, Frank Cossman, B. Thorman.

Eighth Ward—D. C. Marsh, Charles H. Schrade, R. B. Stewart, M. H. Finnegan, S. H. Pettingill.

Ninth Ward—Henry Mueller, Samuel J. Weaver, Patrick Hearne, Fred. Harbers, James McAnally.

Tenth Ward—P. J. McNamara, J. H. McGinnis, L. Phenix, S. W. Bartold, W. F. Mullery.

Eleventh Ward—A. De Menil, Jacob Besch, G. C. Hassfurther, H. B. Stansbury, J. N. Rheinhardt.

Twelfth Ward—Lawrence Harrigan, Bernhardt Vollmer, Richard Halloran, John Callahan, David Hogan.

Thirteenth Ward—G. Bruggeman, L. Steber, W. Schmidt, Thomas Phillips, A. Druiding.

Fourteenth Ward—Henry Handing, John Powers, Joseph Stoltebein, Thomas Wand, John Shea.

Fifteenth Ward—Charles B. McIntire, William C. Jones, Thomas McManus, Louis R. Tatum, R. Jordan.

Sixteenth Ward—A. Schuette, J. Neuhoff, John Ernst, F. Bolding, H. Seifeld.

Seventeenth Ward—John Clark, Patrick McGrath, Samuel Pepper, Richard Nagle, John Dugger.

Eighteenth Ward—C. E. Slayback, Wm. Steed, M. Dougherty, F. X. McCabe, Jno. J. Brennan.

Nineteenth Ward—W. H. Clopton, Jacob Moss, J. Mohrman, M. Ryan, M. C. Mackey.

Twentieth Ward—John Stanton, Michael Britt, John T. Murphy, John R. Ahern, Frank P. Walsh.

Twenty-first Ward—J. D. S. Dryden, C. C. Hartung, Henry Thelns, Joseph Dickman, George Egman.

Twenty-second Ward—Pierre Chouteau, Frank Vincent, S. L. Rolfes, Thomas Walsh, Patrick Ryan.

Twenty-third Ward—F. H. Becherer, O. Hilker, T. M. Cusker, J. Stephens, W. Huber.

Twenty-fourth Ward—P. J. Eagan, Wm. Foley, Madison Todd, James Kelly, M. J. Courtney.

Twenty-fifth Ward—John Buechler, P. Carney, H. Wiebold, G. Steffens, Th. Schoenlan.

Twenty-sixth Ward—W. Kendall, T. J. Harvey, W. L. Hawkins, J. C. Keating, Jas. Wagstaff.

Twenty-seventh Ward—S. W. Dooley, A. S. Robinson, Ed. Gitten, Hy. B. Davis, Bernard Moorman.

Twenty-eighth Ward—W. J. Russell, John Riley, Thomas McDonough, J. F. C. Freese, M. Forrester.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The committee on permanent organization, through its chairman, Louis A. Steber, reported the following officers:

Permanent chairman, Chas. E. Slayback, first vice-president, Judge J. D. S. Dryden; second vice-president, Capt. Sam'l. Pepper; third vice-president, Francis X. Becherer; secretaries, Nicholas Bell, Thomas Culkin, Wm. L. Fitzgerald, Chas. Noland; chief sergeant-at-arms, John D. Miller, assistant sergeants-at-arms, Ed. Butler, John Parker, John W. Drake and Patrick Bambrick.

Order of business:

1. Nomination of Sheriff.
2. Nomination of Circuit Judge.
3. Nomination of Probate Judge.
4. Nomination of Circuit Attorney.
5. Nomination of Assistant Circuit Attorney.
6. Nomination of Public Administrator.
7. Nomination of Coroner.
8. Call of wards for the nomination of Central Committeemen.

A committee consisting of A. Helmbacher, Lawrence Harrigan and L. A. Steber was appointed to escort Mr. Slayback to the chair.

The Committee on Permanent Organization also introduced

THE FOLLOWING RULES,

which were adopted:

That no member of said new Central Committee shall be a candadate for or hold any office or an appointment to office under pay of city or State governments; to do so shall disqualify him for membership, and his seat shall become vacant.

Resolved, That the new Central Committee shall be elected for two years.

Resolved, That all vacancies on the committee created by disqualification, removal out of the ward from which he may be chosen, death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by the voters of the ward in which this vacancy occurs.

Resolved, That the new committee shall have full authority to settle all disputes that may arise and fill all vacancies that may occur on the ticket from any cause whatever after the adjournment of all nominating conventions, without the advice, dictation or consent of any person or party outside of the said committee.

Resolved, That hereafter the representation to all nominating conventions for the Democratic party in this city shall be five delegates from each ward.

Resolved, That the new committee appointed by the convention are hereby instructed to assume the liabilities incurred by the old committee up to the date of this convention, and to arrange to assess the candidates to defray the expenses.

Mr. Slayback briefly returned his thanks for the honor conferred, and after the passage of a resolution relative to keeping the floor clear of all but delegates, nominations were declared in order.

SHERIFF.

Mr. Bell commenced the call of the wards for candidates for Sheriff. When the Seventh Ward was called Alex N. De Menil arose to nominate Morgan Boland, the first mention of his name being greeted with prolonged applause. The effort of Mr. De Menil was very happy. He dwelt at length upon Mr. Boland's spotless record, his fitness for office, and particularly his availability. Not to nominate Mr. Boland would simply be a suicidal policy. Prolonged applause greeted the close of Mr. De Menil's remarks.

Mr. Farrell, of the Third Ward, briefly put in nomination that tried and true Democrat John Slevin.

The Fifth Ward delegation seconded Mr. Boland's nomination. The Eighth Ward also seconded Boland.

Mr. McGinnis, of the Tenth Ward, put in nomination Bernard P. Taaffe. [Applause.] Jas. Carlisle, under call of the Eleventh Ward, spoke warmly for Morgan Boland, referring to him as a gallant Union soldier fit to be on the ticket with Hancock and Crittenden.

L. A. Steber, upon behalf of the Thirteenth Ward Democracy, seconded Boland's nomination. The Fifteenth Ward delegation, through Louis R. Tatum, also endorsed the nomination of Boland.

JOHN FINN.

When the Eighteenth Ward was called F. X. McCabe arose and in a well-worded speech, lasting ten minutes, put John Finn before the convention. He referred at length to Mr. Finn's past party service, his sacrifices at a time when the cause of Democracy in St. Louis was hopeless, the honest administration of the affairs of his office, and paid a tribute to the personal character of his candidate that was really eloquent. Mr. McCabe's speech was the best made up to the time, and its conclusion was the signal of applause that continued for several minutes. The Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Wards seconded the nomination of Boland. The Twenty-eighth, through Wm. J. Russell and "on behalf of 900 Democrats," seconded the nomination of Bernard P. Taafe.

On motion of James Carlisle, all candidates were required to pledge themselves in writing to abide by the decision of the convention.

The pledges of the candidates all being submitted and read, after some delay a ballot was entered into, resulting in the

NOMINATION OF BOLAND

amidst most tremendous applause. The ballot was as follows:

THE BALLOT.

Wards.	Finn.	Boland.	Taaffe.	Slevin.
1	5	—	—	—
2	—	5	—	—
3	—	—	—	5
4	2	3	—	—
5	—	5	—	—
6	1	3	1	—
7	—	5	—	—
8	—	5	—	—
9	—	5	—	—
10	—	—	5	—
11	—	5	—	—
12	5	—	—	—
13	—	5	—	—
14	1	4	—	—
15	—	5	—	—
16	—	5	—	—
17	5	—	—	—
18	4	—	1	—
19	—	5	—	—
20	—	5	—	—
21	—	5	—	—
22	—	5	—	—
23	2	3	—	—
24	—	5	—	—
25	—	5	—	—
26	—	5	—	—
27	—	5	—	—
28	2	—	3	—
Total	27	98	10	5

The First Ward chanced one vote from Finn to Boland, thus giving the next Sheriff ninety-nine votes. Immediately upon the announcement of the result, F. X. McCabe moved, amidst cheers, that the nomination be made unanimous, and the convention so ordered.

Scenes During the Ballot.

The balloting for Sheriff was very exciting and the various candidates' names were received with the wildest cheers. When the Twenty-second Ward announced its five votes for Boland and thereby gave him the necessary majority, men stood on chairs, stamped, yelled, and in every way manifested the most extravagant joy. When this scene, which continued for five minutes, was at an end, the remaining votes were cast in a dreary and perfunctory manner.

At the announcement of the result the wildest scene again occurred. Mr. De Menil moved that Mr. Boland be invited to address the convention. Mr. Boland could not be found, and the convention very reluctantly settled down to business, much displeased at not being able to gaze upon the victor.

Circuit Judge.

The call of wards for Judge of the Circuit Court proceeded without any nominations being made until the Thirteenth Ward was reached, when Louis Steber sprang the name of Alex. Martin, stating that he did not know that the gentleman named would accept the trust; he had never spoken to him on the subject, but he knew that Mr. Martin was a man of unquestioned ability and character, who would reflect credit upon the bench and himself. Mr. R. C. Kehrns, of the Seventeenth Ward, in an elaborate ten minute speech nominated Wm. Horner. Pierre Chouteau seconded the nomination, briefly stating that he had prepared an elaborate speech, but Mr. Kehrn had covered the ground thoroughly. Mr. Steber withdrew the name of Mr. Martin, and there being no other name before the convention, upon motion of Mr. F. X. McCabe, the Secretary was instructed to cast the vote of the convention for Mr. Horner, who was declared the unanimous nominee.

Probate Judge.

Nominations being in order for Probate Judge, the secretary read a letter from Judge Woerner, the incumbent, in which he set forth his belief that no vacancy exists, but expressing his willingness to accept a nomination at the hands of the convention. Mr. Fred. Arendes, of the Fifth Ward, nominated Judge Woerner. There being no other nominees, the clerk was instructed to cast the vote of the convention for Judge Woerner, who was declared the nominee.

Circuit Attorney.

This was the nomination that excited most attention, and it was approached with corresponding excitement. The leading candidates were believed to be very evenly divided and a long and close series of ballots were looked for. When the Fifteenth Ward was called Jeff Chandler, holding a proxy for the purpose, arose to nominate Mr. J. C. Normile. He dwelled very strongly upon the merits of the gentleman, pointing out his ability as a lawyer and his previous success in the office he now sought. Mr. Chandler's effort was received with a slight display of cheering.

Robert M. Foster, holding a proxy in the Tenth Ward, put Samuel Erskine in nomination, in a speech abounding with good sense, although highly eulogistic of his candidate, whose life's devotion to the Democratic party, whose extended experience in the prosecution of criminals, whose known probity and conceded ability strongly recommended him to the people for the office to which he aspired.

W. H. Clopton put Sidney McCormack before the convention, who he claimed possessed all the necessary qualifications to successfully fill the office.

John T. Murphy, on behalf of the Twentieth Ward, seconded the nomination of Erskine. Judge Dryden gave his individual endorsement of McCormack. Silas W. Dooley, of the Twenty-seventh Ward, also eulogized Mr. McCormack.

The first ballot was entered into in a state of feverish excitement, which manifested itself throughout the balloting, which was very close. There was no choice, although Erskine came within ten votes of the nomination.

FIRST BALLOT.

Wards.	Normile.	Erskine.	McCormack.
1	2	3	—
2	—	—	5
3	4	1	—
4	2	3	—
5	3	2	—
6	2	3	—
7	1	3	1
8	2	2	1
9	1	4	—
10	—	5	—
11	3	2	—
12	4	1	—
13	—	2	3
14	—	5	—
15	2	3	—
16	4	1	—
17	2	2	—
18	2	1	2
19	—	4	1
20	—	5	—
21	1	2	2
22	5	—	—
23	—	—	5
24	—	2	3
25	2	3	—
26	2	2	1
27	—	—	5
28	5	—	—
Total	49	61	30

THE SECOND BALLOT.

The second ballot was ordered amidst the most intense excitement. McCormack's name was withdrawn by Judge Dryden. The tide immediately set in for Erskine, and long before the roll call was finished it was seen that Erskine was nominated.

SECOND BALLOT.

Wards.	Normile.	Erskine.
1	2	3
2	4	1
3	4	1
4	3	2
5	3	2
6	3	2
7	2	3
8	—	5
9	1	4
10	—	5
11	—	5
12	4	1
13	2	3
14	—	5
15	2	3
16	4	1
17	2	3
18	4	—
19	—	5
20	—	5
21	1	4
22	5	—
23	—	5
24	3	2
25	—	5
26	3	2
27	3	2
28	5	—
Total	60	80

The above was the ballot as first cast. Before its termination it was known that Erskine had taken the cake, and the Chairman was besieged by changes. Judge Jones, of the Fifteenth Ward, in the midst of the confusion, moved to make Erskine's nomination unanimous. The Chair ruled this motion out of order, but the changing went on, and the ballot when announced stood: Erskine, 103; Normile, 37.

Assistant Circuit Attorney.

L. A. Steber in a brief speech put M. J. Sullivan in nomination. The Fourteenth Ward simply announced the name of E. A. Noonan. Judge W. C. Jones, at some length, urged the candidacy of August Rebenack. Before the ballot was completed—the total being: Sullivan, 66 1-2; Noonan, 73 1-2; Rebenack, 1—changing set in on a very large scale and the vote was finally announced seventy-four and one-half for Noonan and sixty-five and one-half for Sullivan, Noonan thus receiving the nomination.

[CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.]

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